SPECIFICATION

NOVEL PROTEINS AND METHODS FOR PRODUCING THE PROTEINS

Field of the invention

This invention relates to a novel protein, osteoclastogenesis inhibitory factor (OCIF), and methods for producing the protein.

Background of the invention

Human bones are always remodelling by the repeated process of resorption and reconstitution. In the process, osteoblasts and osteoclasts are considered to be the cells mainly responsible for bone formation and bone resorption, respectively. A typical example of disease caused by the progression of abnormal bone metabolism is osteoporosis. The disease is known to be provoked by the condition in which bone resorption by osteoclasts exceeds bone formation by osteoblasts, but the mechanism of osteoporosis has not yet been completely elucidated. Osteoporosis causes pain in the bone and makes the bone fragile, leading to fracture. Since osteoporosis increases the number of bedridden old people, it has become a social issue with the increasing number of old people. Therefore, efficacious drugs for the treatment of the disease are expected to be developed. Bone mass reduction caused by the abnormal bone metabolism is thought to be prevented by inhibiting bone resorption, improving bone formation, or improving the balanced metabolism.

Bone formation is expected to be promoted by stimulating growth, differentiation, or activation of osteoblasts. Many cytokines are reported to stimulate growth or differentiation of osteoblasts, i.e. fibroblast growth

factor (FGF) (Rodan S.B. et al., Endocrinology vol.121, p1917, 1987), insulin-like growth factor-I (IGF-I) (Hock J.M. et al., Endocrinology vol. 122, p254, 1988), insulin-like growth factor-II (IGF-II) (McCarthy T. et al., Endocrinology vol. 124, p301, 1989), Activin A (Centrella M. et al., Mol, Cell, Biol. vol. 11, p250, 1991), Vasculotropin (Varonique M et al., Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. vol. 199, p380, 1994), and bone morphogenetic protein (BMP) (Yamaguchi, A et al., J. Cell Biol. vol. 113, p682, 1991, Sampath T.K. et al., J. Biol Chem. vol. 267, p20532, 1992, and Knutsen R. et al., Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. vol. 194, p1352, 1993.

On the other hand, cytokines which inhibits differentiation and/or maturation of osteoclasts have been paid attention and have been intensively studied. Transforming growth factor- β (Chenu C. et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, vol.85, p5683, 1988) and interleukin-4 (Kasano K. et al., Bone-Miner., vol. 21, p179, 1993) are found to inhibit the differentiation of osteoclasts. Calcitonin (Bone-Miner., vol.17, p347, 1992), Macrophage colony-stimulating factor (Hattersley G. et al. J. Cell. Physiol. vol.137, p199, 1988), interleukin-4 (Watanabe, K. et al., Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. vol. 172, p1035, 1990), and interferon- γ (Gowen M. et al., J. Bone Miner. Res., vol.1, p469, 1986) are found to inhibit bone resorption by osteoclasts.

These cytokines are expected to be efficacious drugs for improving bone mass reduction by stimulating bone formation and/or by inhibiting bone resorption. The cytokines such as insulin like growth factor-I and bone morphogenetic proteins are now investigated in clinical trials for their

effects in treatment of patients with bone diseases. Calcitonin is already used as a drug to care osteoporosis and to diminish pain in osteoporosis.

Examples of drugs now clinically utilized for the treatment of bone diseases and for shortening the treatment period are dihydroxyvitamine D_3 , vitamin K_2 , calcitonin and its derivatives, hormones such as estradiol, ipriflavon, and calcium preparations. However, these drugs do not provide satisfactory therapeutic effects, and novel drug substances have been expected to be developed. As mentioned, bone metabolism is controlled in the balance between bone resorption and bone formation. Therefore, cytokines which inhibit osteoclast differentiation and/or maturation are expected to be developed as drugs for the treatment of bone diseases such as osteoporosis.

Disclosure of Invention

This invention was initiated from the view point described above. The purpose of this invention is to offer both a novel factor termed osteoclastogenesis inhibitory factor (OCIF) and a procedure to produce the factor efficiently.

The inventors have intensively searched for osteoclastogenesis inhibitory factors in human embryonic fibloblast IMR-90 (ATCC CCL186) conditioned medium and have found a novel osteoclastogenesis inhibitory factor (OCIF) which inhibits differentiation and/or maturation of osteoclasts.

The inventors have established a method for accumulating the protein to a high concentration by culturing IMR-90 cells using alumina ceramic pieces as the cell adherence matrices.

The inventors have also established an efficient method for isolating the protein, OCIF, from the IMR-90 conditioned medium using the following sequential column chromatography, ion-exchange, heparin affinity, cibacron-blue affinity, and reverse phase.

The inventors, based on the amino acid sequence of the purified natural OCIF, successfully cloned a cDNA encoding this protein. The inventors established also a procedure to produce this protein which inhibits differentiation of osteoclasts. This invention concerns a protein which is produced by human lung fibroblast cells, has molecular weights in SDS-PAGE of 60 KD in the reducing conditions and 120 KD under the non-reducing conditions, has affinity for both cation-exchange resins and heparin, reduces its activity to inhibit differentiation and maturation of osteoclasts if treated for 10 minutes at 70 °C or for 30 minutes at 56 °C, and lose its activity to inhibit differentiation and maturation of osteoclasts by the treatment for 10 minutes at 90 °C. The amino acid sequence of the protein OCIF which is described in the present invention is clearly different from any of know factors inhibiting formation of osteoclasts.

The invention includes a method to purify OCIF protein, comprising; (1) culturing human fibroblasts, (2) applying the conditioned medium to a heparin column to obtain the adsorbed fraction, (3) purifying the OCIF protein using a cation-exchange column, (4) purifying the OCIF protein using a heparin affinity column, (5) purifying the OCIF protein using a cibacron blue affinity column, (6) isolating the OCIF protein using reverse-phase column chromatography. Cibacron blue F3GA coupled to a carrier made of synthetic

hydrophilic polymers is an example of materials used to prepare Cibacron blue columns. These columns are conventionally called "blue colomns".

The invention includes a method for accumulating the OCIF protein to a high concentration by culturing human fibroblasts using alumina ceramic pieces as the cell-adherence matrices.

Moreover, the inventors determined the amino acid sequences of the peptides derived from OCIF, designed the primers based on these amino acid sequences, and obtained cDNA fragments encoding OCIF from a cDNA library of IMR-90 cells.

Detailed description of the invention

The OCIF protein of the present invention can be isolated from human fibroblast conditioned medium with high yield. The procedure to isolate OCIF is based on ordinary techniques for purifying proteins from biomaterials, in accordance with the physical and chemical properties of OCIF protein. For example, concentrating procedure includes ordinary biochemical techniques such as ultrafiltration, lyophylization, and dialysis. Purifying procedure includes combinations of several chromatographic techniques for purifying proteins such as ion-exchange column chromatography, affinity column chromatography, gel filtration column chromatography, hydrophobic column chromatography, reverse phase column chromatography, and preparative gel electrophoresis. The human fibroblast used for production of the OCIF protein is preferably IMR-90. A method for producing the IMR-90 conditioned medium is preferably a process comprising, adhering human embryonic fibroblast IMR-90 cells to alumina

ceramic pieces in roller-bottles, using DMEM medium supplemented with 5 % new born calf serum for the cell culture, and cultivating the cells in roller-bottles for 7 to 10 days by stand cultivation. CHAPS (3-[(3-cholamid opropyl)-dimethylammonio]-1-propanesulfonate) is prefarably added to the buffer as a detergent in the purification steps of OCIF protein.

OCIF protein of the instant invention can be initially obtained as a heparin binding basic OCIF fraction by applying the culture medium to a heparin column (Heparin-Sepharose CL-6B, Pharmacia), eluting with 10 mM Tris-HCl buffer, pH 7.5, containing 2 M NaCl, and then by applying the OCIF fraction to a Q · anion-exchange column (HiLoad-Q/FF, Pharmacia), and collecting non-adsorbed fraction. OCIF protein can be purified by subjecting the obtained OCIF fraction to purification on a S · cation-exchange column (HiLoad-S/FF, Pharmacia). a heparin column (Heparin-5PW, TOSOH), Cibacrone Blue column (Blue-5PW, TOSOH), and a reverse-phase column (BU-300 C4, Perkin Elmer) and the material is defined by the previously described properties.

The present invention relates to a method of cloning cDNA encoding the OCIF protein based on the amino acid sequence of natural OCIF and a method of obtaining recombinant OCIF protein that inhibits differentiation and/or maturation of osteoclasts. The OCIF protein is purified according to the method described in the present invention and is treated with endopeptidase (for example, lysylendopeptidase). The amino acid sequences of the peptides produced by the digestion are determined and the mixture of oligonucleotides

that can encode each internal amino acid sequence was systhesized. The OCIF cDNA fragment is obtained by PCR (preferably RT-PCR, reverse transcriptase PCR) using the oligonucleotide mixtures described above as primers. The full length OCIF cDNA encoding the OCIF protein is cloned from a cDNA library using the obtained OCIF DNA fragment as a probe. The OCIF cDNA containing the entire coding region is inserted into an expression vector. The recombinant OCIF can be produced by expressing the OCIF cDNA containing the entire coding region in mammalian cells or bacteria.

The present invention relates to the novel proteins OCIF2, OCIF3, OCIF4, and OCIF5 that are variants of OCIF and have the activity described above. These OCIF variants are obtained from the cDNA library constructed with IMR-90 poly(A) + RNA by hybridization using the OCIF cDNA fragment as a probe. Each of the OCIF variant cDNAs containing the entire coding region is inserted into an expression vector. Each recombinant OCIF variant can be produced by expressing each of the OCIF variant cDNAs containing the entire coding region in the conventional hosts. Each recombinant OCIF variant can be purified according to the method described in this invention. Each recombinant OCIF variant has an ability to inhibit osteoclastogenesis.

The present invention further includes OCIF mutants. They are substitution mutants comprising replacement of one cysteine residue possibly involved in dimer formation with serine residue, and various deletion mutants of OCIF. Substitutions or deletions are introduced into the OCIF cDNA using

polymerase chain reaction (PCR) or by restriction enzyme digestion. Each of these mutated OCIF cDNAs is inserted into a vector containing an appropriate promoter for gene expression. The resultant expression vector for each of the OCIF mutants is transfected into eukaryotic cells such as mammalian cells. Each of OCIF mutants can be obtained and purified from the conditioned media of the transfected cells.

The present invention provides polyclonal antibodies and a method to quantitatively determine OCIF concentration using these polyclonal antibodies.

As antigens (immunogens), natural OCIF obtained from IMR-90 conditioned medium, recombinant OCIF produced by such hosts as microorganisms and eukaryotes using OCIF cDNA, synthetic peptides designed based on the amino acid sequence of OCIF, or peptides obtained from OCIF by partial digestion can be used. Anti-OCIF polyclonal antibodies are obtained by immunizing appropriate mammals with the antigens in combination with adjuvants for immunization if necessary, purifying from the serum by the ordinary purification methods. The anti-OCIF polyclonal antibodies which are labelled with rasioisotopes or enzymes can be used in radio-immunoassay (RIA) system or immunoassay (EIA) system. By using these assay systems, the concentrations of OCIF in biological materials such as blood and ascites and cells-culture medium can be easily determined.

The antibodies in the present invention can be used in radio immunoassay (RIA) or enzyme immunoassay (EIA). By using these assay systems, the concentration of OCIF in biological materials such as blood and ascites can

be easily determined.

The present invention provides novel monoclonal antibodies and a method to quantitatively determine OCIF concentration using these monoclonal antibodies.

Anti-OCIF monoclonal antibodies can be produced by the conventional method using OCIF as an antigen. Native OCIF obtained from the culture medium of IMR-90 cells and recombinant OCIF produced by such hosts as microorganisms and eukaryotes using OCIF cDNA can be used as antigens. Alternatively. synthesized peptides designed based on the amino acid sequence of OCIF and peptides obtained from OCIF by partial digestion can be also used as antigens. Immunized lymphocytes obtained by immunization of mammals with the antigen or by an in vitro immunization method were fused with myeloma of mammals to obtain hybridoma. The hybridoma clones secreting antibody which recognizes OCIF were selected from the hybridomas obtained by the cell fusion. The desired antibodies can be obtained by cell culture of the selected hybridoma clones. In preparation of hybridoma, small animals such as mice or rats are generally used for immunization. To immunize, OCIF is suitably diluted with a saline solution (0.15 M NaCl), and is intravenously or intraperitoneally administered with an adjuvant to animals for 2 -5 times every 2 -20 days. The immunized animal was killed three days after final immunization, the spleen was taken out and the splenocytes were used as immunized B lymphocytes.

Mouse myeloma cell lines for cell fusion with the immunized B lymphocytes include, for example, p3/x63-Ag8, p3-U1, NS-1, MPC-11, SP-2/0, F0, p3x63

Ag8.653, and S194. Rat R-210 cell line may also be used. Human B lymphocytes are immunized by an in vitro immunization method and are fused with human myeloma cell line or EB virus transformed human B lymphocytes which are used as a parent cell line for cell fusion, to produce human type antibody.

Cell fusion of the immunized B lymphocytes and myeloma cell line is carried out principally by the conventional methods. For example, the method of Koehler G. et al. (Nature 256, 495-497, 1975) is generally used, and also an electric pulse method can be applied to cell fusion. The immunized B lymphocytes and transformed B cells are mixed at conventional ratios and a cell culture medium without FBS containing polyethylene glycol is generally used for cell fusion. The B lymphocytes fused with myeloma cell lines are cultured in HAT selection medium containing FBS to select hybridoma.

For screening of hybridoma producing anti-OCIF antibody, EIA, plaque assay, Ouchterlony, or agglutination assay can be principally used. Among them, EIA is simple and easy to operate with sufficient accuracy and is generally used. By EIA using purified OCIF, the desired antibody can be selected easily and accurately. Thus obtained hybridoma can be cultured by the conventional method of cell culture and frozen for stock if necessary. The antibody can be produced by culturing hybridoma using the ordinary cell culture method or by transplanting hybridoma intraperitoneally to animals. The antibody can be purified by the ordinary purification methods such as salt precipitation, gel filtration, and affinity chromatography. The obtained antibody specifically reacts with OCIF and can be used for determination of OCIF concentration and for purification of OCIF. The antibodies of the

present invention recognize epitopes of OCIF and have high affinity to OCIF. Therefore, they can be used for the construction of EIA. By (using) this assay system, the concentration of OCIF in biological materials such as blood and ascites can be easily determined.

The agents used for treating bone diseases that contain OCIF as an effective ingredient are provided by the present invention. Rats were subjected to denervation of left forelimb. Test compounds were administered daily after surgery for 14 days. After 2 weeks treatment, the animals were sacrificed and their forelimbs were dissected. Thereafter bones were tested for mechanical strength by three point bending method. OCIF improved mechanical strength of bone in a dose dependent manner.

The OCIF protein of the invention is useful as a pharmaceutical ingredients for treating or improving decreased bone mass in such as osteoporosis, bone diseases such as rheumatism, osteoarthritis, and abnormal bone metabolism in multiple myeloma. The OCIF protein is also useful as an antigen to establish immunological diagnosis of the diseases. Pharmaceutical preparations containing the OCIF protein as an active ingredients are formulated and can be orally or parenterally administered. The preparation contains the OCIF protein of the present invention as an efficacious ingredient and is safely administered to human and animals. Examples of the pharmaceutical preparations include compositions for injection or intravenous drip, suppositories, nasal preparations, sublingual preparations, and tapes for percutaneous absorption. The pharmaceutical preparation for injection can

be prepared by mixing the pharmacologically efficacious amount of OCIF protein and pharmaceutically acceptable carriers. The carriers are vehicles and/or activators, e.g. amino acids, saccharides, cellulose derivatives, and other organic and inorganic compounds which are generally added to active ingredients. When the OCIF protein is mixed with the vehicles and/or activators to prepare injections, pH adjuster, buffer, stabilizer, solubilizing agent, etc. can be added, if necessary.

Brief description of the figures

Figure 1 shows the elution pattern of crude OCIF protein (Hiload-Q/FF pass-through fraction; sample 3) from a Hiload-S/HP column.

Figure 2 shows the elution pattern of crude OCIF protein (heparin-5PW fraction; sample 5) from a blue-5PW column.

Figure 3 shows the elution pattern of OCIF protein (blue-5PW fraction 49 to 50) from a reverse-phase column.

Figure 4 shows the SDS-PAGE of isolated OCIF proteins under reducing conditions or non-reducing conditions.

Description of the lanes,

lane 1,4; molecular weight marker proteins

lane 2,5; OCIF protein of peak 6 in figure 3

lane 3,6; OCIF protein of peak 7 in figure 3

Figure 5 shows the elution pattern of peptides obtained by the digestion of pyridyl ethylated OCIF protein digested with lysylendopeptidase, on a reverse-phase column.

Figure 6 shows the SDS-PAGE of isolated natural(n) OCIF protein and recombinant(r) OCIF proteins under non-reducing conditions. rOCIF(E) and rOCIF(C) were produced in 293/EBNA cells and in CHO cells, respectively.

Description of the lanes,

lane 1; molecular weight marker proteins

lane 2; a monomer type nOCIF protein

lane 3; a dimer type nOCIF protein

lane 4; a monomer type rOCIF(E) protein

lane 5; a dimer type rOCIF(E) protein

lane 6; a monomer type rOCIF(C) protein

lane 7; a dimer type rOCIF(C) protein

Figure 7 shows the SDS-PAGE of isolated natural(n) OCIF proteins and recombinant (r) OCIF proteins under reducing conditions. rOCIF(E) and rOCIF(C) were produced in 293/EBNA cells and in CHO cells, respectively.

Description of the lanes,

lane 8; molecular weight marker proteins

lane 9; a monomer type nOCIF protein

lane 10; a dimer type nOCIF protein

lane 11; a monomer type rOCIF(E) protein

lane 12; a dimer type rOCIF(E) protein

lane 13; a monomer type rOCIF(C) protein

lane 14; a dimer type rOCIF(C) protein

Figure 8 shows the SDS-PAGE of isolated natural(n) OCIF proteins and recombinant(r) OCIF proteins from which N-linked sugar chains were removed

under reducing conditions. rOCIF(E) and rOCIF(C) are rOCIF protein produced in 293/EBNA cells and in CHO cells, respectively.

Description of the lanes,

lane 15; molecular weight marker proteins

lane 16; a monomer type nOCIF protein

lane 17; a dimer type nOCIF protein

lane 18; a monomer type rOCIF(E) protein

lane 19; a dimer type rOCIF(E) protein

lane 20; a monomer type rOCIF(C) protein

lane 21; a dimer type rOCIF(C) protein

Figure 9 shows comparison of amino acid sequences between OCIF and OCIF2.

Figure 10 shows comparison of amino acid sequences between OCIF and OCIF3.

Figure 11 shows comparison of amino acid sequences between OCIF and OCIF4.

Figure 12 shows comparison of amino acid sequences between OCIF and OCIF5.

Figure 13 shows standard curve for determination of OCIF protein concentration by an EIA employing anti-OCIF polyclonal antibodies.

Figure 14 shows standard curve for determination of OCIF protein concentration by an EIA employing anti-OCIF monoclonal antibodies.

Figure 15 shows the effect of rOCIF protein on osteoporosis.

Best Mode for Carrying Out the Invention

The present invention will be further explained by the following examples, however, the scope of the invention is not restricted to the examples.

EXAMPLE 1

Preparation of a conditioned medium of human fibroblast IMR-90

Human fetal lung fibroblast IMR-90 (ATCC-CCL186) cells were cultured on alumina ceramic pieces (80 g) (alumina: 99.5%, manufactured by Toshiba Ceramic K.K.) in DMEM medium (manufactured by Gibco BRL Co.) supplemented with 5% CS and 10mM HEPES buffer (500 ml/roller bottle) at 37°C under the presence of 5% CO₂ for 7 to 10 days using 60 roller bottles (490 cm², 110 x 171mm, manufactured by Coning Co.) in static culture. The conditioned medium was harvested, and a fresh medium was added to the roller bottles. About 30L of IMR-90 conditioned medium per batch culture was obtained. The conditioned medium was designated as sample 1.

EXAMPLE 2

Assay method for osteoclast development inhibitory activity

Osteoclast development inhibitory activity was assayed by measuring tartrate-resistant acid phosphatase (TRAP) activity according to the methods of M. Kumegawa et.al (Protein · Nucleic Acid·Enzyme, vol. 34 p999, 1989) and N. Takahashi et.al (Endocrynology, vol. 122, p1373, 1988) with modifications. Briefly, bone marrow cells obtained from 17 day-old mouse were suspended in α -MEM (manufactured by GIBCO BRL Co.) containing 10% FBS, $2 \times 10^{-8} \text{M}$ of activated vitamin D₃, and each test sample, and were inoculated to each well of 96-well plate at a cell density of 3×10^{5} cells/0.2 ml/well. The plates were incubated for 7 days at 37°C in humidified $5 \times \text{CO}_2$. Cultures were further continued by replacing 0.16 ml of old medium with the same volume of fresh

medium on day 3 and day 5 after starting cultivation. On day 7, after washing the plates with phosphate buffered saline, cells were fixed with ethanol/acetone (1:1) for 1 min. at room temperature, and then osteoclast development was tested by determining for phosphatase activity using a kit (Acid Phosphatase, Leucocyte, Catalog No. 387-A, manufactured by Sigma Co.). The decrease of TRAP positive cells was taken as an indication of OCIF activity.

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EXAMPLE 3

Purification of OCIF

i) Heparin Sepharose CL-6B column chromatography

The 90L of IMR-90 conditioned medium (sample 1) was filtrated with 0.22 μ membrane filter (hydrophilic Milidisk, 2000 cm², Milipore Co.), and was divided into three portions. Each portion (30 1) was applied to a heparin Sepharose CL-6B column (5 x 4.1 cm, Pharmacia Co.) equilibrated with 10mM Tris-HCl containing 0.3M NaCl, pH 7.5. After washing the column with 10mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.5 at a flow rate of 500 ml/hr., heparin Sepharose CL-6B adsorbent protein fraction was eluted with 10mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.5, containing 2M NaCl. The fraction was designated as sample 2.

ii) HiLoad-Q/FF column chromatography

The heparin Sepharose-adsorbent fraction (sample 2) was dialyzed against 10mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.5, supplemented with CHAPS to a final concentration of 0.1%, incubated at 4 °C overnight, and divided into two portions. Each

portion was then applied to an anion-exchange column (HiLoad-Q/FF, 2.6 x 10 cm, Pharmacia Co.) which was equilibrated with 50mM Tris-HCl, 0.1% CHAPS, pH 7.5 to obtain a non-adsorbent fraction (1000 ml). The fraction was designated as sample 3.

iii) HiLoad-S/HP column chromatography

The HiLoad-Q non-adsorbent fraction (sample 3) was applied to a cation-exchange column (HiLoad-S/HP, 2.6 x 10 cm, Pharmacia Co.) which was equilibrated with 50 mM Tris-HCl, 0.1% CHAPS, pH'7.5. After washing the column with 50 mM Tris-HCl, 0.1% CHAPS, pH 7.5, the adsorbed protein was eluted with linear gradient from 0 to 1 M NaCl at a flow rate of 8 ml/min for 100 min. and fractions (12 ml) were collected. Each ten fractions from number 1 to 40 was pooled to form one portion. Each 100 μ l of the four portions was tested for OCIF activity. OCIF activity was observed in fractions from 11 to 30 (as shown in Figure 1). The fractions from 21 to 30 which had higher specific activity were collected and was designated as sample 4.

iv) Heparin-5PW affinity column chromatography

One hundred and twenty ml of HiLoad-S fraction from 21 to 30 (sample 4) was diluted with 240 ml of 50 mM Tris-HCl, 0.1% CHAPS, pH 7.5, and applied to heparin-5PW affinity column (0.8 x 7.5 cm, Tosoh Co.) which was equilibrated with 50mM Tris-HCl, 0.1% CHAPS, pH 7.5. After washing the column with 50mM Tris-HCl, 0.1% CHAPS, pH 7.5, the adsorbed protein was eluted with linear gradient from 0 to 2M NaCl at a flow rate of 0.5ml/min for 60 min. and fractions

(0.5 ml) were collected. Fifty μ l was removed from each fraction to test for OCIF activity. The active fractions, eluted with 0.7 to 1.3M NaCl was pooled and was designated as sample 5.

v) Blue 5PW affinity column chromatography

Ten ml of sample 5 was diluted with 190 ml of 50mM Tris-HCl, 0.1% CHAPS, pH 7.5 and applied to a blue-5PW affinity column, (0.5x5 cm, Tosoh Co.) which was equilibrated with 50mM Tris-HCl, 0.1% CHAPS, pH 7.5. After washing the column with 50mM Tris-HCl, 0.1% CHAPS, pH7.5, the adsorbed protein was eluted with a 30 ml linear gradient from 0 to 2M NaCl at a flow rate of 0.5 ml/min., and fractions (0.5 ml) were collected. Using 25 μ l of each fraction, OCIF activity was evaluated. The fractions number 49 to 70, eluted with 1.0-1.6M NaCl had OCIF activity.

vi) Reverse phase column chromatography

The blue 5PW fraction obtained by collecting fractions from 49 to 50 was acidified with $10\,\mu\,l$ of 25% TFA and applied to a reverse phase C4 column (BU-300, 2.1x220mm, manufactured by Perkin-Elmer) which was equilibrated with 0.1% of TFA and 25% of acetonitrile. The adsorbed protein was eluted with linear gradient from 25 to 55% acetonitrile at a flow rate of 0.2 ml/min. for 60 min., and each protein peak was collected (Fig. 3). One hundred $\mu\,l$ of each peak fraction was tested for OCIF activity, and peak 6 and the peak 7 had OCIF activity. The result was shown in Table 1.

Table 1

OCIF activity eluted from reverse phase C4 column

Sample	Dilution					
_	1/40	1/120	1/360	1/1080		
Peak 6	++	++	+			
Peak 7	++	+	· _	_		

^{[++} means OCIF activity inhibiting osteoclast development more than 80%, + means OCIF activity inhibiting osteoclast development between 30% and 80%, and - means no OCIF activity.]

EXAMPLE 4

Molecular weight of OCIF protein

The two protein peaks (6 and 7) with OCIF activity were subjected to SDS-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis under reducing and non-reducing conditions. Briefly, $20\,\mu\,l$ of each peak fraction was concentrated under vacuum and dissolved in $1.5\,\mu\,l$ of 10mM Tris-HCl, pH 8, 1mM EDTA, 2.5% SDS, 0.01% bromophenol blue, and incubated at 37°C overnight under non-reducing conditions or under reducing conditions (with 5% of 2-mercaptoethanol). Each $1.0\,\mu\,l$ of sample was then analyzed by SDS-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis with a gradient gel of 10-15% acrylamide (Pharmacia Co.) and an electrophoresis-device (Fast System, Pharmacia Co.). The following molecular weight marker proteins were used to calculate molecular weight: phosphorylase b (94 kD), bovine serum albumin (67 kD), ovalbumin (43 kD), carbonic anhydrase (30 kD), trypsin inhibitor (20.0 kD), and lactalbumin (14.4 kD). After

electrophoresis, protein bands were visualized by silver stain using Phast Silver Stain Kit. The results were shown in Fig. 4.

A protein band with an apparent 60 KD was detected in the peak 6 protein under both reducing and non-reducing conditions. A protein band with an apparent 60 KD was detected under reducing conditions and a protein band with an apparent 120 KD was detected under non-reducing conditions in the peak 7 protein. Therefore, the protein of peak 7 was considered to be a homodimer of the protein of peak 6.

EXAMPLE 5
Thermostability of OCIF

Twenty μ 1 of sample from the blue-5PW fractions 51 and 52 was diluted to $30\,\mu$ 1 with 10 mM phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.2, and incubated for 10 min. at 70°C or 90 °C, or for 30 min. at 56°C. The heat-treated samples were tested for OCIF activity. The results were shown in Table 2.

Table 2

Thermostability of OCIF

Sample			
-	1/300	1/900	1/2700
untreated	++	+	
70℃, 10 min	+		· –
56°C, 30 min	+ .	.	-
90℃, 10 min	-		-

[++ means OCIF activity inhibiting osteoclast development more than 80%, +means OCIF activity inhibiting osteoclast development between 30% and 80%, and - means no OCIF activity.]

EXAMPLE 6

Internal amino acid sequence of OCIF protein

Each 2 fractions (1 ml) from No. 51-70 of blue-5PW fraction was acidified with 10 μ 1 of 25% TFA, and was applied to a reverse phase C4 column (BU-300, 2.1x220mm, manufactured by Perkin-Elmer Co.) equilibrated with 25% of acetonitrile containing 0.1 % TFA. The adsorbed protein was eluted with a 12 ml linear gradient of 25 to 55% acetonitrile at a flow rate of 0.2 ml/min, and the protein fractions corresponding to peak 6 and peak 7 were collected, respectively. The protein of each peak was applied to a protein sequencer (PROCISE 494, Perkin-Elmer Co.). However, the N-terminal sequence of the protein of each peak could not be analyzed. Therefore, N-terminal of the protein of each peak was considered to be blocked. So, internal amino acid sequences of these proteins were analyzed.

The protein of peak 6 or peak 7 purified by C4-HPLC was concentrated by centrifugation and pyridilethylated under reducing conditions. Briefly, 50 μ l of 0.5 M Tris-HCl, pH 8.5, containing $100\,\mu$ g of dithiothreitol, 10mM EDTA, 7 M guanidine-HCl, and 1% CHAPS was added to each samples, and the mixture was incubated overnight in the dark at a room temperature. Each the mixture was acidified with 25% TFA (a final concentration 0.1%) and was applied to a reversed phase C4 column (BU-300, 2.1x30mm, Perkin-Elmer Co.) equilibrated with 20 % acetonitrile containing 0.1 % TFA. The pyridil-ethylated OCIF

protein was eluted with a 9 ml linear gradient from 20 to 50% acetonitrile at a flow rate of 0.3 ml/min, and each protein peak was collected. The pyridil-ethyrated OCIF protein was concentrated under vacuum, and dissolved in $25\,\mu$ l of 0.1 M Tris-HCl, pH 9, containing 8 M Urea, and 0.1 % Tween 80. Seventy three μ l of 0.1 M Tris-HCl, pH 9, and 0.02 μ g of lysyl endopeptidase (Wako Pure Chemical, Japan) were added to the tube, and incubated at 37 °C for 15 hours. Each digest was acidified with 1 μ l of 25% TFA and was applied to a reverse phase C8 column (RP-300, 2.1x220mm, Perkin-Elmer Co.) equilibrated with 0.1% TFA.

The peptide fragments were eluted from the column with linear gradient from 0 to 50 % acetonitrile at a flow rate of 0.2 ml/min for 70 min., and each peptide peak was collected. Each peptide fragment (P1 - P3) was applied to the protein sequencer. The sequences of the peptides were shown in Sequence Numbers 1 - 3, respectively.

EXAMPLE 7

Determination of nucleotide sequence of the OCIF cDNA

i) Isolation of poly(A) + RNA from IMR-90 cells

About 10 ug of poly(A) + RNA was isolated from 1x10⁸ cells of IMR-90 by using Fast Track mRNA isolation kit (Invitrogen) according to the manufacturer's instructions.

ii) Preparation of mixed primers

The following two mixed primers were synthesized based on the amino acid

sequences of two peptides (peptide P2 and peptide P3, sequence numbers 2 and 3, respectively). All the oligonucleotides in the mixed primers No. 2F can code for the amino acid sequence from the sixth residue, glutamine (Gln) to the twelfth residue, leucine (Leu), in peptide P2. All the oligonucleotides in the mixed primers No. 3R can code for the amino acid sequence from the sixth residue, histidine (His), to the twelfth residue, lysine (Lys), in peptide P3. The sequences of the mixed primers No. 2F and No. 3R were shown in Table 3.

Table 3

No. 2F

5'-CAAGAACAAA CTTTTCAATT-3'
G G G C C GC
A
G

. :

No. 3R

5'-TTTATACATT GTAAAAGAAT G-3'
C G C G GCTG
A C

T

G

iii) Amplification of OCIF cDNA fragment by PCR (Polymerase chain reaction)
First strand cDNA was generated using Superscript II cDNA synthesis kit

(Gibco BRL) and 1 ug of poly(A) + RNA obtained in the example 7-i) according to the manufacturer's instructions. The DNA fragment encoding OCIF was obtained by PCR using the cDNA template and the primers shown in EXAMPLE 7-ii).

PCR was performed with the conditions as follows;

10X Ex Taq Buffer (Takara Shu	zo)	5	u1
2.5 mM solution of dNTPs	•	4	u1
cDNA solution		1	ul
Ex Taq (Takara Shuzo)		0. 25	ul
sterile distilled water		29. 75	u1
40 uM solution of primers No.	2F	5	u1
40 uM solution of primers No.	3R ·	5	u1

The components of the reaction were mixed in a microcentrifuge tube. An initial denaturation step at 95 °C for 3 min was followed by 30 cycles of denaturation at 95°C for 30 sec annealing at 50 °C for 30 sec and extention at 70 °C for 2min. After the amplification, final extention step was performed at 70 °C for 5min. The size of PCR products were determined on a 1.5 % agarose gel electrophoresis. About 400 bp OCIF DNA fragment was obtained.

EXAMPLE 8

Cloning of the OCIF cDNA fragment amplified by PCR and determination of its DNA sequence

The OCIF cDNA fragment amplified by PCR in EXAMPLE 7-iii) was inserted in the plasmid, pBluescript II SK using DNA ligation kit ver. 2 (Takara Shuzo) according to the method by Marchuk, D. et al. (Nucleic Acids Res., vol 19, p1154, 1991). E.coli. DH5 α (Gibco BRL) was transformed with ligation mixture. The transformants were grown and a plasmid containing the OCIF cDNA (about 400 bp) was purified using the commonly used method. This plasmid was called pBSOCIF. The sequence of OCIF cDNA in pBSOCIF was determined using Tag Dye Deoxy Terminater Cycle Sequencing kit (Perkin Elmer). The size of the OCIF cDNA is 397 bp. The OCIF cDNA encodes an amino acid sequence containing 132 residues. The amino acid sequences of the internal peptides (peptide P2 and peptide P3, sequence number 2 and 3, respectively) that were used to design the primers were found at N- or C- terninal side in the amino acid sequence of the 132 amino acid polypeptide predicted by the 397 bp OCIF cDNA. In addition, the amino acid sequence of the internal peptide P1 (sequence number 1) was also found in the predicted amino acid sequence of the polypeptide. These data show that the 397 bp OCIF cDNA is a portion of the full length OCIF cDNA.

EXAMPLE 9

Preparation of the DNA probe

The 397 bp OCIF cDNA was prepared according to the conditions described in EXAMPLE 7-iii). The OCIF cDNA was subjected to a preparative agarose gel electrophoresis. The OCIF cDNA was purified from the gel using QIAEX gel extraction kit (QIAGEN), labeled with $[\alpha^{32}P]$ dCTP using Megaprime DNA labeling

system (Amersham) and used to select a phage containing the full length OCIF cDNA.

EXAMPLE 10

Preparation of the cDNA library

cDNA was generated using Great Lengths cDNA synthesis kit (Clontech), oligo (dT) primer, $[\alpha^{32}P]$ dCTP and 2.5 ug of poly(A) + RNA obtained in the example 7-i) according to the manufacturer's instructions. EcoRI-SalI-NotI adaptor was ligated to the cDNA. The cDNA was separated from the free adaptor and unincorporated free $[\alpha^{32}P]$ dCTP. The purified cDNA was precipitated with ethanol and dissolved in 10 ul of TE buffer (10 mMTris-HCl (pH8.0), 1 mM EDTA). The cDNA with the adaptor was inserted in λ ZAP EXPRESS vector (Stratagene) at EcoRI site. The recombinant λ ZAP EXPRESS phage DNA containing the cDNA was in vitro packaged using Gigapack gold II packaging extract (Stratagene) and recombinant λ ZAP EXPRESS phage library was prepared.

EXAMPLE 11

Screening of recombinant phage

Recombinant phages obtained in EXAMPLE 10 were infected to E. Coli, XL1-Blue MRF' (Stratagene) at 37 °C for 15 min.. The infected E. coli cells were added to NZY medium containing 0.7 % agar at 50°C and plated on the NZY agar plates. After the plates were incubated at 37 °C overnight, Hybond N (Amersham) were placed on the surface of plates containing plaques. The membranes were denatured in the alkali solution, neutralized, and washed in

2xSSC according to the standard protocol. The phage DNA was immobilized on the membranes using UV Crosslink (Stratagene). The membranes were incubated in the hybridization buffer (Amersham) containing 100 μg/ml salmon sperm DNA at 65°C for 4 hours and then incubated at 65 °C overnight in the same buffer containing 2x10⁵ cpm/ml denatured OCIF DNA probe. The membranes were washed twice with 2xSSC and twice with a solution containing 0.1xSSC and 0.1 % SDS at 65 °C for 10 min each time. The positive clones were purified by repeating the screening twice. The purified λ ZAP EXPRESS phage clone containing about 1.6 kb DNA insert was used in the experiments described below. This phage was called λOCIF. The purified λOCIF and the infected into E. Coli XL1-Blue MRF' (Stratagene) according to a protocol of 2 ZAP **EXPRESS** cloning kit The culture broth of infected XL1-Blue MRF' was prepared. Purified 10CIF and ExAssist helper phage (Stratagene) were co-infected into E. coli strain XL-1 blue MRF' according to the protocol supplied with the kit. The culture broth of the co-infected XL-1 blue MRF' was added to a culture of E. coli strain XLOR (Stratagene) to transform them. Thus we obtained a Kanamycin-resistant transformant harboring a plasmid designated pBKOCIF which is a pBKCMV (Stratagene) vector containing the 1.6 kb insert fragment. The transformant including the plasmid containing about 1.6 kb OCIF cDNA was obtained by picking up the kanamycin-resistant colonies. The plasmid was called pBKOCIF. The transformant has been deposited to National Institute of Bioscience and Human-Technology (NIBH), Agency of Industrial Science and Tecnology as "FERM BP-5267" as pBK/01F10. A national deposit (Accession number, FERM P-14998) was transferred to the international deposit, on October 25, 1995 according to the Budapest treaty. The transformant pBK/01F10 was grown and the plasmid pBKOCIF was purified according to the standard protocol.

EXAMPLE 12

Determination of the nucleotide sequence of OCIF cDNA containing the full coding region.

The nucleotide sequence of OCIF cDNA obtained in EXAMPLE 11 was determined using Taq Dye Deoxy Terminater Cycle Sequencing kit (Perkin Elmer). The primers used were T3, T7 primers (Stratagene) and synthetic primers designed according to the OCIF cDNA sequence. The sequences of these primers are shown in sequence numbers 16 to 29. The nucleotide sequence of the OCIF cDNA is shown in sequence number 6 and the amino acid sequence predicted by the cDNA sequence is shown in sequence number 5.

EXAMPLE 13

Production of recombinant OCIF by 293/EBNA cells

i) Construction of the plasmid for expressing OCIF cDNA

pBKOCIF containing about 1.6 kb OCIF cDNA was prepared as described in EXAMPLE 11, and digested with restriction enzymes, BamHI and XhoI. The OCIF cDNA insert was cut out, separated by an agarose gel electrophoresis, and purified using QIAEX gel extraction kit (QIAGEN). The purified OCIF cDNA insert was ligated using DNA ligation kit ver. 2 (Takara Shuzo) to the expression vector pCEP4 (Invitrogen) digested with restriction enzymes, BamHI and XhoI. E. coli. DH5 α (Gibco BRL) was transformed with the ligation mixture.

The transformants were grown and the plasmid containing the OCIF cDNA (about 1.6 kb) was purified using QIAGEN column (QIAGEN). The expression plasmid pCEPOCIF was precipitated with ethanol, and dissolved in sterile distilled water was used in the expreriments described below.

ii) Transient expression of OCIF cDNA and analysis of the biological activity Recombinant OCIF was produced using the expression plasmid, pCEPOCIF prepared in EXAMPLE 13-i) according to the method described below. 8x10⁵ cells of 293/EBNA (Invitrogen) were inoculated in each well of the 6-well plate using IMDM containing 10 % fetal calf serum (Gibco BRL). After the cells were incubated for 24 hours, the culture medium was removed and the cells were serum free IMDM. The expression plasmid, pCEPOCIF lipofectamine (Gibco BRL) were diluted with OPTI-MEM (Gibco BRL) and were mixed, and added to the cells in each well according to the manufacture's instructions. Three μ g of pCEPOCIF and 12 μ l of lipofectamine were used for each transfection. After the cells were incubated with pCEPOCIF and lipofectamine for 38 hours, the medium was replaced with 1 ml of OPTI-MEM. After the transfected cells were incubated for 30 hours, the conditioned medium was harvested and used for the biological assay. The biological activity of OCIF was analysed according to the method described below. Bone marrow cells obtained from mice, 17 days-old, were suspended in lpha-MEM (manufactured by GIBCO BRL Co.) containing 10% FBS, 2x10⁻⁸M activated vitamin ${
m D_{3.}}$ and each test sample, and were inoculatd and cultured for 7 days at 37 $^{\circ}{
m C}$ in humidified $5\%\text{CO}_2$ as described in EXAMPLE 2. During incubation, 160

 μ l of old medium in each well was replaced with the same volume of the fresh medium containing test sample diluted with $1 \times 10^{-8} \text{M}$ of activated vitamin D_3 and α -MEM containing FBS on day 3 and day 5. On day 7, after washing the wells with phosphate buffered saline, cells were fixed with ethanol/acetone (1:1) for 1 min. and then osteoclast development was tested using acid phosphatase activity mesuring kit (Acid Phosphatase, Leucocyte, Catalog No. 387-A, Sigma Co.). The decrease of the number of TRAP positive cells was taken as an OCIF activity. As result, the conditioned medium showed the same OCIF activity as natural OCIF protein from IMR-90 conditioned medium (Table 4).

Table 4
OCIF activity of 293/EBNA conditioned medium.

Cultured Cell	Dilution						
	1/20	1/40	1/80	1/160	1/320	1/640	1/1280
OCIF expression			9			· 	
vector transfected	++	++	.++	++	++	+	-
vector	· · ·			<u> </u>			•
transfected	-	 · -	-	-	-	- .	-
untreated				_		_	

^{[++;} OCIF activity inhibiting osteoclast development more than 80%, +; OCIF activity inhibiting osteoclast development between 30% and 80%, and -; no

iii) Isolation of recombinant OCIF protein from 293/EBNA-conditioned medium 293/EBNA-conditioned medium (1.8 1) obtained by cultivating the cells described in example 13-ii) was supplemented with 0.1 % of CHAPS and filtrated with 0.22 μ m membrane filter (Steribecs GS, Milipore Co.). The conditioned medium was applied to 50 ml of a heparin Sepharose CL-6B column (2.6 x 10 cm, Pharmacia Co.) equilibrated with 10mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.5. After washing the column with 10mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.5, the adsorbed protein was eluted from the column with linear gradient from 0 to 2 M NaCl at a flow rate of 4 ml/min for 100 min. and fractions (8 ml) were collected. Using 150 μ l of each fraction, 0CIF activity was assayed according to the method described in EXAMPLE 2. 0CIF active fraction (112 ml) eluted with approximately 0.6 to 1.2 M NaCl was obtained.

One hundred twelve ml of the active fraction was diluted to 1000 ml with 10 mM Tris-HCl, 0.1% CHAPS, pH 7.5, and applied to a heparin affinity column (heparin-5PW, 0.8 x 7.5 cm, Tosoh Co.) equilibrated with 10mM Tris-HCl, 0.1% CHAPS, pH 7.5. After washing the column with 10mM Tris-HCl, 0.1% CHAPS, pH 7.5, the adsorbed protein was eluted from the column with linear gradient from 0 to 2 M NaCl at a flow rate of 0.5ml/min for 60 min., and fractions (0.5 ml) were collected. Four μ 1 of each fraction was analyzed by SDS-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis under reducing and non-reducing conditions as described in EXAMPLE 4. On SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions, a single band of rOCIF protein with an apparent 60 KD was detected in fractions from 30 to 32, under

non-reducing conditions, bands of rOCIF protein with an apparent 60 KD and 120 KD were also detected in fractions from 30 to 32. The isolated rOCIF fraction from 30 to 32 was designated as recombinant OCIF derived from 293/EBNA (rOCIF(E)). 1.5 ml of the rOCIF(E) (535 μ g/ml) was obtained when determined by the method of Lowry using bovine serum albumin as a standard protein.

EXAMPLE 14

Production of recombinant OCIF using CHO cells

i) Construction of the plasmid for expressing OCIF/

pBKOCIF containing about 1.6 kb OCIF cDNA was prepared as described in EXAMPLE 11, and digested with restriction enzymes, SalI and EcoRV. About 1.4 kb OCIF cDNA insert was separated by an agarose gel electrophoresis, and purified from the gel using QIAEX gel extraction kit (QIAGEN). The expression vector, pcDL-SR α 296 (Molecular and Cellular Biology, vol 8, p466, 1988) was digested with restriction enzymes, PstI and KpnI. About 3.4 kb of the separated by agarose gel fragment was cut out, expression vector electrophoresis, and purified from the gel using QIAEX gel extraction kit (QIAGEN). The ends of the purified OCIF cDNA insert and the expression vector fragment were blunted using DNA blunting kit (Takara Shuzo). The purified OCIF cDNA insert and the expression vector fragment were ligated using DNA ligation kit ver. 2 (Takara Shuzo). E. coli. DH5a α (Gibco BRL) was transformed with the ligation mixture. The transformant containing the OCIF expression plasmid, $pSR \propto OCIF$ was obtained.

ii) Preparation of expression plasmid

The transformant containing the OCIF expression plasmid, pSR α OCIF preprared in the example 13-i) and the transformant containing the mouse DHFR expression plasmid, pBAdDSV shown in WO92/01053 were grown according to the standard method. Both plasmids were purified by alkali treatment, polyethylene glycol precipitation, and cesium chrolide density gradient ultra centrifugation according to method of Maniatis et al. (Molecular cloning, 2nd edition).

iii) Adaptation of CHOdhFr- cells to the protein free medium

CHOdhFr- cells (ATCC, CRL 9096) were cultured in IMDM containing 10 % fetal calf serum. The cells were adapted to EX-CELL 301 (JRH Biosciecnce) and then adapted to EX-CELL PF CHO (JRH Biosciecnce) according to the manufacture's instructions.

iv) Transfection of the OCIF expression plasmid, and the mouse DHFR expression plasmid, to CHOdhFr- cells.

CHOdhFr- cells prepared in EXAMPLE 14-iii) were transfected by electroporation with pSR α OCIF and pBAdDSV prepared in EXAMPLE 14-ii). 200 μ g of pSR α OCIF and 20 μ g of pBAdDSV were dissolved under sterile conditions in 0.8 ml of IMDM (Gibco BRL) containing 10 % fetal calf serum CG. 2x10 7 cells of CHOdhFr- were suspended in 0.8 ml of this medium. The cell suspension was transferred to a cuvette (Bio Rad) and the cells were transfected by electroporation using gene pulser (Bio Rad) under condition of

360 V and 960 μ F. The suspension of electroporated cells was transferred to T-flasks (Sumitomo Bakelite) containing 10 ml of EX-CELL PF-CHO, and incubated in the $\mathrm{CO_2}$ incubator for 2 days. Then the transfected cells were inoculated in each well of a 96 well plate (Sumitomo Bakelite) at a density of 5000 cells/well and cultured for about 2 weeks. The transformants expressing DHFR are selected since EX-CELL PF-CHO does not contain nucleotides and the parental cell line CHO dhFr- can not grow in this medium. Most of the transformants expressing DHFR express OCIF since the OCIF expression plasmid was used ten times as much as the mouse DHFR expression plasmid. The transformants whose conditioned medium had high OCIF activity were selected among the transformants expressing DHFR according to the method described in EXAMPLE 2. The transformants that express large amounts of OCIF were cloned by limiting dilution. The clones whose conditioned medium had high OCIF activity were selected as described above and the transformant expressing large amount of OCIF, 5561, was obtained.

v) Production of recombinant OCIF

To produce recombinant OCIF (rOCIF), EX-CELL 301 medium (3 1) in a 3 1-spiner flask was inoculated with the clone (5561) at a cell-density of 1x10⁵ cells/ml. The 5561 cells were cultured in a spiner flask at 37°C for 4 to 5 days. When the concentration of the 5561 cells reached to 1x10⁶ cells/ml, about 2.7 l of the conditioned medium was harvested. Then about 2.7 l of EX-CELL 301 was added to the spiner flask and the 5561 cells were cultured repeatedly. About 20 l of the conditioned medium was harvested using the three spiner

flasks.

vi) Isolation of recombinant OCIF protein from CHO cells-conditioned medium CHOcells-conditioned medium (1.0 1) described in EXAMPL 14-v) was supplemented with 1.0 g of CHAPS and filtrated with 0.22 μ m membrane filter (Steribecks GS, Milipore Co.). The conditioned medium was applied to a heparin Sepharose-FF column (2.6 x 10 cm, Pharmacia Co.) equilibrated with 10 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.5. After washing the column with 10 mM Tris-HCl, 0.1 % CHAPS, pH 7.5, the adsorbed protein was eluted from the column with linear gradient from 0 to 2 M NaCl at a flow rate of 4 ml/min for 100 min. and fractions (8 ml) were collected. Using 150 μ l of each fraction, OCIF activity was assayed according to the method described in EXAMPLE 2. Active fraction (112 ml) eluted with approximately 0.6 to 1.2 M NaCl was obtained.

. . . .

The 112 ml of active fraction was diluted to 1200 ml with 10 mM Tris-HCl, 0.1% CHAPS, pH 7.5, and applied to a affinity column (blue-5PW, 0.5 x 5.0 cm, Tosoh Co.) equilibrated with 10 mM Tris-HCl, 0.1% CHAPS, pH 7.5. After washing the column with 10 mM Tris-HCl, 0.1% CHAPS, pH 7.5, the adsorbed protein was eluted from the column with linear gradient from 0 to 3 M NaCl at a flow rate of 0.5ml/min for 60 min., and fractions (0.5 ml) were collected. Four μ l of each fraction was subjected to SDS-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis under reducing and non-reducing conditions as described in EXAMPLE 4. On SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions, a single band of rOCIF protein with apparent 60 KD was detected in fractions 30 to 38, under non-reducing conditions, bands of rOCIF protein with apparent 60 KD and 120 KD were also detected in fractions

30 to 38. The isolated rOCIF fraction, 30 to 38, was designated as purified recombinant OCIF derived from CHO cells (rOCIF(C)). 4.5 ml of the rOCIF(C) (113 μ g/ml) was obtained when determined by the method of Lowry using bovine serum albumin as a standard protein.

EXAMPLE 15

Determination of N-terminal amino acid sequence of rOCIFs

Each 3 μ g of the isolated rOCIF(E) and rOCIF(C) was adsorbed to polyvinylidene difluoride (PVDF) membranes with Prospin (PERKIN ELMER Co.). The membranes were washed with 20 % ethanol and the N-terminal amino acid sequences of the adsorbed proteins were analyzed by protein sequencer (PROCISE 492, PERKIN ELMER Co.). The determined N-terminal amino acid sequence is shown in sequence No. 7.

The N-terminal amino acid of rOCIF(E) and rOCIF(C) was the 22th amino acid of glutamine from Met as translation starting point, as shown in sequence number 5. The 21 amino acids from Met to Gln were identified as a signal peptide. The N-terminal amino acid sequence of OCIF isolated from IMR-90 conditioned medium was undetectable. Accordingly, the N-terminal glutamine of OCIF may be blocked by converting from glutamine to pyroglutamine within culturing or purifing.

EXAMPLE 16

Biological activity of recombinant(r) OCIF and natural(n) OCIF

i) Inhibition of vitamin ${\bf D_3}$ induced osteoclast formation from murine bone marrow cells

Each the rOCIF(E) and nOCIF sample was diluted with α -MEM (GIBCO BRL Co.) containing 10% FBS and $2x10^{-8}\text{M}$ of activated vitamin D₃ (a final concentration of 250 ng/ml). Each sample was serially diluted with the same medium, and 100 μ l of each diluted sample was added to each well in 96-well

plates. Bone marrow cells obtained from mice, 17 days-old, were inoculated at a cell density of $3x10^5$ cells/100 μ l/ well to each well in 96-well plates and fixed and stained with a acid phosphatase mesuring kit (Acid Phosphatase, Leucocyte, No387-A, Sigma) according to the method described in EXAMPLE 2. The decrease of acid phosphatase activity (TRAP) was taken as OCIF activity. The decrease of acid phosphatase-positive cells was evaluated by solubilizing the pigment of dye and measuring absorbance. In detail, 100 μ l of a mixture of 0.1 N NaOH and dimethylsulfoxide (1:1) was added to each well and the well was vibrated to solubilize the dye. After solubilizing the dye completely, an absorbance of each well was measured at 590 nm subtracting the absorbance at nm using microplate reader (Immunoreader NJ-2000, InterMed). microplate reader was adjusted to 0 absorbance using a well with monolayered bone marrow cells which was cultured in the medium without activated vitamin The decrease of TRAP activity was expressed as a percentage of the control absorbance value (=100%) of the solubilized dye from wells with bone marrow cells which were cultured in the absence of OCIF. The results are shown in Table 5.

Table 5
Inhibition of vitamin D3-induced osteoclast formation from murine bone marrow cells

OCIF concentration(ng/ml)	250	125	63	31	16	0
rOCIF(E)	0	0	3	62	80	100

Both nOCIF and rOCIF(E) inhibited osteoclast formation in a dose dependent manner in the concentration of 16 ng/ml or higher

ii) Inhibition of vitamin D3-induced osteoclast formation in co-cultures of stromal cells and mouse spleen cells.

Effect of OCIF on osteoclast formation induced by Vitamin D_3 in co-cultures of stromal cells and mouse spleen cells was tested according to the method of N. Udagawa et al. (Endocrinology, vol. 125, p1805-1813, 1989). In detail, each of rOCIF(E), rOCIF(C), and nOCIF sample was serially diluted with α -MEM (GIBCO BRL Co.) containing 10% FBS, $2x10^{-8}$ M of activated vitamin D_{v} and $2x10^{-7}M$ dexamethasone, and $100\,\mu\,l$ of each the diluted samples was added to each well in 96 well-microwell plates. Murine bone marrow-derived stromal ST2 cells (RIKEN Cell Bank RCB0224); 5×10^3 cells per $100 \,\mu$ 1 of α -MEM containing 10% FBS, and spleen cells from ddy mice, 8 weeks-old, ; 1x10⁵ cells per 100 μ l in the same medium, were inoculated to each well in 96-well plates and cultured for 5 days at 37°C in humidified 5%CO2. On day 5, the cells were fixed and stained with a kit for acid phosphatase (Acid Phosphatase, Leucocyte, No387-A, Sigma). The decrease of acid phosphatase-positive cells was taken as OCIF activity. The decrease of acid phosphatase-positive cells was evaluated according to the method described in EXAMPLE 16-i). The results are shown in Table 6 ; rOCIF(E) and rOCIF(C), and Table 7 ; rOCIF(E) and nocif.

Table 6
Inhibition of osteoclast formation in co-cultures of stromal cells and mouse spleen cells.

OCIF concentration(ng/ml)	50	25	13	6	0	
rOCIF(E)	3	22	83	80	100	
rOCIF(C)	13	19	70	96	100	(%)

Table 7
Inhibition of osteoclast formation in co-cultures of stromal cells and mouse spleen cells.

250	63	16	0	
7	27	37	100	
13	23	40	100	(%)
	250 7 13	7 27	7 27 37	7 27 37 100

nOCIF, rOCIF(E) and rOCIF(C) inhibited osteoclast formation in a dose dependent manner in the concentration of 6 - 16 ng/ml or higher

iii) Inhibition of PTH-induced osteoclast formation from murine bone marrow cells.

Effect of OCIF on osteoclast formation induced by PTH was tested according to the method of N. Takahashi et al. (Endocrinology, vol. 122,

p1373-1382, 1988). In detail, each the rOCIF(E) and nOCIF sample (125 ng/ml) was serially diluted with α -MEM (manufactured by GIBCO BRL Co.) containing 10% FBS and $2x10^{-8}$ M PTH, and $100\,\mu$ l of each the diluted samples was added to 96 well-plates. Bone marrow cells from ddy mice, 17 days-old, at a cell density of $3x10^{5}$ cells per $100\,\mu$ l of α -MEM containing 10% FBS were inoculated to each well in 96-wells plates and cultured for 5 days at 37°C in humidified 5%CO₂. On day 5, the cells were fixed with ethanol/aceton (1:1) for 1 min. at room temperature and stained with a kit for acid phosphatase (Acid Phosphatase, Leucocyte, No387-A, Sigma) according to the method described in EXAMPLE 2. The decrease of acid phosphatase-positive cells was taken as OCIF activity. The decrease of acid phosphatase-positive cells was evaluated according to the method described in EXAMPLE 16-i). The results are shown in Table 8.

Table 8

Inhibition of PTH-induced osteoclast formation from murine bone marrow cells.

OCIF concentration(ng/ml)	125	63	31	16	8	0
rocif(E)	6	58	58	53	88	100
nOCIF	18	47	53	56	91	100

nOCIF and rOCIF(E) inhibited osteoclast formation in a dose dependent manner in the concentration of 16 ng/ml or higher

iv) Inhibition of IL-II-induced osteoclast formation

Effect of OCIF on osteoclast formation induced by IL-11 was tested according to the method of T. Tamura et al. (Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, vol. 90, pl1924-11928, 1993). In detail, each rOCIF(E) and nOCIF sample was serially diluted with α -MEM (GIBCO BRL Co.) containing 10% FBS and 20 ng/ml IL-11 and 100 μ l of each the diluted sample was added to each well in 96-well plates. Newborn mouse calvaria-derived pre-adipocyte MC3T3-G2/PA6 cells (RIKEN Cell Bank RCB1127); $5x10^3$ cells per $100\,\mu$ l of α -MEM containing 10% FBS, and spleen cells from ddy mouse, 8 weeks-old, ; $1x10^5$ cells per $100\,\mu$ l in the same medium, were inoculated to each well in 96-well plates and cultured for 5 days at 37 °C in humidified 5%CO₂. On day 5, the cells were fixed and stained with a kit for acid phosphatase (Acid Phosphatase, Leucocyte, No387-A, Sigma). Acid phosphatase positive cells were counted under microscope and a decrease of the cell numbers was taken as OCIF activity. The results are shown in Table 9.

Table 9

							
OCIF concentration(ng/ml)	500	125	31	7.8	2.0	0. 5	0
nOCIF	0	0	1	4	13	49	31
rOCIF(E)	0 .	. 0	1	3	10	37	31

Both nOCIF and rOCIF(E) inhibited osteoclast formation in a dose dependent manner in the concentration of 2 ng/ml or higher

The results shown in Table 4-8 indicated that OCIF inhibits all the

vitamin D_3 , PTH, and IL-11-induced osteoclast formations at almost the same doses. Accordingly, OCIF would be able to be used for treatment of the different types of bone disorders with decreased bone mass, which are caused by different substances which induce bone resorption.

EXAMPLE 17

Isolation of monomer-type OCIF and dimer-type OCIF

Each rOCIF(E) and rOCIF(C) sample containing 100 μ g of OCIF protein, was supplemented with 1/100 volume of 25 % trifluoro acetic acid and applied to a reverse phase column (PROTEIN-RP, 2.0x250 mm, YMC Co.) equilibrated with 30 % acetonitrile containing 0.1 % trifluoro acetic acid. OCIF protein was eluted from the column with linear gradient from 30 to 55 % acetonitrile at a flow rate of 0.2 ml/min for 50 min. and each OCIF peak was collected. Each the monomer-type OCIF peak fraction and dimer-type OCIF peak fraction was lyophilized, respectively.

EXAMPLE 18

Determination of molecular weight of recombinant OCIFs

Each 1 μ g of the isolated monomer-type and dimer-type nOCIF purified using reverse phase column according to EXAMPLE 3-iv) and each 1 μ g of monomer-type and dimer-type rOCIF described in EXAMPLE 17 was concentrated under vaccum, respectively. Each sample was incubated in the buffer for SDS-PAGE, subjected to SDS-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis, and protein bands on the gel were stained with silver according to the method described in

EXAMPLE 4. Results of electrophoresis under non-reducing conditions and reducing conditions are shown in Figure 6 and Figure 7.

A protein band with an apparent molecular weight of 60 KD was detected in each monomer-type OCIF sample, and a protein band with an apparent molecular weight of 120 KD was detected in each dimer-type OCIF sample in non-reducing conditions. A protein band with an apparent molecular weight of 60 KD was detected in each monomer-type OCIF sample under reducing conditions. Accordingly, molecular weights of monomer-type nOCIF from IMR-90 cells, rOCIF from 293/EBNA cells and rOCIF from CHO cells were almost the same. Molecular weights of dimer-type nOCIF from IMR-90 cells, rOCIF from 293/EBNA cells were also the same.

EXAMPLE 19

Remove N-linked Oligosaccharide chain and Mesuring molecular weight of natural and recombinant OCIF

Each sample containing 5μ g of the isolated monomer-type and dimer-type nOCIF purified using reverse phase column according to EXAMPLE 3-iv) and each sample containing 5μ g of monomer-type and dimer-type rOCIF described in EXAMPLE 17 were concentrated under vaccum. Each sample was dissolved in 9.5 μ l of 50 mM sodium phosphate buffer, pH 8.6, containing 100 mM 2-mercaptoethanol, supplemented with 0.5 μ l of 250 U/ml N-glycanase (Seikagaku kogyo Co.) and incubated for one day at 37 °C. Each sample was supplemented with 10 μ l of 20 mM Tris-HCl, pH 8.0 containing 2 mM EDTA, 5 % SDS, and 0.02 % bromo-phenol blue and heated for 5 min at 100 °C. Each 1 μ l

of the samples was subjected to SDS-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis, and protein bands on the gel were stained with silver as described in EXAMPLE 4. The patterns of electrophoresis are shown in Figure 8.

An apparent molecular weight of each the deglycosylated nOCIF from IMR-90 cells, rOCIF from CHO cells, and rOCIF from 293/EBNA cells was 40 KD under reducing conditions. An apparent molecular weight of each untreated nOCIF from IMR-90 cells, rOCIF from 293/EBNA cells, and rOCIF from CHO cells was 60 KD under reducing conditions. Accordingly, the results indicate that the OCIF proteins are glycoproteins with N-linked sugar chains.

EXAMPLE 20

Cloning of OCIF variant cDNAs and determination of their DNA squences

The plasmid pBKOCIF, which is inserted OCIF cDNA to pBKCMV (Stratagene), was obtained from one of some purified positive phage as in example 10 and 11. And more, during the screening of the cDNA library with the 397 bp OCIF cDNA probe, the transformants containing plasmids whose insert sizes were different from that of pBKOCIF were obtained. These transformants containing the plasmids were grown and the plasmids were purified according to the standard method. The sequence of the insert DNA in each plasmid was determined using Taq Dye Deoxy Terminater Cycle Sequencing kit (Perkin Elmer). The used primers were T3, T7 primers (Stratagene) and synthetic primers prepared based on the nucleotide sequence of OCIF cDNA. There are four OCIF variants (OCIF2, 3, 4, and 5) in addition to OCIF. The nucleotide sequence of OCIF2 is shown in the sequence number 8 and the amino acid sequence of OCIF 2 predicted by the nucleotide sequence is shown in the sequence number 9. The nucleotide sequence of OCIF3 is shown in the sequence number 10 and the amino acid sequence of OCIF3 predicted by the nucleotide sequence is shown in the sequence number 11. The nucleotide sequence of OCIF4 is shown in the sequence number 12 and the amino acid sequence of OCIF4 predicted by the nucleotide sequence is shown in the sequence number 13. The nucleotide sequence of OCIF5 is shown in the sequence number 14 and the amino acid sequence of OCIF5 predicted by the nucleotide sequence is shown in the sequence number 15. The structures of OCIF variants are shown in Figures 9 to 12 and are described in brief below. OCIF2

OCIF2 cDNA has a deletion of 21 bp from guanine at nucleotide number 265 to guanine at nucleotide number 285 in OCIF cDNA (sequence number 6).

Accordingly OCIF2 has a deletion of 7 amino acids from glutamic acid (Glu) at amino acid number 68 to glutamine (Gln) at amino acid number 74 in OCIF (sequence number 5).

OCIF3

OCIF3 cDNA has a point mutation at nucleotide number 9 in OCIF cDNA (sequence number 6) where cytidine is replaced with guanine.

Accordingly OCIF3 has a mutation and asparagine (Asn) at amino acid number -19 in OCIF (sequence number 5) is replaced with lysine (Lys). The mutation seems to be located in the signal sequence and have no essential effect on the secreted OCIF3. OCIF3 cDNA has a deletion of 117 bp from guanine at nucleotide number 872 to cytidine at nucleotide number 988 in OCIF cDNA (sequence number 6).

Accordingly OCIF3 has a deletion of 39 amino acids from threonine (Thr) at amino acid number 270 to leucine (Leu) at amino acid number 308 in OCIF (sequence number 5).

0CIF4

OCIF4 cDNA has two point mutations in OCIF cDNA (sequence number 6). Cytidine at nucleotide number 9 is replaced with guanine and guanine at nucleotide number 22 is replaced with thymidine in OCIF cDNA (sequence number 6).

Accordingly OCIF4 has two mutations. Asparagine (Asn) at amino acid number -19 in OCIF (sequence number 5) is replaced with lysine (Lys), and alanine (Ala)

at amino acid number -14 is replaced with serine (Ser). These mutations seem to be located in the signal sequence and have no essential effect on the secreted OCIF4.

OCIF4 cDNA has about 4 kb DNA, which is the intron 2 of OCIF gene, inserted between nucleotide number 400 and nucleotide number 401 in OCIF cDNA (sequence number 6). The open reading frame stops in intron 2.

Accordingly OCIF4 has an additional novel amino acid sequence containing 21 amino acids after alanine (Ala) at amino acid number 112 in OCIF (sequence number 5).

OCIF5

OCIF5 cDNA has a point mutation at nucleotide number 9 in OCIF cDNA (sequence number 6) where cytidine is replaced with guanine.

Accordingly OCIF5 has a mutation and asparagine (Asn) at amino acid number -19 in OCIF (sequence number 5) is replaced with lysine (Lys). The mutation seems to be located in the signal sequence and have no essential effect on the secreted OCIF5.

OCIF5 cDNA has the latter portion (about 1.8 kb) of intron 2 between nucleotide number 400 and nucleotide number 401 in OCIF cDNA (sequence number 6). The open reading frame stops in the latter portion of intron 2.

Accordingly OCIF5 has an additional novel amino acid sequence containing 12 amino acids after alanine (Ala) at amino acid number 112 in OCIF (sequence number 5).

EXAMPLE 21

Production of OCIF variants

i) Construction of the plasmid for expressing OCIF variants

The plasmid containing OCIF2 or OCIF3 cDNA was obtained as described in EXAMPLE 20 and called pBKOCIF2 and pBKOCIF3, respectively. pBKOCIF2 and pBKOCIF3 were digested with restriction enzymes, BamHI and XhoI. The OCIF2 and OCIF3 cDNA inserts were separated by agarose gel electrophoresis, and purified from the gel using QIAEX gel extraction kit (QIAGEN). The purified OCIF2 and OCIF3 cDNA inserts were individually ligated using DNA ligation kit ver. 2 (Takara Shuzo) to the expression vector pCEP4 (Invitrogen) that had been digested with restriction enzymes, BamHI and XhoI. E. coli. DH5 α (Gibco BRL) was transformed with the ligation mixture.

The plasmid containing OCIF4 cDNA was obtained as described in EXAMPLE 20 and called pBKOCIF4. pBKOCIF4 was digested with restriction enzymes, SpeI and XhoI (Takara Shuzo). The OCIF4 cDNA insert was separated by an agarose gel electrophoresis, and purified from the gel using QIAEX gel extraction kit (QIAGEN). The purified OCIF4 cDNA insert was ligated using DNA ligation kit ver. 2 (Takara Shuzo) to the expression vector pCEP4 (Invitrogen) that had been digested with restriction enzymes, NheI and XhoI (Takara Shuzo). E. coli. DH5 α (Gibco BRL) was transformed with the ligation mixture.

The plasmid containing OCIF5 cDNA was obtained as described in EXAMPLE 20 and was called pBKOCIF5. pBKOCIF5 was digested with restriction enzyme, HindIII (Takara Shuzo). The 5'portion of the coding region in the OCIF5 cDNA insert was separated by agarose gel electrophoresis, and purified from the gel using QIAEX gel extraction kit (QIAGEN). The OCIF expression plasmid, pCEPOCIF,

obtained in EXAMPLE 13-i) was digested with restriction enzyme, HindIII (Takara Shuzo). The 5'portion of the coding region in the OCIF cDNA was removed. The rest of the plasmid that contains pCEP vector and the 3'portion of the coding region of OCIF cDNA was called pCEPOCIF-3'. pCEPOCIF-3' was separated by an agarose gel electrophoresis, and purified from the gel using QIAEX gel extraction kit (QIAGEN). The OCIF5 cDNA HindIII fragment and pCEPOCIF-3' were ligated using DNA ligation kit ver. 2 (Takara Shuzo). E. coli. DH5 α (Gibco BRL) was transformed with the ligation mixture.

The obtained transformants were grown at 37 °C overnight and the OCIF variants expression plasmids (pCEPOCIF2, pCEPOCIF3, pCEPOCIF4, and pCEPOCIF5) were purified using QIAGEN column (QIAGEN). These OCIF-variants—expression plasmids were precipitated with ethanol, dissolved in sterile distilled water, and used in the expreriments described below.

ii) Transient expression of OCIF variant cDNAs and analysis of the biological activity of recombinant OCIF variants.

Recombinant OCIF variants were produced using the expression plasmid, pCEPOCIF2, pCEPOCIF3, pCEPOCIF4, and pCEPOCIF5 prepared as described in EXAMPLE 21-i) according to the method described in EXAMPLE 13-ii). The biological activities of recombinant OCIF variants were analysed. The results were that these OCIF variants (OCIF2, OCIF3, OCIF4, and OCIF5) had a weak activity.

EXAMPLE 22

Preparation of OCIF mutants

i) Construction of a plasmid vector for subcloning cDNAs encoding OCIF mutants The plasmid vector (5 μ g) described in EXAMPLE 11 was digested with restriction enzymes Bam HI and Xho I (Takara Shuzo). The digested DNA was subjected to a preparative agarose gel electrophoresis. DNA fragment with an approximate size of 1.6 kilobase pairs (kb) that contained the entire coding sequence for OCIF was purified from the gel using QIAEX gel extraction kit (QIAGEN). The purified DNA was dissolved in 20 μ l of sterile distilled water. This solution was designated DNA solution 1.' p Bluescript II SK + (3 μ g) (Stratagene) was digested with restriction enzymes Bam HI and Xho I The digested DNA was subjected to preparative agarose gel (Takara Shuzo). electrophoresis. DNA fragment with an approximate size of 3.0 kb was purified from the gel using QIAEX DNA extraction kit (QIAGEN). The purified DNA was dissolved in 20 μ l of sterile distilled water. designated DNA solution 2. One microliter of DNA solution 2, 4 μ 1 of DNA solution 1 and 5 μ 1 of ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit ver. 2 (Takara (The ligation mixture was used for the transformation of E. coli in a manner described below). Conditions for transformation of E. coli were as follows. microliters of competent E. coli DH5 α cells (GIBCO BRL) and $5\,\mu$ l of the ligation mixture was mixed in a sterile 15-ml tube (IWAKI glass). The tube was kept on ice for 30 min. After incubation for 45 sec at 42°C, to the cells was added 250 μ l of L broth (1% Tryptone, 0.5% yeast extract, 1% NaCl). cell suspension was then incubated for 1hr. at 37°C with shaking.

microliters of the cell suspension was plated onto an L-agar plate containing $50 \,\mu$ g/ml of ampicillin. The plate was incubated overnight at 37°C.

Six colonies which grew on the plate were individually incubated in 2 ml each of L-broth containing $50\,\mu\,\mathrm{g/ml}$ of ampicillin overnight at 37°C with shaking. The structure of the plasmids in the colonies was analyzed. A plasmid in which the 1.6-kb DNA fragment containing the entire OCIF cDNA is inserted between the digestion sites of Bam HI and Xho I of pBluescript II SK + was obtained and designated as pSK + -OCIF.

- ii) Preparation of mutants in which one of the Cys residues in OCIF is replaced with Ser residue
- 1) Introduction of mutations into OCIF cDNA

OCIF mutants were prepared in which one of the five Cys residues present in OCIF at positions 174, 181, 256, 298 and 379 (in SEQUENCE NO 4) was replaced with Ser residue and were designated OCIF-C19S(174Cys to Ser), OCIF-C2OS (181Cys to Ser), OCIF-C21S (256Cys to Ser), OCIF-C22S (298Cys to Ser) and OCIF-C23S (379Cys to Ser), respectively.

To prepare the mutants, nucleotides encoding the corresponding Cys residues were replaced with those encoding Ser. Mutagenesis was carried out by a two-step polymerase chain reaction (PCR). The first step of the PCRs consisted of two reactions, PCR 1 and PCR 2.

PCR 1 10X Ex Taq Buffer (Takara Shuzo) 10 μ 1 2.5 mM solution of dNTPs 8 μ 1 the plasmid vector described in EXAMPLE 11 (8ng/ml) 2 μ 1 sterile distilled water 73.5 μ 1

	20 μ M solution of primer 1	5	μ1
	100 μ M solution of primer 2 (for mutagenesis)	1	μ1
	Ex Taq (Takara Shuzo)	0.5	μl
PCR 2	10X Ex Taq Buffer (Takara Shuzo)	10	μ1
	2.5 mM solution of dNTPs	8	μ1
	the plasmid vector described in EXAMPLE 11 (8ng/ml)	2	μ1
	sterile distilled water	73.5	<i>μ</i> 1
	20 μ M solution of primer 3		μ1
•	100 μ M solution of primer 4 (for mutagenesis)	1	μ1
	Ex Taq (Takara Shuzo)	0. 5	

Specific sets of primers were used for each mutation and other components were unchanged. Primers used for the reactions are shown in Table 10. nucleotide sequences of the primers are shown in SEQUENCE NO: 20, 23, 27 and The PCRs were performed under the following conditions as follows. initial denaturation step at 97°C for 3 min was followed by 25 cycles of denaturation at 95°C for 1 min annealing at 55°C for 1 min and extension at 72℃ for 3 min. After these amplification cycles, final extension was performed at 70°C for 5 min. The size of the PCR prodcts was confirmed by agarose gel electrophoresis using reaction solution. After the first PCR, excess primers were removed using Amicon microcon (Amicon). The final volume of the solutions that contained the PCR products were made to $50\,\mu\,l$ with sterile distilled water. These purified PCR products were used for the second PCR (PCR 3).

PCR 3 10X Ex Taq Buffer (Takara Shuzo)

10 μ1

2.5 mM solution of dNTPs	8	μ1
solution containing DNA fragment obtained from PCR 1	5	μ1
solution containing DNA fragment obtained from PCR 2	5	μ1
sterile distilled water	61.5	μ1
20 μ M solution of primer 1	5	μ1
20 μ M solution of primer 3	5	μ1
Ex Taq (Takara Shuzo)	0. 5	μ1

Table 10

mutants	primer-1	primer-2	primer-3	primer-4
OCIF-C19S	IF 10	C19SR	IF 3	C19SF
OCIF-C20S	IF 10	C20SR	IF 3	C20SF
OCIF-C21S	IF 10	C21SR	IF 3	C21SF
OCIF-C22S	IF .10	C22SR	IF 14	C22SF
OCIF-C23S	IF 6	C23SR	IF 14	C23SF

The reaction conditions were exactly the same as those for PCR 1 or PCR 2. The size of the PCR prodcts was confirmed by 1.0 % or 1.5 % agarose gel electrophoresis. The DNA fragments were precipitated with ethanol, dried under vacuum and dissolved in 40 μ l of sterile distilled water. The solutions containing DNA fragments with mutation C19S, C2OS, C21S, C22S and C23S were

designated as DNA solution A, DNA solution B, DNA solution C, DNA solution D and DNA solution E, respectively.

The DNA fragment which is contained in solution A (20 μ 1) was digested with restriction enzymes Nde I and Sph I (Takara Shuzo). A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 400 base pairs (bp) was extracted from a preparative agarose gel and dissolved in 20 μ l of sterile distilled water. This DNA solution was designated DNA solution 3. Two micrograms of pSK + -OCIF was digested with restriction enzymes Nde I and Sph I. A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 4.2 kb was purified from a preparative agarose gel with QIAEX gel extraction kit and dissolved in 20 μ l of sterile distilled This DNA solution was designated as DNA solution 4. Two microliters of DNA solution 3, 3 μ 1 of DNA solution 4 and 5 μ 1 of ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit ver. 2 were mixed and ligation reaction was carried out. Competent E. coli DH5 lpha cells were transformed with 5 μ 1 of the ligation Ampicillin-resistant transformants were screened for a clone containing a plasmid DNA. DNA structure was analyzed by restriction enzyme mapping and by DNA sequencing. The plasmid thus obtained was named pSK-OCIF-C19S.

The DNA fragment which is contained in solution B (20 μ 1) was digested with restriction enzymes Nde I and Sph I. A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 400 bp was extracted from a preparative agarose gel with QIAEX gel extraction kit and dissolved in $20\,\mu$ 1 of sterile distilled water. This DNA solution was designated DNA solution 5. Two microliters of DNA solution 5, μ 1 of DNA solution 4 and 5 μ 1 of ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit

ver. 2 were mixed and ligation reaction was carried out. Competent E. coli DH5 α cells were transformed with 5 μ l of the ligation mixture. Ampicillin-resistant transformants were screened for a clone containing a plasmid DNA. DNA structure was analyzed by restriction enzyme mapping and by DNA sequencing. The plasmid thus obtained was named pSK-OCIF-C2OS.

The DNA fragment which is contained in solution C (20 μ 1) was digested with restriction enzymes Nde I and Sph I. A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 400 bp was extracted from a preparative agarose gel with QIAEX gel extraction kit and dissolved in 20 μ 1 of sterile distilled water. This DNA solution was designated as DNA solution 6. Two microliters of DNA solution 6, 3 μ 1 of DNA solution 4 and 5 μ 1 of ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit ver. 2 were mixed and ligation reaction was carried out. Competent E. coli DH5 α cells were transformed with 5 μ 1 of the ligation mixture. Ampicillin-resistant transformants were screened for a clone containing a plasmid DNA. DNA structure was analyzed by restriction enzyme mapping and by DNA sequencing. The plasmid thus obtained was named pSK-OCIF-C21S.

The DNA fragment which is contained in solution D (20 μ 1) was digested with restriction enzymes Nde I and Bst PI. A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 600 bp was extracted from a preparative agarose gel with QIAEX gel extraction kit and dissolved in 20 μ 1 of sterile distilled water. This DNA solution was designated as DNA solution 7. Two micrograms of pSK + -OCIF was digested with restriction enzymes Nde I and Bst PI. A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 4.0 kb was extracted from a preparative agarose gel with QIAEX gel extraction kit and dissolved in 20 μ 1 of sterile distilled

water. This DNA solution was designated as DNA solution 8. Two microliters of DNA solution 7, 3 μ l of DNA solution 8 and 5μ l of ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit ver. 2 were mixed and ligation reaction was carried out. Competent E. coli DH5 α cells were transformed with 5 μ l of the ligation mixture. Ampicillin-resistant transformants were screened for a clone containing a plasmid DNA in which the 600-bp Nde I-BstPI fragment with the mutation (the C22S mutation) is substituted for the 600-bp Nde I-Bst PI fragment of pSK+ -OCIF by analyzing the DNA structure. DNA structure was analyzed by restriction enzyme mapping and by DNA/sequencing. The plasmid thus obtained was named pSK-OCIF-C22S.

The DNA fragment which is contained in solution E (20 μ 1) was digested with restriction enzymes Bst PI and Eco RV. A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 120 bp was extracted from a preparative agarose gel with QIAEX gel extraction kit and dissolved in 20 μ 1 of sterile distilled water. This DNA solution was designated as DNA solution 9. Two micrograms of pSK + -OCIF was digested with restriction enzymes Bst EII and Eco RV. A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 4.5 kb was extracted from a preparative agarose gel with QIAEX gel extraction kit and dissolved in 20 μ 1 of sterile distilled water. This DNA solution was designated as DNA solution 10. Two microliters of DNA solution 9, 3 μ 1 of DNA solution 10 and 5 μ 1 of ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit yer. 2 were mixed and ligation was carried out. Competent E. coli DH5 α cells were transformed with 5 μ 1 of the ligation mixture. Ampicillin-resistant transformants were screened for a clone containing a plasmid DNA. DNA structure was analyzed by restriction enzyme mapping and by

DNA sequencing. The plasmid thus obtained was named pSK-OCIF-C23S.

2) Construction of vectors for expressing the OCIF mutants

pSK-OCIF-C19S, pSK-OCIF-C20S, pSK-OCIF-C21S, pSK-OCIF-C22S pSK-OCIF-C23S were digested with restriction enzymes Bam HI and Xho I. The 1.6 kb Bam HI-Xho I DNA fragment encoding each OCIF mutant was isolated and dissolved in $20\,\mu$ l of sterile distilled water. The DNA solutions that contain 1.6 kb cDNA fragments derived from pSK-OCIF-C19S, pSK-OCIF-C20S, pSK-OCIF-C21S, pSK-OCIF-C22S and pSK-OCIF-C23S were designated C19S DNA solution, C20S DNA solution, C21S DNA solution, C22S DNA solution and C23S DNA solution. respectively. Five micrograms of a expression vector pCEP 4 (Invitrogen) was digested with restriction enzymes Bam HI and Xho I. A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 10 kb was purified and dissolved in $40\,\mu\,l$ of sterile distilled water. This DNA solution was designated as pCEP One microliter of pCEP 4 DNA solution and 6 μ l of either C19SDNA solution, C20S DNA solution, C21S DNA solution, C22S DNA solution or C23S DNA solution were independently mixed with 7 μ l of ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit ver. 2 and ligation reactions were carried out. Competent E. coli DH5 α cells (100 μ 1) were transformed with 7 μ 1 of each ligation Ampicillin-resistant transformants were screened containing plasmid in which a 1.6-kb cDNA fragment is inserted between the recognition sites of Bam HI and Xho I of pCEP 4 by analyzing the DNA structure. The plasmide which were obtained containing the cDNA encoding OCIF-C20S, OCIF-C21S, OCIF-C22S and OCIF-C23S were designated pCEP4-OCIF-C19S, pCEP4-0CIF-C20S, pCEP4-OCIF-C21S, pCEP4-OCIF-C22S

pCEP4-OCIF-C23S, respectively.

- ii) Preparation of domain-deletion mutants of OCIF
- (1) deletion mutagenesis of OCIF cDNA

A series of OCIF mutants with deletions of from Thr 2 to Ala 42, from Pro 43 to Cys 84, from Glu 85 to Lys 122, from Arg 123 to Cys 164, from Asp 177 to Gln 251 and from Ile 252 to His 326 were prepared (positions of the amino acid residues are shown in SEQUENCE NO: 4). These mutants were designated as OCIF-DCR1, OCIF-DCR2, OCIF-DCR3, OCIF-DCR4, OCIF-DDD1 and OCIF-DDD2, respectively.

Mutagenesis was performed by two-step PCR as described in EXAMPLE 22-(ii). The primer sets for the reactions are shown in Table 11 and the nucleotide sequences of the primers are shown in SEQUENCE NO:19, 25, 40-53, and 54.

Table 11

mutants	primer-l	primer-2	primer-3	primer-4
OCIF-DCR1	XhoI F	DCR1R	IF 2	DCR1F
OCIF-DCR2	XhoI F	DCR2R	IF 2	DCR2F
OCIF-DCR3	XhoI F	DCR3R	IF 2	DCR3F
OCIF-DCR4	XhoI F	DCR4R	IF 16	DCR4F
OCIF-DDD1	IF 8	DDD1R	IF 14	DDD1F
OCIF-DDD2	IF 8	DDD2R	IF 14	DDD2F
				•

The final PCR products were precipitated with ethanol, dried under vacuum and dissolved in $40\,\mu$ l of sterile distilled water. Solutions of DNA fragment coding for portions of OCIF-DCR1, OCIF-DCR2, OCIF-DCR3, OCIF-DCR4, OCIF-DDD1 and OCIF-DDD2 were designated as DNA solutions F, G, H, I, J and K, respectively.

The DNA fragment which is contained in solution F (20 μ 1) was digested with restriction enzymes Nde I and Xho I. A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 500 bp was extracted from a preparative agarose gel with QIAEX gel extraction kit and dissolved in $20\,\mu\,l$ of sterile distilled water. This DNA solution was designated DNA solution 11. Two micrograms of pSK+ -OCIF was digested with restriction enzymes Nde I and Xho I. A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 4.0 kb was extracted from a preparative agarose gel with QIAEX gel extraction kit and dissolved in $20\,\mu\,l$ of sterile distilled This DNA solution was designated DNA solution 12. Two microliters of DNA solution 11, 3 μ l of DNA solution 12 and 5 μ l of ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit ver. 2 were mixed and ligation was carried out. E. coli DH5 α cells were transformed with 5 μ 1 of the ligation mixture. Ampicillin-resistant transformants were screened for a clone containing a DNA structure was analyzed by restriction enzyme mapping and by DNA sequencing. The plasmid thus obtained was named pSK-OCIF-DCR1.

The DNA fragment which is contained in solution G (20 μ 1) was digested with restriction enzymes Nde I and Xho I. A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 500 bp was extracted from a preparative agarose gel with QIAEX gel extraction kit and dissolved in 20 μ l of sterile distilled water. This DNA

solution was designated as DNA solution 13. Two microliters of DNA solution 13, 3 μ l of DNA solution 12 and 5 μ l of ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit ver. 2 were mixed and ligation was carried out. Competent E. coli DH5a cells were transformedwith 5 μ 1 ligation mixture. Ampicillin-resistant transformants were screened for a clone containing plasmid DNA. DNA structure was analyzed by restriction enzyme mapping and by DNA sequencing. The plasmid thus obtained was named pSK-OCIF-DCR2.

The DNA fragment which is contained in solution H (20 μ 1) was digested with restriction enzymes Nde I and Xho I. A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 500 bp was extracted from a preparative agarose gel with QIAEX gel extraction kit and dissolved in 20 μ 1 of sterile distilled water. This DNA solution was designated as DNA solution 14. Two microliters of DNA solution 14, 3 μ 1 of DNA solution 12 and 5 μ 1 of ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit ver. 2 were mixed and ligation reaction was carried out. Competent E. coli DH5 α cells were transformed with 5 μ 1 of the ligation mixture. Ampicillin-resistant transformants were screened for a clone containing a plasmid DNA. DNA structure was analyzed by restriction enzyme mapping and by DNA sequencing. The plasmid thus obtained was named pSK-OCIF-DCR3.

The DNA fragment which is contained in solution I (20 μ l) was digested with restriction enzymes Xho I and Sph I. A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 900 bp was extracted from a preparative agarose gel with QIAEX gel

extraction kit and dissolved in $20\,\mu$ l of sterile distilled water. solution was designated as DNA solution 15. Two micrograms of pSK+ -OCIF was digested with restriction enzymes Xho I and Sph. I. A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 3.6 kb was extracted from a preparative agarose gel with QIAEX gel extraction kit and dissolved in $20\,\mu\,l$ of sterile distilled water. This DNA solution was designated as DNA solution 16. Two microliters of DNA solution 15, 3 μ l of DNA solution 16 and 5 μ l of ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit ver. 2 were mixed and ligation reaction was carried Competent E. coli DH5 α cells were transformed with 5 μ l of the ligation mixture. Ampicillin-resistant transformants were screened for a clone containing a plasmid DNA. DNA structure was analyzed by restriction enzyme mapping and by DNA sequencing. The plasmid thus obtained was pSK-OCIF-DCR4.

The DNA fragment which is contained in solution J (20 μ 1) was digested with restriction enzymes BstP I and Nde I. A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 400 bp was extracted from a preparative agarose gel with QIAEX gel extraction kit and dissolved in 20 μ 1 of sterile distilled water. This DNA solution was designated as DNA solution 17. Two microliters of DNA solution 17, 3 μ 1 of DNA solution 8 and 5μ 1 of ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit ver. 2 were mixed and ligation reaction was carried out. Competent E. coli DH5 α cells were transformed with 5μ 1 of the ligation mixture. Ampicillin-resistant transformants were screened for a clone containing a plasmid DNA. DNA structure was analyzed by restriction enzyme mapping and by DNA sequencing. The plasmid thus obtained was named pSK-OCIF-DDD1.

The DNA fragment which is contained in solution K (20 μ 1) was digested with restriction enzymes Nde I and BstP I. A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 400 bp was extracted from a preparative agarose gel with QIAEX gel extraction kit and dissolved in 20 μ 1 of sterile distilled water. This DNA solution was designated as DNA solution 18. Two microliters of DNA solution 18, 3 μ 1 of DNA solution 8 and 5 μ 1 of ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit ver. 2 were mixed and ligation reaction was carried out. Competent E. coli DH5 α cells were transformed with 5 μ 1 of the ligation mixture. Ampicillin-resistant transformants were screened for a clone containing a plasmid DNA. DNA structure was analyzed by restriction enzyme mapping and by DNA sequencing. The plasmid thus obtained was named pSK-OCIF-DDD2.

2) Construction of vectors for expressing the OCIF mutants

pSK-OCIF-DCR1, pSK-OCIF-DCR2, pSK-OCIF-DCR3, pSK-OCIF-DCR4, pSK-OCIF-DDD1 and pSK-OCIF-DDD2 were digested with restriction enzymes Bam HI and Xho I. The Bam HI-Xho I DNA fragment containing entire coding sequence for each OCIF mutant was isolated and dissolved in 20 μ l of sterile distilled water. These DNA solutions that contain the Bam HI-Xho I fragment derived from pSK-OCIF-DCR1, pSK-OCIF-DCR2, pSK-OCIF-DCR3, pSK-OCIF-DCR4, pSK-OCIF-DDD1 and pSK-OCIF-DDD2 were designated DCR1 DNA solution, DCR2 DNA solution, DCR3 DNA solution, DCR4 DNA solution, DDD1 DNA solution and DDD2 DNA solution, respectively. One microliter of pCEP 4 DNA solution and 6 μ 1 of either DCR1 DNA solution, DCR2 DNA solution, DCR3 DNA solution, DCR2 DNA solution, DCR3 DNA solution, DCR2 DNA solution, DCR3 DNA solution, DCR4 DNA solution, DDD1

ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit ver. 2 and ligation reactions were carried out. Competent E. coli DH5 α cells (100 μ 1) were transformed with 7 μ 1 of each ligation mixture. Ampicillin-resistant transformants were screened for a clone containing a plasmid DNA in which the DNA fragment with deletions is inserted between the recognition sites of Bam HI and Xho I of pCEP 4 by analyzing the DNA structure. The plasmids containing the cDNA encoding OCIF-DCR1, OCIF-DCR2, OCIF-DCR3, OCIF-DCR4, OCIF-DDD1 and OCIF-DDD2 were designated as pCEP4-OCIF-DCR1, pCEP4-OCIF-DCR2, pCEP4-OCIF-DCR3, pCEP4-OCIF-DCR3, pCEP4-OCIF-DCR4, pCEP4-OCIF-DCR3, respectively.

iii) Preparation of OCIF with C-terminal domain truncation

(1) mutagenesis of OCIF cDNA

A series of OCIF mutants with deletions of from Cys at amino acid residue 379 to Leu 380, from Ser 331 to Leu 380, from Asp 252 to Leu 380, from Asp 177 to Leu 380, from Arg 123 to Leu 380 and from Cys 86 to Leu 380 was prepared. Positions of the amino acid residues are shown in SEQUENCE NO: 4. These mutants were designated as OCIF-CL, OCIF-CC, OCIF-CDD2, OCIF-CDD1, OCIF-CCR4 and OCIF-CCR3, respectively.

Mutagenesis for OCIF-CL was performed by the two-step PCR as described in EXAMPLE 22-(ii). The primer set for the reaction is shown in Table 12. The nucleotide sequences of the primers are shown in SEQUENCE NO:23, 40, 55, and 56. The final PCR products were precipitated with ethanol, dried under vacuum and dissolved in $40\,\mu\,l$ of sterile distilled water. This DNA solution was designated as solution L.

The DNA fragment which is contained in solution L (20 μ 1) was digested with restriction enzymes BstP I and EcoR V. A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 100 bp was extracted from a preparative agarose gel with QIAEX gel extraction kit and dissolved in 20 μ 1 of sterile distilled water. This DNA solution was designated as DNA solution 19. Two microliters of DNA solution 19, 3 μ 1 of DNA solution 10 (described in EXAMPLE 22-(ii)) and 5 μ 1 of ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit ver. 2 were mixed and ligation reaction was carried out. Competent E. coli DH5 α cells were transformed with 5 μ 1 of the ligation mixture. Ampicillin-resistant transformants were screened for a clone containing a plasmid DNA. DNA structure was analyzed by restriction enzyme mapping and by DNA sequencing. The plasmid thus obtained was named pSK-OCIF-CL Mutagenesis of OCIF cDNA to prepare OCIF-CC, OCIF-CDD2, OCIF-CDD1, OCIF-CCR4 and OCIF-CCR3 was performed by a one-step PCR.

PCR reactions for mutagenesis to prepare OCIF-CC, OCIF-CDD2, OCIF-CDD1, OCIF-CCR4 and OCIF-CCR3

10X Ex Taq Buffer (Takara Shuzo)	10	μ 1
2.5 mM solution of dNTPs	8	μ1
the plasmid vector containing the entire OCIF cDNA		
described in EXAMPLE 11 (8ng/ml)	2	μ1
sterile distilled water	73. 5	μ1.
20 μ M solution of primer OCIF Xho F	5	μ 1.
100 μ M solution of primer (for mutagenesis)	1	μ1
Ex Taq (Takara Shuzo)	0.5	μ1

Table 12

mutants	primer-1	primer-2	primer-3	primer-4
OCIF-CL	IF 6	CL R	IF 14	CL F

Specific primers were used for each mutagenesis and other components were unchanged.

Primers used for the mutagenesis are shown in Table 13. Their nucleotide sequences are shown in SEQUENCE NO:57-61. The components of each PCR were mixed in a microcentrifuge tube and PCR was performed as follows. The microcentrifuge tubes were treated for 3 minutes at 97 °C and then incubated sequentially, for 30 seconds at 95 °C, 30 seconds at 50 °C and 3 minutes at 70 °C. This three-step incubation procedure was repeated 25 times, and after that, the tubes were incubated for 5 minutes at 70 °C. An aliquot of the reaction mixture was removed from each tube and analyzed by an agarose gel electrophoresis to confirm the size of each product.

The size of the PCR products was confirmed on an agarose gel. Excess primers in the PCRs were removed using Amicon microcon (Amicon) after completion of the reaction. The DNA fragments were precipitated with ethanol, dried under vacuum and dissolved in 40 μ l of sterile distilled water. The DNA fragment in each DNA solution was digested with restriction enzymes Xho I and Bam HI. After the reactions, DNA was precipitated with ethanol, dried under vacuum and dissolved in 20 μ l of sterile distilled water.

The solutions containing DNA fragment with the CC deletion, the CDD2

deletion, the CDD1 deletion, the CCR4 deletion and the CCR3 deletion were designated as CC DNA solution, CDD2 DNA solution, CDD1 DNA solution, CCR4 DNA solution and CC R3 DNA solution, respectively.

Table 13

mutants	primers for the mutagenesis
OCIF-CC	CC R
OCIF-CDD2	CDD2 R
OCIF-CDD1	CDD1 R
OCIF-CCR4	CCR4 R
OCIF-CCR3	CCR3 R

(2) Construction of vectors for expressing the OCIF mutants

pSK-OCIF-CL was digested with restriction enzymes Bam HI and Xho I. The Bam HI-Xho I DNA fragment containing the entire coding sequence for OCIF-CL was isolated and dissolved in 20 μ l of sterile distilled water. This DNA solution was designated as CL DNA solution. One microliter of pCEP 4 DNA solution and 6 μ l of either of CL DNA solution, CC DNA solution, CDD2 DNA solution, CDD1 DNA solution, CCR4 DNA solution or CCR3 DNA solution were independently mixed with 7 μ l of ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit ver. 2 and ligation reactions were carried out. Competent E. coli DH5 α cells (100 μ l) were transformed with 7 μ l of each ligation mixture. Ampicillin-resistant transformants were screened for clones containing plasmids which have the

desirable mutations in OCIF cDNA by analyzing the DNA structure. In each plasmid, OCIF cDNA fragment having a deletion were inserted between the recognition sites of Xho I and Bam HI of pCEP 4. The plasmids containing the cDNA encoding OCIF-CL, OCIF-CC, OCIF-CDD1, OCIF-CDD2, OCIF-CCR4 and OCIF-CCR3 were designated pCEP4-OCIF-CL, pCEP4-OCIF-CC, pCEP4-OCIF-CDD2, pCEP4-OCIF-CDD1, pCEP4-OCIF-CDD1, pCEP4-OCIF-CCR4 and pCEP4-OCIF-CCR3, respectively.

- iv) Preparation of OCIF mutants with C-terminal truncation
- (1) Introduction of C-terminal truncation to OCIF /

A series of OCIF mutants with C-terminal truncation was prepared. OCIF mutant in which 10 residues of from Gln at 371 to Leu at 380 are replaced with 2 residues of Leu-Val was designated OCIF-CBst. OCIF mutant in which 83 residues of from Cys 298 to Leu 380 are replaced with 3 residues of Ser-Leu-Asp was designated OCIF-CSph. OCIF mutant in which 214 residues of from Asn 167 to Leu 380 are removed was designated OCIF-CBsp. OCIF mutant in which 319 residues of from Asp 62 to Leu 380 are replaced with 2 residues of Leu-Val was designated OCIF-CPst. Positions of the amino acid residues are shown in SEQUENCE NO: 4.

Two micrograms each of pSK + -OCIF was digested with one of the restriction enzymes, Bst PI, Sph I, PstI (Takara Shuzo), and Bsp EI (New England Biolabs), and followed by phenol extraction and ethanol precipitation. The precipitated DNA was dissolved in 10 μ l of sterile distilled water. Ends of the DNAs in 2 μ l of each solution were blunted using a DNA blunting kit in final volumes of 5 μ l. To the reaction mixtures, 1 μ g (1 μ l) of an Amber

codon-containing Xba I linker (5'-CTAGTCTAGACTAG-3') and 6 μ l of ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit ver. 2 were added.

After the ligation reactions, 6 μ 1 each of the reaction mixtures was used to transform E. coli DH5 α . Ampicillin-resistant transformants were screened for clones containing plasmids. DNA structure was analyzed by restriction enzyme mapping and by DNA sequencing. The plasmids thus obtained were named pSK-OCIF-CBst, pSK-OCIF-CSph, pSK-OCIF-CBsp and pSK-OCIF-CPst, respectively. (2) Construction of vectors for expressing the OCIF mutants

pSK-OCIF-CBst, pSK-OCIF- CSph, pSK-OCIF-CBsp and pSK-OCIF-CPst were digested with restriction enzymes Bam HI and Xho I. The 1.5 kb of DNA fragment containing entire coding sequence for each OCIF mutant was isolated and dissolved in 20 μ 1 of sterile distilled water. These DNA solutions that contain the Bam HI-XhoI fragment derived from pSK-OCIF-CBst, pSK-OCIF- CSph, pSK-OCIF-CBsp and pSK-OCIF-CPst were designated as CBst DNA solution, CSph DNA solution, CBsp DNA solution and CPst DNA solution, respectively. 0ne microliter of pCEP 4 DNA solution (described in EXAMPLE 22-ii)) and 6 μ l of either CBst DNA solution, CSph DNA solution, CBsp DNA solution or CPst DNA solution were independently mixed with 7 μ l of ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit ver. 2 and ligation reactions were carried out. coli DH5lpha cells (100 μ 1) were transformed with 7 μ 1 of each ligation Ampicillin-resistant transformants were screened for clones containing mixture. plasmids in which cDNA fragment is inserted between the recognition sites of Bam HI and Xho I of pCEP 4 by analyzing the DNA structure. The plasmids containing the cDNA encoding OCIF-CBst, OCIF-CSph, OCIF-CBsp and OCIF-CPst

were designated as pCEP4-OCIF-CBst, pCEP4-OCIF- CSph, pCEP4-OCIF-CBsp and pCEP4-OCIF-CPst, respectively.

- v) Preparetion of vectors for expressing the OCIF mutants
- E. coli clones harboring the expression vectors for OCIF mutants (total of 21 clones) were grown and the vectors were purified by QIAGEN column (QIAGEN). All the expression vectors were precipitated with ethanol and dissolved in appropriate volumes of sterile distilled water and used for further manipupations shown below.
- vi) Transient expression of the cDNAs for OCIF' mutants and biological activities of the mutants

OCIF mutants were produced using the expression vectors prepared in EXAMPLE 22-v). The method was essentially the same as described in EXAMPLE 13. Only the modified points are described below. A 24-well plate was used for the DNA transfection. $2X10^5$ cells of 293/EBNA suspended in IMDM containing 10% fetal bovine serum were seeded into each well of the plate. One microgram of purified vector DNA and 4μ l of lipofectamine were used for each transfection. Mixture of an expression vector and lipofectamine in OPTI-MEM (GIBCO BRL) in a final volume of 0.5 ml was added to the cells in a well. After the cells were incubated at 37° C for 24 hr in a CO_2 incubator, the medium was replaced with 0.5 ml of Ex-cell 301 medium (JSR). The cells were incubated at 37° C for 48 more hours in the CO_2 incubator. The conditioned medium was collected and used for assay for in vitro biological activity. The nucleotide sequences of cDNAs for the OCIF mutants are shown in SEQUENCE NO:83-103. The deduced amino acid sequences for the OCIF mutants are shown in SEQUENCE NO:

62-82. The assay for in vitro biological activity was performed as described in EXAMPLE 13. Antigen concentration of each conditioned medium was determined by ELISA as described in EXAMPLE 24. Table 14 shows specific activity of the mutants relative to that of the unaltered OCIF.

Table 14

mutants	activity	
the unaltered OIF	++	
OCIF-C19S	+	
OCIF-C20S	<u>±</u>	
OCIF-C21S	土	
OCIF-C22S	+	
OCIF-C23S	++	
OCIF-DCR1	±	
OCIF-DCR2	<u> </u>	
OCIF-DCR3	土	
OCIF-DCR4	±	
OCIF-DDD1	+	
OCIF-DDD2	土	
OCIF-CL	++	
OCIF-CC	++	
OCIF-CDD2	++	
OCIF-CDD1.	+	
OCIF-CCR4	±	
OCIF-CCR3	<u>±</u>	
OCIF-CBst	++	

OCIF-CSph	++
OCIF-CBsp	<u>+</u>
OCIF-CPst	±

⁺⁺ indicates relative activity more than 50% of that of the unaltered OCIF + indicates relative activity between 10% and 50% \pm indicates relative activity less than 10%, or production level too low to determine the accurate biological activity

vii) western blot analysis

Ten microliters of the final conditioned medium was used for western blot analysis. Ten microliters of the sample were mixed with 10 μ 1 of SDS-PAGE sample buffer (0.5 M Tris-HCl, 20% glycerol, 4% SDS, $20\,\mu$ g/ml bromo phenol blue, pH 6.8) boiled for 3 min. and subjected to a 10 % SDS polyacryl amide gel electrophoresis under non-reducing conditions. After the electrophoresis, the separated proteins were blotted to PVDF membrane (ProBlott^R, Perkin Elmer) using a semi-dry electroblotter (BIO-RAD). The membrane was incubated at 37°C with horseradish peroxidase labeled anti-OCIF antibodies for 2 hr. membrane was washed, protein bands which react with the labeled antibodies were detected using ECL system (Amersham). Two protein bands with approximate molecular masses of 60kD and 120kD were detected for the unaltered OCIF. On the other hand, almost exclusively 60kD protein band was detected for OCIF-C23S, OCIF-CL and OCIF CC. Protein bands with an approximate masses of 40kD-50kD and 30kD-40kD were the major ones for OCIF-CDD2 and OCIF-CDD1, These results indicate that Cys at 379 is responsible for the respectively.

dimer formation, both the monomers and the dimers maintain the biological activity and a deletion of residues from Asp at 177 to Leu at 380 does not abolish the biological activity of OCIF (positions of the amino acid resare shown in SEQUENCE NO: 4).

EXAMPLE 23

Isolation of human genomic OCIF gene

i) Screening of a human genomic library

An amplified human placenta genomic library in Lambda FIX II vector purchased from STRATAGENE was screened for the gene encoding human OCIF using the human OCIF cDNA as a probe. Essentially, screening was done according to the instruction manual supplied with the genomic library. The basic protocols described in <u>Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual</u> also were employed to manipulate phage, E. coli, and DNA.

The library was titered, and lx10⁶ pfu of phage was mixed with XL1-Blue MRA host E. coli cells and plated on 20 plates (9 cm x 13 cm) with 9 ml per plate of top agarose. The plates were incubated overnight at 37°C. plaque lifts were prepared using Hybond-N nylon membranes (Amersham). The membranes were processed by denaturation in a solution containing 1.5 M NaCl and 0.5 M NaOH for 1 minute at room temperature. The membranes were then neutralized by placing successively for one minute each in 1 M Tris-HCl (pH7.5) and a solution containing 1.5 M NaCl and 0.5 M Tris-HCl (pH 7.5). membranes were then transferred onto a filter paper wet with 2xSSC. Phage DNA was fixed on the membranes with 1200 μ Joules of UV energy in STRATALINKER UV crosslinker 2400 (STRATAGENE) and the membranes were air dried. membranes were immersed in Rapid Hybridization buffer (Amersham) and incubated for one hour at 65 $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ before hybridization with $^{32}\mathrm{P-labeled}$ cDNA probe in the same buffer overnight at 65°C. Screening probe was prepared by labeling the

OCIF cDNA with 32 P using the Megaprime DNA labeling system (Amersham). Approximately, $5x10^5$ cpm probe was used for each ml of hybridization buffer. After the hybridization, the membranes were rinsed in 2xSSC for five minutes at room temperature. The membranes were then washed four times, 20 minutes each time, in 0.5xSSC containing 0.1 % SDS at 65 °C. After the final wash, HR-H X-ray film (FUJI PFOTO FILM Co., Ltd.) and an intensifying screen. Upon examination of the autoradiograms, six positive signals were detected. plugs were picked from the regions corresponded to these signals for phage Each agar plug was soaked overnight in 0.5 ml of SM buffer purification. containing 1% chloroform to extract phage. Each extract containing phage was diluted 1000 fold with SM buffer and an aliquot of 1 ml or 20 ml was mixed with host E. coli described above. The mixture was plated on agar plates with top agarose as described above. The plates were incubated overnight at 37 °C, and filter lifts were prepared, prehybridized, hybridized, washed and autoradiographed as described above. This process of phage purification was applied to all six positive signals initially detected on the autoradiograms and was repeated until all phage plaques on agar plates hybridize with the cDNA After purification, agar plugs of each phage isolate were soaked in SM buffer containing 1% chloroform and stored at 4 °C. Six individual phage isolates were designated λ OIF3, λ OIF9, λ OIF11, λ OIF12 and λ OIF17, respectively.

ii) Analysis of the genomic clones by restriction enzyme digestion and

Southern blot hybridization

DNA was prepared from each phage isolate by the plate lysate method as described in Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual. DNA prepared from each phage was digested with restriction enzymes and the fragments derived from the digestion were separated on agarose gels. The fragments were then transferred to nylon membranes and subjected to Southern blot hybridization using OCIF cDNA as a probe. The results of the analysis revealed that the six phage isolates are individual clones. Among these fragments derived from the restriction enzyme digestion, those fragments which hybridized with the OCIF cDNA probe were subcloned into plasmid vectors and subjected to the nucleotide sequence analysis as described below.

iii) Subcloning restriction fragments derived from genomic clones into plasmid vectors and determination of the nucleotide sequence.

 λ OIF8 DNA was digested with restriction enzymes EcoRI and NotI, and the DNA fragments derived these from were separated on a 0.7% agarose gel. The 5.8 kilobase pairs (kb) EcoRI/NotI fragment was extracted from the gel using QIAEX II Gel Extraction Kit (QIAGEN) according to the procedure recommended by the manufacturer. The 5.8 kb EcoRI/NotI fragment was ligated with pBluescript II SK+ vector (STRATAGENE) which had been linearized with restriction enzymes EcoRI and NotI, using Ready-To-Go T4 DNA Ligase (Pharmacia) according to the procedure recommended by the manufacturer. Competent DH5 α E. coli cells (Amersham) were transformed with the recombinant plasmid and transformants were selected on L-plates containing 50 μ g/ml of ampicillin.

A clone harboring the recombinant plasmid containing the 5.8 kb EcoRI/NotI fragment was isolated and this plasmid was termed pBSG8-5.8. pBSG8-5.8 was digested with HindIII and 0.9 kb of DNA fragment derived from this digestion was isolated in the same manner as described above. This 0.9 kb fragment was then cloned in pBluescript II SK- at the HindIII site as described above. This recombinant plasmid containing 0.9 kb HindIII fragment was denoted pBS8H0.9.

λOIF11 DNA was digested with EcoRI and 6 kb, 3.6 kb, 2.6 kb EcoRI fragments were isolated in the same manner as described above and cloned in pBluescript II SK+ vector at the EcoRI site as described above. These recombinant plasmids were termed pBSG11-6, pBSG11-3.6, and pBSG11-2.6, respectively. pBSG11-6 was digested with HindIII and the digest was applied on a 0.7 % agarose gel. Three fragments, 2.2 kb, 1.1 kb, and 1.05 kb in length, were extracted from the gel and cloned independently in pBluescript II SK- vector at the HindIII site in the same manner as described above. These recombinant plasmids were termed pBS6H2.2, pBS6 H1.1 and pBS6H1.05, respectively.

The nucleotide sequence of the cloned genomic DNA was determined using ABI Dyedeoxy Terminator Cycle Sequencing Ready Reaction Kit (PERKIN ELMER) and 373A DNA Sequencing system (Applied Biosystems). Plasmids pBSG8-5.8, pBS8H0.9, pBSG11-6, pBSG11-3.6, pBSG11-2.6, pBSGH2.2, pBSGH1.1 and pBSGH1.05 were prepared according to the alkaline-SDS procedure as described in Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual and used as templates for the DNA sequence analysis. Nucleotide sequence of the human OCIF gene was presented in Sequence No 104 and Sequence No 105. The nucleotide sequence of the DNA,

between exon 1 and exon 2 was not entirely determined. There is a stretch of approximately 17 kb of nucleotides between the sequences given in sequence No. 104 and sequence No. 105.

EXAMPLE 24

Quantitation of OCIF by EIA

i) Preparation of anti-OCIF antibody

Male JW rabbits (Kitayama LABES Co., LTD) weighing 2.5-3.0 kg were used for immunization for preparing antisera. Three male JW rabbits (Kitayama LABES Co., LTD) weighing 2.5-3.0 kg were used for immunization. immunization, emulsion was prepared by mixing an equal volume of rOCIF (200 μ g/ml) and complete Freund's adjuvant (Difco, Cat. 0638-60-7). The rabbits were immunized subcutaneously six times at the interval of one week with 1 ml of emulsion per injection. The rabbits were injected six times at the interval of seven days subcutaneously. Whole blood was obtained ten days after the final immunization and serum was separated. Antibody was purified from serum Antiserum was diluted two-fold with PBS. After adding ammonium sulfate at a final concentration of 40 w/v %, antiserum was allowed to stand at 4 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ for 1 hr.. Precipitate obtained by centrifugation at 8000 x g for 20 min. was dissolved in a small volume of PBS and was dialyzed against PBS. resulting solution was loaded onto a Protein G-Sepharose column (Pharmacia). After washing with PBS, absorbed immunoglobulin G was eluted with 0.1 M glycine-HCL buffer (pH 3.0). Elutes were neutralized with 1.5 M Tris-HCL buffer (pH 8.7) immediately and were dialyzed against PBS. Protein concentration was determined by absorbance at 280nm (E¹³ 13.5).

Horseradish peroxidase labeled antibody was prepared using ImmunoPure Maleimide Activated Horseradish Peroxidase Kit (Pierce, Cat. 31494). Briefly, one mg of IgG was incubated with 80 ug of N-succinimidyl-S-acetylthioacetate for 30 min. After deacetylation with 5 mg of hydroxylamine HCl, modified IgG was separeted by polyacrylamide desalting column. Protein pool mixed with one mg of maleimide activated horseradish peroxidase was incubated at room temperature for 1 hr.

ii) Quantitation of OCIF by sandwich EIA

Microtiter plates (Nunc MaxiSorp Immunoplate) were coated with rabbit anti-OCIF IgG by incubating 0.2 ug in 100 ul of 50 mM sodium bicarbonate buffer pH 9.6 at 4C overnight. After blocking the plates by incubating for 1 hour at 37°C with 300 ul of 25% BlockAce/PBS (Snow Brand Milk Products), 100ul of samples were incubated for 2 hours at room temperature. After washing the plates three times with PBST (PBS containing 0.05% Tween20), 100 ul of 1:10000 diluted horseradish peroxidase labeled anti-OCIF IgG was added and incubated for 2 hours at room temperture. The amount of OCIF was determined by incubation with 100 ul of a substrate solution (TMB, ScyTek Lab., Cat. TM4999) and measurement of the absorbance at 450 nm using an ImmunoReader (Nunc NJ2000). Purified recombinant OCIF was used as a standard protein and a typical standared curve was shown in Fig. 13.

EXAMPLE 25

Anti-OCIF monoclonal antibody

i) Preparation of hybridoma producing anti-OCIF monoclonal antibody.

OCIF was purified to homogeneity from culture medium of human fibroblasts, IMR-90 by the purification method described in Eample 11. Purified OCIF was dissolved in PBS at a concentration of 10 μ g/100 μ 1. BALB/c mice were immunized by administrating this solution intraperitoneally three times every two weeks. In the first and the second immunizations, the emulsion composed of an equal volume of OCIF and Freund's complete adjuvant was administered. Three days after the final administration, the spleen was taken out, lymphocytes were isolated and fused with mouse myeloma p3x63-Ag8.653 cells according to the conventinal method using polyethyleneglycol. Then the fused cells were cultured in HAT medium to select hybridoma. Subsequently, to check whether the selected hybridomas produce anti-OCIF antibody, anti-OCIF antibody in each culture medium of hybridomas was determined by solid phase ELISA which was prepared by coating each well in 96-well immunoplates (Nunc) with 100 μ l of purified OCIF (10 μ g/ml in 0.1 M NaHCO $_{\!_3}$) and by blocking each well with 50% BlockAce (Snow Brand Milk Products Co. Ltd.). The hybridoma clones secreting anti-OCIF antibody were established by cloning 3 - 5 times by limit dilution and by screening using the above solid phase ELISA. Among thus obtained hybridoma clones, several hybridoma clones with high production of anti-OCIF antibody were selected.

Production of anti-OCIF monoclonal antibodies.

Each hybridoma clone secreting anti-OCIF antibody, which was obtained in

EXAMPLE 25-i), was transplanted intraperitoneally to mice given Pristane (Aldrich) at a cell density of 1 x 10⁶ cells/mouse. The accumulated ascites was collected 10 - 14 days after the transplantation and the ascites containing anti-OCIF specific monoclonal antibody of the present invention was obtained. Purified antibodies were obtained by Affigel protein A Sepharose

chromatography (BioRad) according to the maufacturer's manual. That is, the ascites was diluted with equal volume of a binding buffer (BioRad) and applied to protein A column. The column was washed with a sufficient volume of the binding buffer and eluted with an elution buffer (BioRad). After neutralizing, the obtained eluate was dialyzed in water and subsequently lyophilized. The purity of the obtained antibody was analyzed by SDS/PAGE and a homogenous band with a molecular weight of about 150,000 was detected.

iii) Selection of monoclonal antibody having high affinity to OCIF

Each antibody obtained in EXAMPLE 25-ii) was dissolved in PBS and the concentration of protein in the solution was determined by the method of Lowry. Each antibody solution with the same concentration was prepared and then serially diluted with PBS. Monoclonal antibodies, which can recognize OCIF even at highly diluted solution, were selected by solid phase ELISA described in EXAMPLE 25-ii). Thus three monoclonal antibodies A1G5, E3H8 and D2F4 can be selected.

iv) Determination of class and subclass of antibodies

The class and subclass of the antibodies of the present invention obtained in EXAMPLE 25-iii) were analyzed using an immunoglobulin class and subclass analysis kit (Amersham). The procedure was carried out according to the protocol disclosed in the directions. The results were shown in Table 15. The antibodies of the present invention, E3H8, A1G5 and D2F4 belong to IgG_{2a} and IgG_{2b} , respectively.

Table 15
Analysis of class and subclass of the antibodies in the present invention.

Antibody	IgG_1	I gG _{2a}	IgG _{2b}	IgG ₃	IgA	IgM	κ
A1G5		+		_			+
ЕЗН8	+ .		-	_		· _	+
D2F4	_	_	+		_		. +

v) Determination of OCIF by ELISA

Three kinds of monoclonal antibodies, A1G5, E3H8 and D2F4, which were obtained in EXAMPLE 25-iv), were used as solid phase antibodies and enzyme-labeled antibodies, respectively. Sandwich ELISA was constructed by each combination of solid phase antibody and labeled antibody. The labeled antibody was prepared using Immuno Pure Maleimide Activated Horseradish Peroxidase Kit (Pierce, Cat. No. 31494). Each monoclonal antibody was

dissolved in 0.1 M NaHCO₃ at a concentration of 10 μ g/ml, and 100 μ 1 of the solution was added to each well in 96-well immunoplates (Nunc, MaxiSorp Cat. No. 442404) followed by allowing to stand at room temperature overnight. Subsequently, each well in the plates was blocked with 50% Blockace (Snow Brand Milk Products, Co., Ltd.) at room temperature for 50 minutes, and then was washed three times with PBS containing 0.1% Tween 20 (washing buffer).

A series of concentrations of OCIF was prepared by diluting OCIF with 1st reaction buffer (0.2 M Tris-HCl bufer, pH 7.4, containing 40% Blockace and Each well in 96-well immunoplates was filled with $100 \,\mu$ l of 0.1% Tween 20). the prepared OCIF solution with each concentration, allowed to stand at 37 $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ for 3 hours, and subsequently washed three times with the washing buffer. dilution of POD-labeled antibody, 2nd reaction buffer (0.1 M Tris-HCl buffer, pH 7.4, containing 25% Blockace and 0.1% Tween 20) was used. POD-labeled antibody was diluted 400-fold with 2nd reaction buffer, and 100 $\,\mu$ l of the diluted solution was added to each well in the immunoplates. Each imunoplate was allowed to stand at 37 °CC for 2 hours, and subsequently washed three times with the washing buffer. After washing, 100 μ l of a substrate solution M citrate-phosphate buffer, pH 4.5, containing 0.4 mg/ml o-phenylenediamine HCl and 0.006% $\rm H_2O_2$) was added to each well in the immunoplates and the immunoplates were incubated at 37°C for 15 min. enzyme reaction was terminated by adding 50 μ l of 6 N H₂SO₄ to each well. The optical density of each well was determined at 492 nm using an immunoreader (ImmunoReader NJ 2000, Nunc).

Using three kinds of monoclonal antibody in the present invention, each

combination of solid phase and POD-labeled antibodies leads to a accurate determination of OCIF. Each monoclonal antibody in the present invention was confirmed to recognize a different epitope of OCIF. A typical standard curve of OCIF using a combination of solid phase antibody, A1G5 and POD-labeled antibody, E3H8 was shown in Fig. 14.

vi) Determination of OCIF in human serum

Concentration of OCIF in five samples of normal human serum was determined using an EIA system described in EXAMPLÉ 25-v). The immunoplates were coated with AIG5 as described in EXAMPLE 25-v), and 50 μ l of 1st. reaction buffer was added to each well in the immunoplates. Subsequently, $50 \mu 1$ of each human serum was added to each well in the immunoplates. The immnuoplates were incubated at 37°C for 3 hours and then washed three times with the washing After washing, each well in the immunoplates was filled with $100 \,\mu$ l. of POD-E3H8 antibody diluted 400-fold with 2nd. reaction buffer and incubated at 37°C for 2 hours. After washing the immunoplates three times with the washing buffer, 100 μ l of the substrate solution described in EXAMPLE 25-v) was added to each well and incubated at 37°C for 15 min. The enzyme reaction terminated by adding 50 μ l of 6 N H₂SO₄ to each well in the The optical density of each well was determined at 492 nm using an immunoreader (ImmunoReader NJ 2000, Nunc).

1st. reaction buffer containing the known amount of OCIF was treated in the same way and a standard curve of OCIF as shown in fig. 2 was obtained. Using the standard curve of OCIF, the amount of OCIF in human serum sample was

determined. The results were shown in Table 14.

Table 14

The amount of OCIF in normal human serum

Serum Sample	OCIF Concentration (ng/ml)
1	5. 0
2	2. 0
3	1. 0
4	3. 0
5	1. 5
	•

EXAMPLE 26

Therapeutic effect on osteoporosis

(1) Method

Male Fischer rats, 6 weeks-old, were subjected to denervation of left forelimb. These rats were assigned to four groups(10 rats/group) and treated as follows; group A, sham operated rats without administration; group B, denervated rats with intravenous administration of vehicle; group C, denervated rats administered OCIF intravenously at a dose of 5 μ g/kg twice a day; group D, denervated rats administered OCIF intravenously at a dose of 50 μ g/kg twice a day. After denervation, OCIF was administered daily for 14 days. After 2 weeks treatment, the animals were sacrificed and their forelimbs were dissected. Thereafter bones were tested for mechanical

strength.

(2) Results

Decrease of bone strength was observed in the animals of control groups as compared to those animals of the normal groups while bone strength was increase in the groups of animal received 50 mg of OCIF per kg body weight.

Industrial availability

The present invention provides both a novel protein which inhibits formation of osteoclasts and a efficient procedure to produce the protein. The protein of the present invention has an activity to inhibit formation of osteoclasts. The protein will be useful for the treatment of many diseases accompanying bone loss, such as osteoporosis, and as an antigen to be used for the immunological diagnosis of such diseases.

Referring to the deposited the microorgainsm
Name and Address of the Depositary Authority

Name:

National Institute of Bioscience and Human-Technology

Agency of Industrial Science and Technology

Ministry of International Trade and Industry

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 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid

- (C) STRANDEDNESS:
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..6
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(an internal amino acid sequence of the protein) "
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:1:

Xaa Tyr His Phe Pro Lys

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:2:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 14 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid(C) STRANDEDNESS:

 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..14
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(an internal amino acid sequence of the protein) "
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:2:

Xaa Gln His Ser Xaa Gln Glu Gln Thr Phe Gln Leu Xaa Lys

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:3:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 12 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide(B) LOCATION: 1..12
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(an internal amino acid sequence of the protein) "
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:3:

Xaa Ile Arg Phe Leu His Ser Phe Thr Met Tyr Lys

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:4:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 380 amino acids

- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS:
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Protein
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..380
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF protein without signal peptide)"
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:4:
 - Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp Glu Glu Thr Ser His

 1 10 15
 - Gln Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro Pro Gly Thr Tyr Leu Lys Gln His 20 25 30
 - Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr Val Cys Ala Pro Cys Pro Asp His Tyr 35 40 45
 - Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro 50 55 60
 - Val Cys Lys Glu Leu Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu Cys Asn Arg Thr His 65 70 75 80
 - Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe 85 90 95
 - Cys Leu Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala 100 105 110
 - Gly Thr Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys Lys Arg Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe 115 120 125
 - Phe Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys Ala Pro Cys Arg Lys His Thr Asn 130 135 140
 - Cys Ser Val Phe Gly Leu Leu Thr Gln Lys Gly Asn Ala Thr His 145 150 155
 - Asp Asn Ile Cys Ser Gly Asn Ser Glu Ser Thr Gln Lys Cys Gly Ile 165 170 175
 - Asp Val Thr Leu Cys Glu Glu Ala Phe Phe Arg Phe Ala Val Pro Thr 180 185 190
 - Lys Phe Thr Pro Asn Trp Leu Ser Val Leu Val Asp Asn Leu Pro Gly 195 200 205
 - Thr Lys Val Asn Ala Glu Ser Val Glu Arg Ile Lys Arg Gln His Ser 210 215 220
 - Ser Gln Glu Gln Thr Phe Gln Leu Leu Lys Leu Trp Lys His Gln Asn 225 230 235 240
 - Lys Asp Gln Asp Ile Val Lys Lys Ile Ile Gln Asp Ile Asp Leu Cys 245 250 255
 - Glu Asn Ser Val Gln Arg His Ile Gly His Ala Asn Leu Thr Phe Glu 260 265 270
 - Gln Leu Arg Ser Leu Met Glu Ser Leu Pro Gly Lys Lys Val Gly Ala

275 280 285

Glu Asp Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Lys Ala Cys Lys Pro Ser Asp Gln Ile

Leu Lys Leu Leu Ser Leu Trp Arg Ile Lys Asn Gly Asp Gln Asp Thr 315

Leu Lys Gly Leu Met His Ala Leu Lys His Ser Lys Thr Tyr His Phe

Pro Lys Thr Val Thr Gln Ser Leu Lys Lys Thr Ile Arg Phe Leu His 345

Ser Phe Thr Met Tyr Lys Leu Tyr Gln Lys Leu Phe Leu Glu Met Ile

Gly Asn Gln Val Gln Ser Val Lys Ile Ser Cys Leu 375

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:5:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 401 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Protein (B) LOCATION: 1..380

 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF protein)"
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide (B) LOCATION: -21..0

 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(signal peptide)"
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:5:

Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile

Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp

Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro Pro Gly Thr

Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr Val Cys Ala Pro

Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys

Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Leu Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu

Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr

Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe 100

Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys Lys Arg Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys Ala Pro Cys 130 Arg Lys His Thr Asn Cys Ser Val Phe Gly Leu Leu Leu Thr Gln Lys 150 Gly Asn Ala Thr His Asp Asn Ile Cys Ser Gly Asn Ser Glu Ser Thr Gln Lys Cys Gly Ile Asp Val Thr Leu Cys Glu Glu Ala Phe Phe Arg Phe Ala Val Pro Thr Lys Phe Thr Pro Asn Trp Leu Ser Val Leu Val 195 Asp Asn Leu Pro Gly Thr Lys Val Asn Ala Glu Ser Val Glu Arg Ile Lys Arg Gln His Ser Ser Gln Glu Gln Thr Phe Gln Leu Lys Leu 230 Trp Lys His Gln Asn Lys Asp Gln Asp Ile Val Lys Lys Ile Ile Gln 245 Asp Ile Asp Leu Cys Glu Asn Ser Val Gln Arg His Ile Gly His Ala 260 Asn Leu Thr Phe Glu Gln Leu Arg Ser Leu Met Glu Ser Leu Pro Gly Lys Lys Val Gly Ala Glu Asp Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Lys Ala Cys Lys 290 Pro Ser Asp Gln Ile Leu Lys Leu Leu Ser Leu Trp Arg Ile Lys Asn 305 Gly Asp Gln Asp Thr Leu Lys Gly Leu Met His Ala Leu Lys His Ser Lys Thr Tyr His Phe Pro Lys Thr Val Thr Gln Ser Leu Lys Lys Thr 340 Ile Arg Phe Leu His Ser Phe Thr Met Tyr Lys Leu Tyr Gln Lys Leu Phe Leu Glu Met Ile Gly Asn Gln Val Gln Ser Val Lys Ile Ser Cys Leu

380

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:6:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 1206 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: -
- (B) LOCATION: 1..1206

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF)"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:6:

ATGAACAACT	TGCTGTGCTG	CGCGCTCGTG	TTTCTGGACA	TCTCCATTAA	GTGGACCACC	60
CAGGAAACGT	TTCCTCCAAA	GTACCTTCAT	TATGACGAAG	AAACCTCTCA	TCAGCTGTTG	120
rgtgacaaat	GTCCTCCTGG	TACCTACCTA	AAACAACACT	GTACAGCAAA	GTGGAAGACC	180
GTGTGCGCCC	CTTGCCCTGA	CCACTACTAC	ACAGACAGCT	GGCACACCAG	TGACGAGTGT	240
CTATACTGCA	GCCCCGTGTG	CAAGGAGCTG	CAGTACGTCA	AGCAGGAGTG	CAATCGCACC	300
CACAACCGCG	TGTGCGAATG	CAAGGAAGGG	CGCTACCTTG	AGATAGAGTT	CTGCTTGAAA	360
CATAGGAGCT	GCCCTCCTGG	ATTTGGAGTG	GTGCAAGCTG	GAACCCCAGA	GCGAAATACA	420
GTTTGCAAAA	GATGTCCAGA	TGGGTTCTTC	TCAAATGAGA	CGTCATCTAA	AGCACCCTGT	480
AGAAAACACA	CAAATTGCAG	TGTCTTTGGT	CTCCTGCTAA	CTCAGAAAGG	AAATGCAACA	540
CACGACAACA	TATGTTCCGG	AAACAGTGAA	TCAACTCAAA	AATGTGGAAT	AGATGTTACC	600
CTGTGTGAGG	AGGCATTCTT	CAGGTTTGCT	GTTCCTACAA	AGTTTACGCC	TAACTGGCTT	660
AGTGTCTTGG	TAGACAATTT	GCCTGGCACC	AAAGTAAACG	CAGAGAGTGT	AGAGAGGATA	720
AAACGGCAAC	ACAGCTCACA	AGAACAGACT	TTCCAGCTGC	TGAAGTTATG	GAAACATCAA	780
AACAAAGACC	AAGATATAGT	CAAGAAGATC	ATCCAAGATA	TTGACCTCTG	TGAAAACAGC	840
GTGCAGCGGC	ACATTGGACA	TGCTAACCTC	ACCTTCGAGC	AGCTTCGTAG	CTTGATGGAA	900
AGCTTACCGG	GAAAGAAAGT	GGGAGCAGAA	GACATTGAAA	AAACAATAAA	GGCATGCAAA	960
CCCAGTGACC	AGATCCTGAA	GCTGCTCAGT	TTGTGGCGAA	TAAAAAATGG	CGACCAAGAC	1020
ACCTTGAAGG	GCCTAATGCA	CGCACTAAAG	CACTCAAAGA	CGTACCACTT	TCCCAAAACT	1080
GTCACTCAGA	GTCTAAAGAA	GACCATCAGG	TTCCTTCACA	GCTTCACAAT	GTACAAATTG	1140
TATCAGAAGT	TATTTTAGA	AATGATAGGT	AACCAGGTCC	AATCAGTAAA	AATAAGCTGC	1200
TTATAA						1206

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:7:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid (C) STRANDEDNESS:

 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..15
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(a N-terminal amino acid sequence of the protein)"
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:7:
 - Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp Glu Glu Thr Ser

1	ς	10	15
	5	10	12

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:8:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

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- (A) LENGTH: 1185 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: -
- (B) LOCATION: 1..1185
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF2)"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:8:

ATGAACAACT	TGCTGTGCTG	CGCGCTCGTG	TTTCTGGACA	TCTCCATTAA	GTGGACCACC	60
CAGGAAACGT	TTCCTCCAAA	GTACCTTCAT	TATGACGAAG	AAACCTCTCA	TCAGCTGTTG	, 120
TGTGACAAAT	GTCCTCCTGG	TACCTACCTA	AAACAACACT	GTACAGCAAA	GTGGAAGACC	180
GTGTGCGCCC	CTTGCCCTGA	CCACTACTAC	ACAGACAGCT	GGCACACCAG	TGACGAGTGT	240
CTATACTGCA	GCCCCGTGTG	CAAGGAGTGC	AATCGCACCC	ACAACCGCGT	GTGCGAATGC	300
AAGGAAGGGC	GCTACCTTGA	GATAGAGTTC	TGCTTGAAAC	ATAGGAGCTG	CCCTCCTGGA	360
TTTGGAGTGG	TGCAAGCTGG	AACCCCAGAG	CGAAATACAG	TTTGCAAAAG	ATGTCCAGAT	420
GGGTTCTTCT	CAAATGAGAC	GTCATCTAAA	GCACCCTGTA	GAAAACACAC	AAATTGCAGT	480
GTCTTTGGTC	TCCTGCTAAC	TCAGAAAGGA	AATGCAACAC	ACGACAACAT	ATGTTCCGGA	540
AACAGTGAAT	CAACTCAAAA	ATGTGGAATA	GATGTTACCC	TGTGTGAGGA	GGCATTCTTC	600
AGGTTTGCTG	TTCCTACAAA	GTTTACGCCT	AACTGGCTTA	GTGTCTTGGT	AGACAATTTG	660
CCTGGCACCA	AAGTAAACGC	AGAGAGTGTA	GAGAGGATAA	AACGGCAACA	CAGCTCACAA	720
GAACAGACTT	TCCAGCTGCT	GAAGTTATGG	AAACATCAAA	ACAAAGACCA	AGATATAGTC	780
AAGAAGATCA	TCCAAGATAT	TGACCTCTGT	GAAAACAGCG	TGCAGCGGCA	CATTGGACAT	840
GCTAACCTCA	CCTTCGAGCA	GCTTCGTAGC	TTGATGGAAA	GCTTACCGGG	AAAGAAAGTG	900
GGAGCAGAAG	ACATTGAAAA	AACAATAAAG	GCATGCAAAC	CCAGTGACCA	GATCCTGAAG	960
CTGCTCAGTT	TGTGGCGAAT	AAAAAATGGC	GACCAAGACA	CCTTGAAGGG	CCTAATGCAC	1020
GCACTAAAGC	ACTCAAAGAC	GTACCACTTT	CCCAAAACTG	TCACTCAGAG	TCTAAAGAAG	1080
ACCATCAGGT	TCCTTCACAG	CTTCACAATG	TACAAATTGT	ATCAGAAGTT	ATTTTTAGAA	1140
ATGATAGGTA	ACCAGGTCCA	ATCAGTAAAA	ATAAGCTGCT	TATAA		1185

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:9:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 394 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid (C) STRANDEDNESS:

 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Protein
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..373
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF2)"
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: -21..0
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:9:
- Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile
 -20
 -15
 -10
- Lys Trp Thr Thr Glu Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp
 -5 1 5 10
- Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro Pro Gly Thr
 15 20 25
- Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr Val Cys Ala Pro 30 35 40
- Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys
 45 50 55
- Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg 60 70 75
- Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu 80 85 90
- Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr 95 100 105
- Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys Lys Arg Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser 110 115 120
- Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys Ala Pro Cys Arg Lys His Thr Asn Cys Ser 125 130 135
- Val Phe Gly Leu Leu Thr Gln Lys Gly Asn Ala Thr His Asp Asn 140 145 150 150
- Ile Cys Ser Gly Asn Ser Glu Ser Thr Gln Lys Cys Gly Ile Asp Val 160 165 170
- Thr Leu Cys Glu Glu Ala Phe Phe Arg Phe Ala Val Pro Thr Lys Phe 175 180 185
- Thr Pro Asn Trp Leu Ser Val Leu Val Asp Asn Leu Pro Gly Thr Lys
 190 200
- Val Asn Ala Glu Ser Val Glu Arg Ile Lys Arg Gln His Ser Ser Gln 205 210 215
- Glu Gln Thr Phe Gln Leu Leu Lys Leu Trp Lys His Gln Asn Lys Asp 220 225 230 230
- Gln Asp Ile Val Lys Lys Ile Ile Gln Asp Ile Asp Leu Cys Glu Asn 240 245 250
- Ser Val Gln Arg His Ile Gly His Ala Asn Leu Thr Phe Glu Gln Leu

			255					260					265		
Arg	Ser	Leu 270	Met	Glu	Ser	Leu	Pro 275	Gly	Lys	Lys	Val	Gly 280	Ala	Glu	Asp
Ile	Glu 285	Lys	Thr	Ile	Lys	Ala 290	Cys	Lys	Pro	Ser	Asp 295	Gln	Ile	Leu	Lys
Leu 300	Leu	Ser	Leu	Trp	Arg 305	Ile	Lys	Asn	Gly	Asp 310	Gln	Asp	Thr	Leu	Lys 315
Gly	Leu	Met	His	Ala 320	Leu	Lys	His	Ser	Lys 325	Thr	Tyr	His	Phe	Pro 330	Lys
Thr	Val	Thr	Gln 335	Ser	Leu	Lys	Lys	Thr 340	Ile	Arg	Phe	Leu	His 345	Ser	Phe
Thr	Met	Tyr 350	Lys	Leu	Tyr	Gln	Lys 355	Leu	Phe	Leu	Glu	Met 360	Ile	Gly	Asr

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:10:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 1089 base pairs

Gln Val Gln Ser Val Lys Ile Ser Cys Leu

- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: -
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..1089
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF3)"
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:10:

ATGAACAAGT	TGCTGTGCTG	CGCGCTCGTG	TTTCTGGACA	TCTCCATTAA	GTGGACCACC	60
CAGGAAACGT	TTCCTCCAAA	GTACCTTCAT	TATGACGAAG	AAACCTCTCA	TCAGCTGTTG	120
TGTGACAAAT	GTCCTCCTGG	TACCTACCTA	AAACAACACT	GTACAGCAAA	GTGGAAGACC	180
GTGTGCGCCC	CTTGCCCTGA	CCACTACTAC	ACAGACAGCT	GGCACACCAG	TGACGAGTGT	240
CTATACTGCA	GCCCCGTGTG	CAAGGAGCTG	CAGTACGTCA	AGCAGGAGTG	CAATCGCACC	300
CACAACCGCG	TGTGCGAATG	CAAGGAAGGG	CGCTACCTTG	AGATAGAGTT	CTGCTTGAAA	360
CATAGGAGCT	GCCCTCCTGG	ATTTGGAGTG	GTGCAAGCTG	GAACCCCAGA	GCGAAATACA	420
GTTTGCAAAA	GATGTCCAGA	TGGGTTCTTC	TCAAATGAGA	CGTCATCTAA	AGCACCCTGT	480
AGAAAACACA	CAAATTGCAG	TGTCTTTGGT	CTCCTGCTAA	CTCAGAAAGG	AAATGCAACA	540
CACGACAACA	TATGTTCCGG	AAACAGTGAA	TCAACTCAAA	AATGTGGAAT	AGATGTTACC	600
CTGTGTGAGG	AGGCATTCTT	CAGGTTTGCT	GTTCCTACAA	AGTTTACGCC	TAACTGGCTT	660
AGTGTCTTGG	TAGACAATTT	GCCTGGCACC	AAAGTAAACG	CAGAGAGTGT	AGAGAGGATA	720
AAACGGCAAC	ACAGCTCACA	AGAACAGACT	TTCCAGCTGC	TGAAGTTATG	GAAACATCAA	780

AACAAAGACC	AAGATATAGT	CAAGAAGATC	ATCCAAGATA	TTGACCTCTG	TGAAAACAGC	840
GTGCAGCGGC	ACATTGGACA	TGCTAACCTC	AGTTTGTGGC	GAATAAAAAA	TGGCGACCAA	900
GACACCTTGA	AGGGCCTAAT	GCACGCACTA	AAGCACTCAA	AGACGTACCA	CTTTCCCAAA	960
ACTGTCACTC	AGAGTCTAAA	GAAGACCATC	AGGTTCCTTC	ACAGCTTCAC	AATGTACAAA	1020
TTGTATCAGA	AGTTATTTTT	AGAAATGATA	GGTAACCAGG	TCCAATCAGT	AAAAATAAGC	1080
TGCTTATAA						1089

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:11:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 362 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Protein
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..341
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF3)"
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: -21..0
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:11:
- Met Asn Lys Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile
 -20 -15 -10
- Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp
 -5 1 5 10
- Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro Pro Gly Thr
- Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr Val Cys Ala Pro 30 35 40
- Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys
 45 50 55
- Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Leu Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu 60 65 70 75
- Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr 80 85 90
- Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe
 95 100 105
- Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys Lys Arg 110 115 120
- Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys Ala Pro Cys 125 130 135
- Arg Lys His Thr Asn Cys Ser Val Phe Gly Leu Leu Thr Gln Lys 140 145 150 155

(Gly	Asn	Ala	Thr	His 160	Asp	Asn	Ile	Cys	Ser 165	Gly	Asn	Ser	Glu	Ser 170	Thr
•	Gln	Lys	Cys	Gly 175	Ile	Asp	Val	Thr	Leu 180	Cys	Glu	Glu	Ala	Phe 185	Phe	Arg
	Phe	Ala	Val 190	Pro	Thr	Lys	Phe	Thr 195	Pro	Asn	Trp	Leu	Ser 200	Val	Leu	Val
	Asp	Asn 205	Leu	Pro	Gly	Thr	Lys 210	Val	Asn	Ala	Glu	Ser 215	Val	Glu	Arg	Ile
	Lys 220	Arg	Gln	His	Ser	Ser 225	Gln	Glu	Gln	Thr	Phe 230	Gln	Leu	Leu	Lys	Leu 235
	Trp	Lys	His	Gln	Asn 240	Lys	Asp	Gln	Asp	Ile 245	Val	Lys	Lys	Ile	Ile 250	Gln
	Asp	Ile	Asp	Leu 255	Cys	Glu	Asn	Ser	Val 260	Gln	Arg	His	Ile	Gly 265	His	Ala
	Asn	Leu	Ser 270	Leu	Trp	Arg	Ile	Lys 275	Asn	Gly	Asp	Gln	Asp 280	Thr	Leu	Lys
	Gly	Leu 285	Met :	His	Ala	Leu	Lys 290	His	Ser	Lys	Thr	Tyr 295	His	Phe	Pro	Lys
	Thr 300	Val	Thr	Gln	Ser	Leu 305	Lys	Lys	Thr	Ile	Arg 310	Phe	Leu	His	Ser	Phe 315
	Thr	Met	Tyr	Lys	Leu 320	Tyr	Gln	Lys	Leu	Phe 325	Leu	Glu	Met	Ile	Gly 330	Asn
	Gln	Val	Gln	Ser 335	Val	Lys	Ile	Ser	Cys 340	Leu						

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:12:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 465 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single

 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: -
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..465
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF4)"
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:12:

ATGAACAAGT	TGCTGTGCTG	CTCGCTCGTG	TTTCTGGACA	TCTCCATTAA	GTGGACCACC	60
CAGGAAACGT	TTCCTCCAAA	GTACCTTCAT	TATGACGAAG	AAACCTCTCA	TCAGCTGTTG	120
TGTGACAAAT	GTCCTCCTGG	TACCTACCTA	AAACAACACT	GTACAGCAAA	GTGGAAGACC	180
GTGTGCGCCC	CTTGCCCTGA	CCACTACTAC	ACAGACAGCT	GGCACACCAG	TGACGAGTGT	240
CTATACTGCA	GCCCCGTGTG	CAAGGAGCTG	CAGTACGTCA	AGCAGGAGTG	CAATCGCACC	300
CACAACCGCG	TGTGCGAATG	CAAGGAAGGG	CGCTACCTTG	AGATAGAGTT	CTGCTTGAAA	360
CATAGGAGCT	GCCCTCCTGG	ATTTGGAGTG	GTGCAAGCTG	GTACGTGTCA	ATGTGCAGCA	420

465

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AAATTAATTA GGATCATGCA AAGTCAGATA GTTGTGACAG TTTAG

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:13:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 154 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Protein
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..133
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF4)"
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: -21..0
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:13:
 - Met Asn Lys Leu Leu Cys Cys Ser Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile -15
 - Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp
 - Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro Pro Gly Thr
 - Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr Val Cys Ala Pro
 - Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys
 - Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Leu Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu
 - Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr
 - Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe
 - Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr Cys Gln Cys Ala Ala Lys Leu Ile Arg 115
 - Ile Met Gln Ser Gln Ile Val Val Thr Val 125
 - (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:14:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 438 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA
 - (ix) FEATURE:

(xi) \$	SEQUI	ENCE	DES	CRIP'	rion	: SE	Q ID	NO:	14:							
ATGAACAAG'	r TG	CTGT	GCTG	CGC	GCTC	GTG	TTTC'	TGGA	CA T	CTCC	ATTA	A GT	GGAC	CACC		60
CAGGAAACG'	r TT	CCTC	CAAA	GTA	CCTT	CAT	TATG	ACGA	AG A	AACC'	rctc.	A TC	AGCT	GTTG		120
TGTGACAAA'	r GT	CCTC	CTGG	TAC	CTAC	CTA .	AAAC	AACA	CT G	TACA	GCAA	A GT	GGAA	GACC		180
GTGTGCGCC	C CT	TGCC	CTGA	CCA	CTAC'	TAC	ACAG.	ACAG	CT G	GCAC.	ACCA	G TG.	ACGA	G T GT	•	240
CTATACTGC	A GC	CCCG	TGTG	CAA	GGAG	CTG	CAGT.	ACGT	CA A	GCAG	GAGT	G CA	ATCG	CACC		300
CACAACCGC	G TG	TGCG	AATG	CAA	GGAA	GGG	CGCT.	ACCT	TG A	GATA	GAGT	т ст	GCTT	GAAA		360
CATAGGAGC	r gc	CCTC	CTGG	ATT	TGGA	GTG	GTGC.	AAGC	TG G	ATGC	AGGA	g aa	GACC	CAAG		420
CCACAGATA	T GT	ATCT	GA													438
(2) INFOR	MATI	ON F	OR S	EQ I	Ď NO	:15:										
(i)	(A) (B) (C)	ENCE LEN TYP STR TOP	GTH: E: a ANDE	145 mino DNES	ami aci S:	no a d						:				
(ii)	MOLE	CULE	TYP	E: p	rote	in										
(ix)	(A) (B)	URE: NAM LOC OTH	E/KE	N: 1	12	4	/not	.e= "	(0C1	:F5) "						
(ix)	(A)	URE: NAM LOC	IE/KE													
(xi)	SEQU	JENCE	DES	CRIE	TION	ı: SE	EQ II	NO:	15:							
Met	Asn -20	Lys	Leu	Leu	Cys	Cys -15	Ala	Leu	Val	Phe	Leu -10	Asp	Ile	Ser	Ile	
Lys -5	Trp	Thr	Thr	Gln	Glu 1	Thr	Phe	Pro	Pro 5	Lys	Tyr	Leu	His	Tyr 10	Asp	
Glu	Glu	Thr	Ser 15	His	Gln	Leu	Leu	Cys 20	Asp	Lys	Cys	Pro	Pro 25_	Gly	Thr	
Tyr	Leu	Lys 30	Gln	His	Суѕ	Thr	Ala 35	Lys	Trp	Lys	Thr	Val 40.	Cys	Ala	Pro	
Суз	Pro 45	Asp	His	Tyr	Tyr	Thr 50	Asp	Ser	Trp	His	Thr 55	Ser	Asp	Glu	Cys	
Leu 60	Tyr	Cys	Ser	Pro	Val 65	Cys	Lys	Glu	Leu	Gln 70	Tyr	Val	Lys	Gln	Glu 75	
Суѕ	Asn	Arg	Thr	His 80	Asn	Arg	Val	Cys	Glu 85	Cys	Lys	Glu	Gly	Arg 90	Tyr	
Leu	Glu	Ile	Glu	Phe	·Cys	Leu	Lys	His	Arg	Ser	Cys	Pro	Pro	Gly	Phe	

(A) NAME/KEY: (B) LOCATION: 1..438
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF5)"

95 100 105

Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Cys Arg Arg Pro Lys Pro Gln Ile Cys 115

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- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:16:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs

 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ix) FEATURE:

 - (A) NAME/KEY: -(B) LOCATION: 1..20
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer T3)"
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:16:

AATTAACCCT CACTAAAGGG

20

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:17:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 22 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: -
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..22
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer T7)"
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:17:

GTAATACGAC TCACTATAGG GC

22

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:18:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: -

 - (B) LOCATION: 1..20
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer IF1)"
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:18:

ACATCAAAAC AAAGACCAAG

20

(2)	INFOR	MATION FOR SEQ ID NO:19:	
•	(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
	(ix)	FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: - (B) LOCATION: 120 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer IF2)"	
	(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:19:	
TCTT	rggtci	TT TGTTTTGATG	20
(2)	INFOR	RMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:20:	
	(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
	(ix)	FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: - (B) LOCATION: 120 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer IF3)"	
	(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:20:	
TTA	TTCGC	CA CAAACTGAGC	20
(2)	INFO	RMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:21:	
	(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
	(ix)	FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: - (B) LOCATION: 120 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer IF4)"	
	(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:21:	
TTG	TGAAG	CT GTGAAGGAAC	20
(2)	INFO	RMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:22:	
	(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	

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	(ix)	FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: - (B) LOCATION: 120 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer IF5)"	
	(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:22:	
GCTC	AGTT	TG TGGCGAATAA	20
(2)	INFO	RMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:23:	
	(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
	(ix)	FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: - (B) LOCATION: 120 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer IF6)"	
	(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:23:	
GTG	GAGC	AG AAGACATTGA	20
(2)	INFO	RMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:24:	
	(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
	(ix)	FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: - (B) LOCATION: 120 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer IF7)"	
	(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:24:	
AAT	GAACA	AC TTGCTGTGCT	20
(2)	INFO	RMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:25:	
	(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
	(ix)	FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: - (B) LOCATION: 120 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer IF8)"	

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:25:	
TGACAAATGT CCTCCTGGTA	20
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:26:	
(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
<pre>(ix) FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: - (B) LOCATION: 120 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer IF9)"</pre>	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:26:	
AGGTAGGTAC CAGGAGGACA	20
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:27:	
(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
<pre>(ix) FEATURE:</pre>	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:27:	
GAGCTGCCCT CCTGGATTTG	20
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:28:	
 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
<pre>(ix) FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: - (B) LOCATION: 120 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer IF11)"</pre>	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:28:	
CAAACTGTAT TTCGCTCTGG	20
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:29:	

(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
(ix)	FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: - (B) LOCATION: 120 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer	
(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:29:	
GTGTGAGG	AG GCATTCTTCA	20
(2) INFO	RMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:30:	
(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 32 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
(ix)	FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: - (B) LOCATION: 132 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer"	
(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:30:	
GAATCAAC	TC AAAAAGTGG AATAGATGTT AC	32
(2) INFO	RMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:31:	
(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 32 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
(ix) Cl9SR)	FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: - (B) LOCATION: 132 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer"	
(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:31:	
GTAACATC	TA TTCCACTTTT TTGAGTTGAT TC	32
(2) INFO	PRMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:32:	
(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 30 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	

<pre>(ix) FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: - (B) LOCATION: 130 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer C20SF)"</pre>	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:32:	30
ATAGATGTTA CCCTGAGTGA GGAGGCATTC	÷
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:33:	
 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 30 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
<pre>(ix) FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: - (B) LOCATION: 130 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer C20SR)"</pre>	·
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:33:	30
GAATGCCTCC TCACTCAGGG TAACATCTAT	
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:34:	
(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 31 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
<pre>(ix) FEATURE:</pre>	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:34:	. 31
CAAGATATTG ACCTCAGTGA AAACAGCGTG C	
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:35:	
(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 31 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	·

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(ix) FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: -

(B) LOCATION: 131 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer C21SR)"	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:35:	
GCACGCTGTT TTCACTGAGG GCAATATCTT G	L
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:36:	
 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 31 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
<pre>(ix) FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: - (B) LOCATION: 131 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer C22SF)"</pre>	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:36:	
AAAACAATAA AGGCAAGCAA ACCCAGTGAC C	L
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:37:	
(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 31 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
<pre>(ix) FEATURE:</pre>	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:37:	
GGTCACTGGG TTTGCTTGCC TTTATTGTTT T	1
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:38:	
(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 31 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
<pre>(ix) FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: - (B) LOCATION: 131 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer C23SF)"</pre>	

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(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:38:	
TCAGTAAAAA TAAGCAGCTT ATAACTGGCC A	31
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:39:	
 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 31 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
<pre>(ix) FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: - (B) LOCATION: 131 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer C23SR)"</pre>	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:39:	
TGGCCAGTTA TAAGCTGCTT ATTTTTACTG A	. 31
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:40:	
 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 22 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
<pre>(ix) FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: - (B) LOCATION: 122 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer IF14)"</pre>	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:40:	
TTGGGGTTTA TTGGAGGAGA TG	22
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:41:	
 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 36 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
<pre>(ix) FEATURE:</pre>	. -
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:41:	
ACCACCCAGG AACCTTGCCC TGACCACTAC TACACA	36

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:42:

 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 36 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
<pre>(ix) FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: - (B) LOCATION: 136 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer)"</pre>	
DCR1R)"	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:42:	
STCAGGGCAA GGTTCCTGGG TGGTCCACTT AATGGA	36
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:43:	-
 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 36 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
(ix) FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: - (B) LOCATION: 136 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer DCR2F)"	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:43:	
ACCGTGTGCG CCGAATGCAA GGAAGGGCGC TACCTT	36
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:44:	
(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 36 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
(ix) FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: - (B) LOCATION: 136 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer	
DCR2R) "	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:44:	
TTCCTTGCAT TCGGCGCACA CGGTCTTCCA CTTTGC	36
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:45:	
(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:(A) LENGTH: 36 base pairs(B) TYPE: nucleic acid(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	

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DCR3F)'	(A) NAME/KEY: - (B) LOCATION: 136 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer"	
(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:45:	
AACCGCGT	GT GCAGATGTCC AGATGGGTTC TTCTCA	36
(2) INFO	RMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:46:	
(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 36 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
(ix)	FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: - (B) LOCATION: 136 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer"	
	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:46:	
	AT CTGCACACGC GGTTGTGGGT GCGATT	36
(2) INFO	RMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:47:	
(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 36 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
(ix) DCR4F)	FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: - (B) LOCATION: 136 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer"	
(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:47:	
ACAGTTTG	CA AATCCGGAAA CAGTGAATCA ACTCAA	36
(2) INFO	ORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:48:	
(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 36 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ix) FEATURE:

(ix) FEATURE:

(B) LOCATION: 136 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer DCR4R)"	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:48:	
ACTGTTTCCG GATTTGCAAA CTGTATTTCG CTCTGG	36
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:49:	
(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 36 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
<pre>(ix) FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: - (B) LOCATION: 136 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer DDD1F)"</pre>	·
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:49:	
AATGTGGAAT AGATATTGAC CTCTGTGAAA ACAGCG	36
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:50:	
 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 36 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
<pre>(ix) FEATURE:</pre>	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:50:	•
AGAGGTCAAT ATCTATTCCA CATTTTTGAG TTGATT	36
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:51:	
 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 36 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
(ix) FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: - (B) LOCATION: 136 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: (note: "synthetic DNA (primer)	

DDD2F)"

	(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:51:	
AGAT	CATCO	CA AGACGCACTA AAGCACTCAA AGACGT	36
(2)	INFOR	RMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:52:	
	(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 36 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
DI	(ix)	FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: - (B) LOCATION: 136 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer"	
	(sés N	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:52:	
a am			2.5
		GC GTCTTGGATG ATCTTCTTGA CTATAT	36
(2)		RMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:53:	
	(1)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 29 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
F	(ix)	FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: - (B) LOCATION: 129 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer XhoI	
	(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:53:	
GGC	TCGAG	CG CCCAGCCGCC GCCTCCAAG	29
(2)	INFO	RMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:54:	
	(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
I	(ix) F16)"	FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: - (B) LOCATION: 120 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer	
		CECUENCE DECCRIPATON, CEO ID NO.54	
	(X1)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:54:	

TTTGAGTGCT TTAGTGCGTG

2)	INFO	RMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:55:	
	(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 30 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
F)		FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: - (B) LOCATION: 130 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer CL	
	(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:55:	
CAC	STAAA	AA TAAGCTAACT GGAAATGGCC	30
(2)	INFO	RMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:56:	
	(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 30 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
R	(ix)	FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: - (B) LOCATION: 130 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer CL	
	(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:56:	
GGC	CATTT	CC AGTTAGCTTA TTTTTACTGA	30
(2)	INFO	RMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:57:	
	(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 29 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
R	(ix)	FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: - (B) LOCATION: 129 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer CC	
	(xi)	SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:57:	
CCG	GATCC	TC AGTGCTTTAG TGCGTGCAT	29
(2)	INFO	RMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:58:	
	(i)	SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 29 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid	

	(C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
(÷	ix) FEATURE:	
(,	(A) NAME/KEY: - (B) LOCATION: 129 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer CCD2	
R) "	(b) OTABA INFORMATION. /Note: Synthetic BNA (primer CCD2	
()	xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:58:	
CGGAT	ICCTC ATTGGATGAT CTTCTTGAC	29
(2) II	NFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:59:	
	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 29 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
(: R) "	ix) FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: - (B) LOCATION: 129 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer CCD1	
(:	xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:59:	
CCGGA'	TCCTC ATATTCCACA TTTTTGAGT	29
(2) I	NFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:60:	
	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 29 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
(<pre>ix) FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: - (B) LOCATION: 129 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer CCR4)</pre>	
R) "		
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:60:	
CCGGA	TCCTC ATTTGCAAAC TGTATTTCG	29
(2) I	NFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:61:	
	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 29 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	

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(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: -

(B) LOCATION: 1..29

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer CCR3

R) "

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:61:

CCGGATCCTC ATTCGCACAC GCGGTTGTG

29

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:62:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 401 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: -21..0
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Protein
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..380
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "OCIF-C19S"
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:62:
 - Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile
 -20 -15 -10
 - Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp
 -5 1 5 10
 - Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro Pro Gly Thr
 15 20 25
 - Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr Val Cys Ala Pro 30 35 40
 - Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys 45 50 55
 - Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Leu Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu 60 65 70 75
 - Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr 80 85 90
 - Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe 95 100 105
 - Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys Lys Arg 110 115 120
 - Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys Ala Pro Cys 125 130 135
 - Arg Lys His Thr Asn Cys Ser Val Phe Gly Leu Leu Thr Gln Lys 140 155 150
 - Gly Asn Ala Thr His Asp Asn Ile Cys Ser Gly Asn Ser Glu Ser Thr

165

170

160

Gln Lys Ser Gly Ile Asp Val Thr Leu Cys Glu Glu Ala Phe Phe Arg 175

Phe Ala Val Pro Thr Lys Phe Thr Pro Asn Trp Leu Ser Val Leu Val

Asp Asn Leu Pro Gly Thr Lys Val Asn Ala Glu Ser Val Glu Arg Ile

Lys Arg Gln His Ser Ser Gln Glu Gln Thr Phe Gln Leu Leu Lys Leu

Trp Lys His Gln Asn Lys Asp Gln Asp Ile Val Lys Lys Ile Ile Gln

Asp Ile Asp Leu Cys Glu Asn Ser Val Gln Arg His Ile Gly His Ala

Asn Leu Thr Phe Glu Gln Leu Arg Ser Leu Met Glu Ser Leu Pro Gly

Lys Lys Val Gly Ala Glu Asp Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Lys Ala Cys Lys

Pro Ser Asp Gln Ile Leu Lys Leu Leu Ser Leu Trp Arg Ile Lys Asn

Gly Asp Gln Asp Thr Leu Lys Gly Leu Met His Ala Leu Lys His Ser 320

Lys Thr Tyr His Phe Pro Lys Thr Val Thr Gln Ser Leu Lys Lys Thr

Ile Arg Phe Leu His Ser Phe Thr Met Tyr Lys Leu Tyr Gln Lys Leu 350

Phe Leu Glu Met Ile Gly Asn Gln Val Gln Ser Val Lys Ile Ser Cys 370

Leu 380

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:63:

. . .

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 401 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: -21..0
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Protein
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..380
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "OCIF-C20S"
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:63:

Met Asn Asn Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile

-20 -15 -10

ું કેલ્ટક્

Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro Pro Gly Thr 20 Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr Val Cys Ala Pro Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Leu Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys Lys Arg 115 Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys Ala Pro Cys 130 Arg Lys His Thr Asn Cys Ser Val Phe Gly Leu Leu Thr Gln Lys 150 Gly Asn Ala Thr His Asp Asn Ile Cys Ser Gly Asn Ser Glu Ser Thr Gln Lys Cys Gly Ile Asp Val Thr Leu Ser Glu Glu Ala Phe Phe Arg 180 Phe Ala Val Pro Thr Lys Phe Thr Pro Asn Trp Leu Ser Val Leu Val Asp Asn Leu Pro Gly Thr Lys Val Asn Ala Glu Ser Val Glu Arg Ile Lys Arg Gln His Ser Ser Gln Glu Gln Thr Phe Gln Leu Leu Lys Leu 225 230 Trp Lys His Gln Asn Lys Asp Gln Asp Ile Val Lys Lys Ile Ile Gln 245 Asp Ile Asp Leu Cys Glu Asn Ser Val Gln Arg His Ile Gly His Ala 260 Asn Leu Thr Phe Glu Gln Leu Arg Ser Leu Met Glu Ser Leu Pro Gly Lys Lys Val Gly Ala Glu Asp Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Lys Ala Cys Lys Pro Ser Asp Gln Ile Leu Lys Leu Leu Ser Leu Trp Arg Ile Lys Àsn 310 305 Gly Asp Gln Asp Thr Leu Lys Gly Leu Met His Ala Leu Lys His Ser 320 Lys Thr Tyr His Phe Pro Lys Thr Val Thr Gln Ser Leu Lys Lys Thr Ile Arg Phe Leu His Ser Phe Thr Met Tyr Lys Leu Tyr Gln Lys Leu 350 355 360

Phe Leu Glu Met Ile Gly Asn Gln Val Gln Ser Val Lys Ile Ser Cys 365 370 375

Leu 380

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:64:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 401 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: -21..0
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Protein
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..380
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "OCIF-C21S"
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:64:
 - Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile
 -20 -15 -10
 - Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp
 -5 1 10
 - Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro Pro Gly Thr
 15 20 25
 - Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr Val Cys Ala Pro $30 \hspace{1cm} 35 \hspace{1cm} 40$
 - Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys 45 50 55
 - Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Leu Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu 60 65 70 75
 - Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr 80 85 90
 - Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe 95 100 105
 - Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys Lys Arg 110 115 120
 - Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys Ala Pro Cys 125 130 135
 - Arg Lys His Thr Asn Cys Ser Val Phe Gly Leu Leu Thr Gln Lys 140 145 150 150
 - Gly Asn Ala Thr His Asp Asn Ile Cys Ser Gly Asn Ser Glu Ser Thr 160 165 170

Gln Lys Cys Gly Ile Asp Val Thr Leu Cys Glu Glu Ala Phe Phe Arg 175 180 185

.,5.

Phe Ala Val Pro Thr Lys Phe Thr Pro Asn Trp Leu Ser Val Leu Val 190 195 200

Asp Asn Leu Pro Gly Thr Lys Val Asn Ala Glu Ser Val Glu Arg Ile 205 210 215

Lys Arg Gln His Ser Ser Gln Glu Gln Thr Phe Gln Leu Leu Lys Leu 220 225 230 235

Trp Lys His Gln Asn Lys Asp Gln Asp Ile Val Lys Lys Ile Ile Gln 240 245 250

Asp Ile Asp Leu Ser Glu Asn Ser Val Gln Arg His Ile Gly His Ala 255 260 265

Asn Leu Thr Phe Glu Gln Leu Arg Ser Leu Met Glu Ser Leu Pro Gly 270 275 280

Lys Lys Val Gly Ala Glu Asp Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Lys Ala Cys Lys 285 290 295

Pro Ser Asp Gln Ile Leu Lys Leu Leu Ser Leu Trp Arg Ile Lys Asn 300 305 310 315

Gly Asp Gln Asp Thr Leu Lys Gly Leu Met His Ala Leu Lys His Ser 320 325 330

Lys Thr Tyr His Phe Pro Lys Thr Val Thr Gln Ser Leu Lys Lys Thr 335 340 345

Ile Arg Phe Leu His Ser Phe Thr Met Tyr Lys Leu Tyr Gln Lys Leu 350 355 360

Phe Leu Glu Met Ile Gly Asn Gln Val Gln Ser Val Lys Ile Ser Cys 365 370 375

Leu 380

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:65:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

, ·.

- (A) LENGTH: 401 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS:
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: -21..0
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Protein
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..380
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "OCIF-C22S"
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:65:
- Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile
 -20 -15 -10

Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro Pro Gly Thr Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr Val Cys Ala Pro Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Leu Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys Lys Arg 115 Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys Ala Pro Cys 130 Arg Lys His Thr Asn Cys Ser Val Phe Gly Leu Leu Thr Gln Lys Gly Asn Ala Thr His Asp Asn Ile Cys Ser Gly Asn Ser Glu Ser Thr Gln Lys Cys Gly Ile Asp Val Thr Leu Cys Glu Glu Ala Phe Phe Arg 180 Phe Ala Val Pro Thr Lys Phe Thr Pro Asn Trp Leu Ser Val Leu Val 190 195 200 Asp Asn Leu Pro Gly Thr Lys Val Asn Ala Glu Ser Val Glu Arg Ile 210 Lys Arg Gln His Ser Ser Gln Glu Gln Thr Phe Gln Leu Leu Lys Leu Trp Lys His Gln Asn Lys Asp Gln Asp Ile Val Lys Lys Ile Ile Gln 245 Asp Ile Asp Leu Cys Glu Asn Ser Val Gln Arg His Ile Gly His Ala 260 Asn Leu Thr Phe Glu Gln Leu Arg Ser Leu Met Glu Ser Leu Pro Gly Lys Lys Val Gly Ala Glu Asp Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Lys Ala Ser Lys 290 Pro Ser Asp Gln Ile Leu Lys Leu Leu Ser Leu Trp Arg Ile Lys Asn Gly Asp Gln Asp Thr Leu Lys Gly Leu Met His Ala Leu Lys His Ser 320 . 325 Lys Thr Tyr His Phe Pro Lys Thr Val Thr Gln Ser Leu Lys Lys Thr 340 Ile Arg Phe Leu His Ser Phe Thr Met Tyr Lys Leu Tyr Gln Lys Leu 355 350 360

Phe Leu Glu Met Ile Gly Asn Gln Val Gln Ser Val Lys Ile Ser Cys 365 370 375

Leu 380

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:66:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 401 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: -21..0
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Protein
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..380
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "OCIF-C23S"
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:66:
 - Met Asn Asn Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile
 - Lys Trp Thr Thr Glu Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp
 -5 1 10
 - Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro Pro Gly Thr 15 20 25
 - Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr Val Cys Ala Pro 30 35 40
 - Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys
 45 50 55
 - Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Leu Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu 60 65 70 75
 - Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr 80 85 90
 - Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe 95 100 105
 - Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys Lys Arg 110 115 120
 - Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys Ala Pro Cys 125 130 135
 - Arg Lys His Thr Asn Cys Ser Val Phe Gly Leu Leu Thr Gln Lys 140 145 150 155
 - Gly Asn Ala Thr His Asp Asn Ile Cys Ser Gly Asn Ser Glu Ser Thr 160 165 170
 - Gln Lys Cys Gly Ile Asp Val Thr Leu Cys Glu Glu Ala Phe Phe Arg 175 180 185

Phe Ala Val Pro Thr Lys Phe Thr Pro Asn Trp Leu Ser Val Leu Val 195 200

Asp Asn Leu Pro Gly Thr Lys Val Asn Ala Glu Ser Val Glu Arg Ile

Lys Arg Gln His Ser Ser Gln Glu Gln Thr Phe Gln Leu Leu Lys Leu 225 230

Trp Lys His Gln Asn Lys Asp Gln Asp Ile Val Lys Lys Ile Ile Gln

Asp Ile Asp Leu Cys Glu Asn Ser Val Gln Arg His Ile Gly His Ala 260

Asn Leu Thr Phe Glu Gln Leu Arg Ser Leu Met Glu Ser Leu Pro Gly 275

Lys Lys Val Gly Ala Glu Asp Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Lys Ala Cys Lys 290

Pro Ser Asp Gln Ile Leu Lys Leu Leu Ser Leu Trp Arg Ile Lys Asn

Gly Asp Gln Asp Thr Leu Lys Gly Leu Met His Ala Leu Lys His Ser 320

Lys Thr Tyr His Phe Pro Lys Thr Val Thr Gln Ser Leu Lys Lys Thr 340

Ile Arg Phe Leu His Ser Phe Thr Met Tyr Lys Leu Tyr Gln Lys Leu

Phe Leu Glu Met Ile Gly Asn Gln Val Gln Ser Val Lys Ile Ser Ser 370

Leu 380

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:67:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 360 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid (C) STRANDEDNESS:

 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: -21..0
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Protein
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..339
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "OCIF-DCR1"
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:67:

Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile

Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Pro Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser

Trp His Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Leu Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys Lys Arg Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys Ala Pro Cys Arg Lys His Thr Asn Cys Ser Val Phe Gly Leu Leu Thr Gln Lys Gly Asn Ala Thr His Asp Asn Ile Cys Ser Gly Asn Ser Glu Ser Thr Gln Lys Cys Gly Ile Asp Val Thr Leu 135 Cys Glu Glu Ala Phe Phe Arg Phe Ala Val Pro Thr Lys Phe Thr Pro Asn Trp Leu Ser Val Leu Val Asp Asn Leu Pro Gly Thr Lys Val Asn Ala Glu Ser Val Glu Arg Ile Lys Arg Gln His Ser Ser Gln Glu Gln Thr Phe Gln Leu Leu Lys Leu Trp Lys His Gln Asn Lys Asp Gln Asp 195 Ile Val Lys Lys Ile Ile Gln Asp Ile Asp Leu Cys Glu Asn Ser Val Gln Arg His Ile Gly His Ala Asn Leu Thr Phe Glu Gln Leu Arg Ser 225 230 Leu Met Glu Ser Leu Pro Gly Lys Lys Val Gly Ala Glu Asp Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Lys Ala Cys Lys Pro Ser Asp Gln Ile Leu Lys Leu Leu Ser Leu Trp Arg Ile Lys Asn Gly Asp Gln Asp Thr Leu Lys Gly Leu 275 Met His Ala Leu Lys His Ser Lys Thr Tyr His Phe Pro Lys Thr Val Thr Gln Ser Leu Lys Lys Thr Ile Arg Phe Leu His Ser Phe Thr Met 310 Tyr Lys Leu Tyr Gln Lys Leu Phe Leu Glu Met Ile Gly Asn Gln Val 325 Gln Ser Val Lys Ile Ser Cys Leu 335

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:68:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 359 amino acids

- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS:
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: -21..0
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Protein
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..338
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "OCIF-DCR2"
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:68:
- Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile
 -20 -15 -10
- Lys Trp Thr Thr Glu Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp
 -5
 1
 0
- Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro Pro Gly Thr 15 20 25
- Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr Val Cys Ala Glu 30 35 40
- Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys His Arg
 45 50 55
- Asn Thr Val Cys Lys Arg Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu Thr 80 85 90
- Ser Ser Lys Ala Pro Cys Arg Lys His Thr Asn Cys Ser Val Phe Gly 95 100 105
- Leu Leu Thr Gln Lys Gly Asn Ala Thr His Asp Asn Ile Cys Ser 110 115 120
- Gly Asn Ser Glu Ser Thr Gln Lys Cys Gly Ile Asp Val Thr Leu Cys 125 130 135
- Glu Glu Ala Phe Phe Arg Phe Ala Val Pro Thr Lys Phe Thr Pro Asn 140 145 150 155
- Trp Leu Ser Val Leu Val Asp Asn Leu Pro Gly Thr Lys Val Asn Ala 160 165 170
- Glu Ser Val Glu Arg Ile Lys Arg Gln His Ser Ser Gln Glu Gln Thr 175 180 185
- Phe Gln Leu Leu Lys Leu Trp Lys His Gln Asn Lys Asp Gln Asp Ile 190 195 200
- Val Lys Lys Ile Ile Gln Asp Ile Asp Leu Cys Glu Asn Ser Val Gln 205 210 215
- Arg His Ile Gly His Ala Asn Leu Thr Phe Glu Gln Leu Arg Ser Leu 220 225 230 235
- Met Glu Ser Leu Pro Gly Lys Lys Val Gly Ala Glu Asp Ile Glu Lys

240 245

250

Thr Ile Lys Ala Cys Lys Pro Ser Asp Gln Ile Leu Lys Leu Leu Ser 255 260 265

Leu Trp Arg Ile Lys Asn Gly Asp Gln Asp Thr Leu Lys Gly Leu Met 270 275 280

His Ala Leu Lys His Ser Lys Thr Tyr His Phe Pro Lys Thr Val Thr 285 290 295

Gln Ser Leu Lys Lys Thr Ile Arg Phe Leu His Ser Phe Thr Met Tyr 300 305 310 315

Lys Leu Tyr Gln Lys Leu Phe Leu Glu Met Ile Gly Asn Gln Val Gln 320 325 330

Ser Val Lys Ile Ser Cys Leu 335

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:69:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 363 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: -21..0
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Protein
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..342
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "OCIF-DCR3"
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:69:

Met Asn Asn Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile
-20 -15 -10

Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp -5 5 10

Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro Pro Gly Thr
15 20 25

Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr Val Cys Ala Pro 30 35 40

Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys 45 50 55

Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Leu Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu 60 65 70 75

Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Arg Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe 80 85 90

Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys Ala Pro Cys Arg Lys His Thr Asn Cys 95 100 105

Ser Val Phe Gly Leu Leu Thr Gln Lys Gly Asn Ala Thr His Asp

110 115 120

Asn Ile Cys Ser Gly Asn Ser Glu Ser Thr Gln Lys Cys Gly Ile Asp 125 130 135

Val Thr Leu Cys Glu Glu Ala Phe Phe Arg Phe Ala Val Pro Thr Lys 140 145 150 155

Phe Thr Pro Asn Trp Leu Ser Val Leu Val Asp Asn Leu Pro Gly Thr 160 165 170

Lys Val Asn Ala Glu Ser Val Glu Arg Ile Lys Arg Gln His Ser Ser 175 180 185

Gln Glu Gln Thr Phe Gln Leu Leu Lys Leu Trp Lys His Gln Asn Lys 190 195 200

Asp Gln Asp Ile Val Lys Lys Ile Ile Gln Asp Ile Asp Leu Cys Glu 205 210 215

Asn Ser Val Gln Arg His Ile Gly His Ala Asn Leu Thr Phe Glu Gln 220 235 230 235

Leu Arg Ser Leu Met Glu Ser Leu Pro Gly Lys Lys Val Gly Ala Glu 240 245 250

Asp Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Lys Ala Cys Lys Pro Ser Asp Gln Ile Leu 255 260 265

Lys Leu Ser Leu Trp Arg Ile Lys Asn Gly Asp Gln Asp Thr Leu 270 275 280

Lys Gly Leu Met His Ala Leu Lys His Ser Lys Thr Tyr His Phe Pro 285 290 295

Lys Thr Val Thr Gln Ser Leu Lys Lys Thr Ile Arg Phe Leu His Ser 300 305 310 315

Phe Thr Met Tyr Lys Leu Tyr Gln Lys Leu Phe Leu Glu Met Ile Gly 320 325 330

Asn Gln Val Gln Ser Val Lys Ile Ser Cys Leu 335 340

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:70:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 359 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: -21..0
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Protein
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..338
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "OCIF-DCR4"
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:70:

Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile

-20 -15 -10

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Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro Pro Gly Thr Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr Val Cys Ala Pro Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Leu Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe 100 Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys Lys Ser 115 Gly Asn Ser Glu Ser Thr Gln Lys Cys Gly Ile Asp Val Thr Leu Cys Glu Glu Ala Phe Phe Arg Phe Ala Val Pro Thr Lys Phe Thr Pro Asn 150 145 Trp Leu Ser Val Leu Val Asp Asn Leu Pro Gly Thr Lys Val Asn Ala Glu Ser Val Glu Arg Ile Lys Arg Gln His Ser Ser Gln Glu Gln Thr 180 Phe Gln Leu Leu Lys Leu Trp Lys His Gln Asn Lys Asp Gln Asp Ile Val Lys Lys Ile Ile Gln Asp Ile Asp Leu Cys Glu Asn Ser Val Gln 210 Arg His Ile Gly His Ala Asn Leu Thr Phe Glu Gln Leu Arg Ser Leu 230 Met Glu Ser Leu Pro Gly Lys Lys Val Gly Ala Glu Asp Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Lys Ala Cys Lys Pro Ser Asp Gln Ile Leu Lys Leu Leu Ser Leu Trp Arg Ile Lys Asn Gly Asp Gln Asp Thr Leu Lys Gly Leu Met 275 280 His Ala Leu Lys His Ser Lys Thr Tyr His Phe Pro Lys Thr Val Thr 290 Gln Ser Leu Lys Lys Thr Ile Arg Phe Leu His Ser Phe Thr Met Tyr 305 310 Lys Leu Tyr Gln Lys Leu Phe Leu Glu Met Ile Gly Asn Gln Val Gln 325 Ser Val Lys Ile Ser Cys Leu 335

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:71:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 326 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: -21..0
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Protein
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..305
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "OCIF-DDD1"
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:71:
- Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile
 -20 -15 -10

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- Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp
 -5 1 5 10
- Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro Pro Gly Thr
 15 20 25
- Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr Val Cys Ala Pro 30 35 40
- Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys 45 50 55
- Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Leu Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu 60 65 70 75
- Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr
 80 85 90
- Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe 95 100 105
- Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys Lys Arg 110 115 120
- Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys Ala Pro Cys 125 130 135
- Arg Lys His Thr Asn Cys Ser Val Phe Gly Leu Leu Leu Thr Gln Lys 140 155
- Gly Asn Ala Thr His Asp Asn Ile Cys Ser Gly Asn Ser Glu Ser Thr
 160 165 170
- Gln Lys Cys Gly Ile Asp Ile Asp Leu Cys Glu Asn Ser Val Gln Arg 175 180 185
- His Ile Gly His Ala Asn Leu Thr Phe Glu Gln Leu Arg Ser Leu Met 190 195 200
- Glu Ser Leu Pro Gly Lys Lys Val Gly Ala Glu Asp Ile Glu Lys Thr 205 210 215

Ile Lys Ala Cys Lys Pro Ser Asp Gln Ile Leu Lys Leu Leu Ser Leu 220 235 230 235

Trp Arg Ile Lys Asn Gly Asp Gln Asp Thr Leu Lys Gly Leu Met His 240 245 250

Ala Leu Lys His Ser Lys Thr Tyr His Phe Pro Lys Thr Val Thr Gln 255 260 265

Ser Leu Lys Lys Thr Ile Arg Phe Leu His Ser Phe Thr Met Tyr Lys 270 275 280

Leu Tyr Gln Lys Leu Phe Leu Glu Met Ile Gly Asn Gln Val Gln Ser 285 290 295

Val Lys Ile Ser Cys Leu 300 305

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:72:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 327 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: -21..0
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Protein
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..306
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "OCIF-DDD2"
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:72:
- Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile
 -20 -15 -10
- Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp -5 10
- Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro Pro Gly Thr 15 20 25
- Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr Val Cys Ala Pro 30 35 40
- Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys
 45 50 55
- Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Leu Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu 60 70 75
- Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr 80 85 90
- Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe 95 100 105
- Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys Lys Arg 110 115 120

Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys Ala Pro Cys 125 130 135

Arg Lys His Thr Asn Cys Ser Val Phe Gly Leu Leu Thr Gln Lys 140 150 150

Gly Asn Ala Thr His Asp Asn Ile Cys Ser Gly Asn Ser Glu Ser Thr 160 165 170

Gln Lys Cys Gly Ile Asp Val Thr Leu Cys Glu Glu Ala Phe Phe Arg 175 180 185

Phe Ala Val Pro Thr Lys Phe Thr Pro Asn Trp Leu Ser Val Leu Val 190 195 200

Asp Asn Leu Pro Gly Thr Lys Val Asn Ala Glu Ser Val Glu Arg Ile 205 210 215

Lys Arg Gln His Ser Ser Gln Glu Gln Thr Phe Gln Leu Leu Lys Leu 220 225 230 235

Trp Lys His Gln Asn Lys Asp Gln Asp Ile Val Lys Lys Ile Ile Gln 240 245 250

Asp Ala Leu Lys His Ser Lys Thr Tyr His Phe Pro Lys Thr Val Thr 255 260 265

Gln Ser Leu Lys Lys Thr Ile Arg Phe Leu His Ser Phe Thr Met Tyr 270 275 280

Lys Leu Tyr Gln Lys Leu Phe Leu Glu Met Ile Gly Asn Gln Val Gln 285 290 295

Ser Val Lys Ile Ser Cys Leu 300 305

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:73:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 399 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: -21..0
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Protein
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..378
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "OCIF-CL"
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:73:

Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile
-20 -15 -10

Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp
-5 5 10

Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro Pro Gly Thr
15 20 25

Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr Val Cys Ala Pro Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys 50 Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Leu Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys Lys Arg 115 Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys Ala Pro Cys 130 Arg Lys His Thr Asn Cys Ser Val Phe Gly Leu Leu Thr Gln Lys 150 145 Gly Asn Ala Thr His Asp Asn Ile Cys Ser Gly Asn Ser Glu Ser Thr Gln Lys Cys Gly Ile Asp Val Thr Leu Cys Glu Glu Ala Phe Phe Arg Phe Ala Val Pro Thr Lys Phe Thr Pro Asn Trp Leu Ser Val Leu Val Asp Asn Leu Pro Gly Thr Lys Val Asn Ala Glu Ser Val Glu Arg Ile 210 Lys Arg Gln His Ser Ser Gln Glu Gln Thr Phe Gln Leu Leu Lys Leu 225 230 Trp Lys His Gln Asn Lys Asp Gln Asp Ile Val Lys Lys Ile Ile Gln 240 245 Asp Ile Asp Leu Cys Glu Asn Ser Val Gln Arg His Ile Gly His Ala Asn Leu Thr Phe Glu Gln Leu Arg Ser Leu Met Glu Ser Leu Pro Gly Lys Lys Val Gly Ala Glu Asp Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Lys Ala Cys Lys 290 Pro Ser Asp Gln Ile Leu Lys Leu Leu Ser Leu Trp Arg Ile Lys Asn Gly Asp Gln Asp Thr Leu Lys Gly Leu Met His Ala Leu Lys His Ser Lys Thr Tyr His Phe Pro Lys Thr Val Thr Gln Ser Leu Lys Lys Thr Ile Arg Phe Leu His Ser Phe Thr Met Tyr Lys Leu Tyr Gln Lys Leu 355 Phe Leu Glu Met Ile Gly Asn Gln Val Gln Ser Val Lys Ile Ser 370

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:74:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 351 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid(C) STRANDEDNESS:

 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: -21..0
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Protein
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..330
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "OCIF-CC"
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:74:
- Met Asn Asn Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile -15
- Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp
- Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro Pro Gly Thr
- Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr Val Cys Ala Pro
- Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys
- Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Leu Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu
- Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr
- Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe 100
- Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys Lys Arg
- Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys Ala Pro Cys 130 135
- Arg Lys His Thr Asn Cys Ser Val Phe Gly Leu Leu Thr Gln Lys
- Gly Asn Ala Thr His Asp Asn Ile Cys Ser Gly Asn Ser Glu Ser Thr
- Gln Lys Cys Gly Ile Asp Val Thr Leu Cys Glu Glu Ala Phe Phe Arg 180
- Phe Ala Val Pro Thr Lys Phe Thr Pro Asn Trp Leu Ser Val Leu Val 195
- Asp Asn Leu Pro Gly Thr Lys Val Asn Ala Glu Ser Val Glu Arg Ile
- Lys Arg Gln His Ser Ser Gln Glu Gln Thr Phe Gln Leu Leu Lys Leu 225 230

Trp Lys His Gln Asn Lys Asp Gln Asp Ile Val Lys Lys Ile Ile Gln 240 245 250

Asp Ile Asp Leu Cys Glu Asn Ser Val Gln Arg His Ile Gly His Ala 255 260 265

Asn Leu Thr Phe Glu Gln Leu Arg Ser Leu Met Glu Ser Leu Pro Gly 270 275 280

Lys Lys Val Gly Ala Glu Asp Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Lys Ala Cys Lys 285 290 295

Pro Ser Asp Gln Ile Leu Lys Leu Leu Ser Leu Trp Arg Ile Lys Asn 300 305 310 310

Gly Asp Gln Asp Thr Leu Lys Gly Leu Met His Ala Leu Lys His 320 325 330

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:75:

- (i) SEOUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 272 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: -21..0
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Protein
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..251
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "OCIF-CDD2"
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:75:

Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile
-20 -15 -10

Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp
-5 1 5 10

Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro Pro Gly Thr
15 20 25

Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr Val Cys Ala Pro 30 35 40

Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys
45 50 55

Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Leu Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu 60 65 70 75

Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr 80 85 90

Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe 95 100 105

Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys Lys Arg

Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys Ala Pro Cys 125
Arg Lys His Thr Asn Cys Ser Val Phe Gly Leu Leu Leu Thr Gln Lys 155
Gly Asn Ala Thr His Asp Asn Ile Cys Ser Gly Asn Ser Glu Ser Thr 170
Gln Lys Cys Gly Ile Asp Val Thr Leu Cys Glu Glu Ala Phe Phe Arg 185
Phe Ala Val Pro Thr Lys Phe Thr 195
Asp Asn Leu Pro Gly Thr Lys Val Asn Ala Glu Ser Val Glu Arg Ile Lys Arg Gln His Ser Ser Gln Glu Glu Arg Ile Lys Arg Gln His Ser Ser Gln Glu Glu Lys Lys Leu 235
Trp Lys His Gln Asn Lys Asp Gln Asp Ile Val Lys Lys Ile Ile Gln

of White

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:76:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 197 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: -21..0
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Protein
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..176
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "OCIF-CDD1"
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:76:
- Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile
 -20 -15 -10
- Lys Trp Thr Thr Glu Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp -5 1 10
- Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro Pro Gly Thr 15 20 25
- Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr Val Cys Ala Pro 30 35 40
- Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys
 45 50 55
- Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Leu Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu 60 65 70 75
- Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr

85

90

Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe 95 100 105

Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys Lys Arg 110 115 120

Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys Ala Pro Cys 125 130 135

Arg Lys His Thr Asn Cys Ser Val Phe Gly Leu Leu Thr Gln Lys 140 155 150

Gly Asn Ala Thr His Asp Asn Ile Cys Ser Gly Asn Ser Glu Ser Thr 160 165 170

Gln Lys Cys Gly Ile 175

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:77:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 143 amino acids

80

- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS:
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: -21..0
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Protein
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..122
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "OCIF-CCR4"
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEO ID NO:77:

Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile
-20 -15 -10

Lys Trp Thr Thr Glu Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp -5 10

Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro Pro Gly Thr
15 20 25

Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr Val Cys Ala Pro 30 35 40

Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys
45 50 55

Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Leu Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu 60 65 70 75

Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr 80 85 90

Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe 95 100 105

Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys Lys

110 115 120

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:78:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 106 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: -21..0
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Protein
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..85
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "OCIF-CCR3"
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:78:
- Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile
 -20 -15 -10
- Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp -5 1 10
- Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro Pro Gly Thr
 15 20 25
- Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr Val Cys Ala Pro 30 35 40
- Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys
 45 50 55
- Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Leu Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu 60 65 70 75
- Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu 80 85
- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:79:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 393 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: -21..0
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Protein
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..372
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "OCIF-CBst"
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:79:

Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile -15 Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro Pro Gly Thr Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr Val Cys Ala Pro Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Leu Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu 70 Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe 100 Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys Lys Arg 115 120 Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys Ala Pro Cys 130 Arg Lys His Thr Asn Cys Ser Val Phe Gly Leu Leu Leu Thr Gln Lys 145 150 Gly Asn Ala Thr His Asp Asn Ile Cys Ser Gly Asn Ser Glu Ser Thr Gln Lys Cys Gly Ile Asp Val Thr Leu Cys Glu Glu Ala Phe Phe Arg 180 Phe Ala Val Pro Thr Lys Phe Thr Pro Asn Trp Leu Ser Val Leu Val 195 Asp Asn Leu Pro Gly Thr Lys Val Asn Ala Glu Ser Val Glu Arg Ile 210 Lys Arg Gln His Ser Ser Gln Glu Gln Thr Phe Gln Leu Leu Lys Leu 225 230 Trp Lys His Gln Asn Lys Asp Gln Asp Ile Val Lys Lys Ile Ile'Gln Asp Ile Asp Leu Cys Glu Asn Ser Val Gln Arg His Ile Gly His Ala Asn Leu Thr Phe Glu Gln Leu Arg Ser Leu Met Glu Ser Leu Pro Gly 275 280 Lys Lys Val Gly Ala Glu Asp Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Lys Ala Cys Lys 290 285 Pro Ser Asp Gln Ile Leu Lys Leu Leu Ser Leu Trp Arg Ile Lys Asn 305 310 Gly Asp Gln Asp Thr Leu Lys Gly Leu Met His Ala Leu Lys His Ser 320 Lys Thr Tyr His Phe Pro Lys Thr Val Thr Gln Ser Leu Lys Lys Thr 335 340 345

Ile Arg Phe Leu His Ser Phe Thr Met Tyr Lys Leu Tyr Gln Lys Leu 350 360

Phe Leu Glu Met Ile Gly Asn Leu Val 365 370

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:80:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 321 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: -21..0
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Protein
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..300
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "OCIF-CSph"
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:80:
- Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile
 -20 -15 -10
- Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp
 -5 1 10
- Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro Pro Gly Thr
 15 20 25
- Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr Val Cys Ala 'Pro 30 35 40
- Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys
 45 50 55
- Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Leu Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu 60 65 70 75
- Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr 80 85 90
- Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe 95 100 105
- Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val. Cys Lys Arg
- Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys Ala Pro Cys
- Arg Lys His Thr Asn Cys Ser Val Phe Gly Leu Leu Thr Gln Lys 140 145 150 150
- Gly Asn Ala Thr His Asp Asn Ile Cys Ser Gly Asn Ser Glu Ser Thr 160 165 170
- Gln Lys Cys Gly Ile Asp Val Thr Leu Cys Glu Glu Ala Phe Phe Arg

175 180 189

Phe Ala Val Pro Thr Lys Phe Thr Pro Asn Trp Leu Ser Val Leu Val

Asp Asn Leu Pro Gly Thr Lys Val Asn Ala Glu Ser Val Glu Arg Ile 205 210 215

Lys Arg Gln His Ser Ser Gln Glu Gln Thr Phe Gln Leu Leu Lys Leu 220 225 230 230

Trp Lys His Gln Asn Lys Asp Gln Asp Ile Val Lys Lys Ile Ile Gln 240 245 250

Asp Ile Asp Leu Cys Glu Asn Ser Val Gln Arg His Ile Gly His Ala 255 260 265

Asn Leu Thr Phe Glu Gln Leu Arg Ser Leu Met Glu Ser Leu Pro Gly 270 275 280

Lys Lys Val Gly Ala Glu Asp Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Lys Ala Ser Leu 285 · 290 295

Asp

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:81:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 187 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: -21..0
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Protein
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..166
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "OCIF-CBsp"
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:81:

Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile

Lys Trp Thr Thr Glu Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp -5 10

Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro Pro Gly Thr
15 20 25

Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr Val Cys Ala Pro 30 35 40

Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys
45 50 55

Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Leu Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu 60 65 70 75

Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr

80 85 90

Laborated Branch Laborated A. S. S.

Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe 95 100 105

Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys Lys Arg

Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys Ala Pro Cys 125 130 135

Arg Lys His Thr Asn Cys Ser Val Phe Gly Leu Leu Thr Gln Lys 140 150 150

Gly Asn Ala Thr His Asp Asn Ile Cys Ser Gly 160 165

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:82:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 84 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
 - (B) LOCATION: -21..0
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: Protein
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..63
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "OCIF-CPst"
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:82:

Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile
-20 -15 -10

Lys Trp Thr Thr Glu Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp -5 1 10

Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro Pro Gly Thr 15 20 25

Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr Val Cys Ala Pro $30 \hspace{1cm} 35 \hspace{1cm} 40$

Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys
45 50 55

Leu Tyr Leu Val

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:83:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 1206 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: -
- (B) LOCATION: 1..1206
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF-C19S)"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:83:

ATGAACAACT	TGCTGTGCTG	CGCGCTCGTG	TTTCTGGACA	TCTCCATTAA	GTGGACCACC	60
CAGGAAACGT	TTCCTCCAAA	GTACCTTCAT	TATGACGAAG	AAACCTCTCA	TCAGCTGTTG	120
TGTGACAAAT	GTCCTCCTGG	TACCTACCTA	AAACAACACT	GTACAGCAAA	GTGGAAGACC	180
GTGTGCGCCC	CTTGCCCTGA	CCACTACTAC	ACAGACAGCT	GGCACACCAG	TGACGAGTGT	240
CTATACTGCA	GCCCCGTGTG	CAAGGAGCTG	CAGTACGTCA	AGCAGGAGTG	CAATCGCACC	300
CACAACCGCG	TGTGCGAATG	CAAGGAAGGG	CGCTACCTTG	AGATAGAGTT	CTGCTTGAAA	360
CATAGGAGCT	GCCCTCCTGG	ATTTGGAGTG	GTGCAAGCTG	GAACCCCAGA	GCGAAATACA	420
GTTTGCAAAA	GATGTCCAGA	TGGGTTCTTC	TCAAATGAGA	CGTCATCTAA	AGCACCCTGT	. 480
AGAAAACACA	CAAATTGCAG	TGTCTTTGGT	CTCCTGCTAA	CTCAGAAAGG	AAATGCAACA	540
CACGACAACA	TATGTTCCGG	AAACAGTGAA	TCAACTCAAA	AAAGTGGAAT	AGATGTTACC	600
CTGTGTGAGG	AGGCATTCTT	CAGGTTTGCT	GTTCCTACAA	AGTTTACGCC	TAACTGGCTT	660
AGTGTCTTGG	TAGACAATTT	GCCTGGCACC	AAAGTAAACG	CAGAGAGTGT	AGAGAGGATA	720
AAACGGCAAC	ACAGCTCACA	AGAACAGACT	TTCCAGCTGC	TGAAGTTATG	GAAACATCAA	780
AACAAAGACC	AAGATATAGT	CAAGAAGATC	ATCCAAGATA	TTGACCTCTG	TGAAAACAGC	840
GTGCAGCGGC	ACATTGGACA	TGCTAACCTC	ACCTTCGAGC	AGCTTCGTAG	CTTGATGGAA	900
AGCTTACCGG	GAAAGAAAGT	GGGAGCAGAA	GACATTGAAA	АААСААТААА	GGCATGCAAA	960
CCCAGTGACC	AGATCCTGAA	GCTGCTCAGT	TTGTGGCGAA	TAAAAAATGG	CGACCAAGAC	1020
ACCTTGAAGG	GCCTAATGCA	CGCACTAAAG	CACTCAAAGA	CGTACCACTT	TCCCAAAACT	1080
GTCACTCAGA	GTCTAAAGAA	GACCATCAGG	TTCCTTCACA	GCTTCACAAT	GTACAAATTG	1140
TATCAGAAGT	TATTTTTAGA	AATGATAGGT	AACCAGGTCC	AATCAGTAAA	AATAAGCTGC	1200
TTATAA						1206

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:84:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 1206 base pairs

 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: -
- (B) LOCATION: 1..1206
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF-C20S)"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:84: ATGAACAACT TGCTGTGCTG CGCGCTCGTG TTTCTGGACA TCTCCATTAA GTGGACCACC 60 CAGGAAACGT TTCCTCCAAA GTACCTTCAT TATGACGAAG AAACCTCTCA TCAGCTGTTG 120 TGTGACAAAT GTCCTCCTGG TACCTACCTA AAACAACACT GTACAGCAAA GTGGAAGACC 180 GTGTGCGCCC CTTGCCCTGA CCACTACTAC ACAGACAGCT GGCACACCAG TGACGAGTGT 240 CTATACTGCA GCCCCGTGTG CAAGGAGCTG CAGTACGTCA AGCAGGAGTG CAATCGCACC 300 CACAACCGCG TGTGCGAATG CAAGGAAGGG CGCTACCTTG AGATAGAGTT CTGCTTGAAA 360 CATAGGAGCT GCCCTCCTGG ATTTGGAGTG GTGCAAGCTG GAACCCCAGA GCGAAATACA 420 GTTTGCAAAA GATGTCCAGA TGGGTTCTTC TCAAATGAGA CGTCATCTAA AGCACCCTGT 480 AGAAAACACA CAAATTGCAG TGTCTTTGGT CTCCTGCTAA CTCAGAAAGG AAATGCAACA 540 CACGACAACA TATGTTCCGG AAACAGTGAA TCAACTCAAA AATGTGGAAT AGATGTTACC 600 CTGAGTGAGG AGGCATTCTT CAGGTTTGCT GTTCCTACAA AGTTTACGCC TAACTGGCTT 660 AGTGTCTTGG TAGACAATTT GCCTGGCACC AAAGTAAACG CAGAGAGTGT AGAGAGGATA 720 AAACGGCAAC ACAGCTCACA AGAACAGACT TTCCAGCTGC TGAAGTTATG GAAACATCAA 780 AACAAAGACC AAGATATAGT CAAGAAGATC ATCCAAGATA TTGACCTCTG TGAAAACAGC 840 GTGCAGCGGC ACATTGGACA TGCTAACCTC ACCTTCGAGC AGCTTCGTAG CTTGATGGAA 900 AGCTTACCGG GAAAGAAGT GGGAGCAGAA GACATTGAAA AAACAATAAA GGCATGCAAA 960 CCCAGTGACC AGATCCTGAA GCTGCTCAGT TTGTGGCGAA TAAAAAATGG CGACCAAGAC 1020 ACCTTGAAGG GCCTAATGCA CGCACTAAAG CACTCAAAGA CGTACCACTT TCCCAAAACT 1080 GTCACTCAGA GTCTAAAGAA GACCATCAGG TTCCTTCACA GCTTCACAAT GTACAAATTG 1140 TATCAGAAGT TATTTTAGA AATGATAGGT AACCAGGTCC AATCAGTAAA AATAAGCTGC 1200

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:85:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 1206 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(ix) FEATURE:

TTATAA

- (A) NAME/KEY: -
- (B) LOCATION: 1..1206
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF-C21S)"
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:85:

ATGAACAACT TGCTGTGCTG CGCGCTCGTG TTTCTGGACA TCTCCATTAA GTGGACCACC 60
CAGGAAACGT TTCCTCCAAA GTACCTTCAT TATGACGAAG AAACCTCTCA TCAGCTGTTG 120
TGTGACAAAT GTCCTCCTGG TACCTACCTA AAACAACAC GTACAGCAAA GTGGAAGACC 180

1206

GTGTGCGCCC	CTTGCCCTGA	CCACTACTAC	ACAGACAGCT	GGCACACCAG	TGACGAGTGT	240
CTATACTGCA	GCCCCGTGTG	CAAGGAGCTG	CAGTACGTCA	AGCAGGAGTG	CAATCGCACC	300
CACAACCGCG	TGTGCGAATG	CAAGGAAGGG	CGCTACCTTG	AGATAGAGTT	CTGCTTGAAA	360
CATAGGAGCT	GCCCTCCTGG	ATTTGGAGTG	GTGCAAGCTG	GAACCCCAGA	GCGAAATACA	420
GTTTGCAAAA	GATGTCCAGA	TGGGTTCTTC	TCAAATGAGA	CGTCATCTAA	AGCACCCTGT	480
AGAAAACACA	CAAATTGCAG	TGTCTTTGGT	CTCCTGCTAA	CTCAGAAAGG	AAATGCAACA	540
CACGACAACA	TATGTTCCGG	AAACAGTGAA	TCAACTCAAA	AATGTGGAAT	AGATGTTACC	600
CTGTGTGAGG	AGGCATTCTT	CAGGTTTGCT	GTTCCTACAA	AGTTTACGCC	TAACTGGCTT	660
AGTGTCTTGG	TAGACAATTT	GCCTGGCACC	AAAGTAAACG	CAGAGAGTGT	AGAGAGGATA	720
AAACGGCAAC	ACAGCTCACA	AGAACAGACT	TTCCAGCTGC	TGAAGTTATG	GAAACATCAA	780
AACAAAGACC	AAGATATAGT	CAAGAAGATC	ATCCAAGATA	TTGACCTCAG	TGAAAACAGC	840
GTGCAGCGGC	ACATTGGACA	TGCTAACCTC	ACCTTCGAGC	AGCTTCGTAG	CTTGATGGAA	900
AGCTTACCGG	GAAAGAAAGT	GGGAGCAGAA	GACATTGAAA	AAACAATAAA	GGCATGCAAA	960
CCCAGTGACC	AGATCCTGAA	GCTGCTCAGT	TTGTGGCGAA	TAAAAAATGG	CGACCAAGAC	1020
ACCTTGAAGG	GCCTAATGCA	CGCACTAAAG	CACTCAAAGA	CGTACCACTT	TCCCAAAACT	1080
GTCACTCAGA	GTCTAAAGAA	GACCATCAGG	TTCCTTCACA	GCTTCACAAT	GTACAAATTG	1140
TATCAGAAGT	TATTTTTAGA	AATGATAGGT	AACCAGGTCC	AATCAGTAAA	AATAAGCTGC	1200
TTATAA			•			1206

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:86:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 1206 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: -
- (B) LOCATION: 1..1206
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF-C22S)"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:86:

ATGAACACT TGCTGTGCTG CGCGCTCGTG TTTCTGGACA TCTCCATTAA GTGGACCACC 60
CAGGAAACGT TTCCTCCAAA GTACCTTCAT TATGACGAAG AAACCTCTCA TCAGCTGTTG 120
TGTGACAAAT GTCCTCCTGG TACCTACCTA AAACAACACT GTACAGCAAA GTGGAAGACC 180
GTGTGCGCCC CTTGCCCTGA CCACTACTAC ACAGACAGCT GGCACACCAG TGACGAGTGT 240
CTATACTGCA GCCCCGTGTG CAAGGAGCTG CAGTACGTCA AGCAGGAGTG CAATCGCACC 300
CACAACCGCG TGTGCGAATG CAAGGAAGGG CGCTACCTTG AGATAGAGTT CTGCTTGAAA 360

CATAGGAGCT	GCCCTCCTGG	ATTTGGAGTG	GTGCAAGCTG	GAACCCCAGA	GCGAAATACA	420
GTTTGCAAAA	GATGTCCAGA	TGGGTTCTTC	TCAAATGAGA	CGTCATCTAA	AGCACCCTGT	480
AGAAAACACA	CAAATTGCAG	TGTCTTTGGT	CTCCTGCTAA	CTCAGAAAGG	AAATGCAACA	540
CACGACAACA	TATGTTCCGG	AAACAGTGAA	TCAACTCAAA	AATGTGGAAT	AGATGTTACC	600
CTGTGTGAGG	AGGCATTCTT	CAGGTTTGCT	GTTCCTACAA	AGTTTACGCC	TAACTGGCTT	660
AGTGTCTTGG	TAGACAATTT	GCCTGGCACC	AAAGTAAACG	CAGAGAGTGT	AGAGAGGATA	720
AAACGGCAAC	ACAGCTCACA	AGAACAGACT	TTCCAGCTGC	TGAAGTTATG	GAAACATCAA	780
AACAAAGACC	AAGATATAGT	CAAGAAGATC	ATCCAAGATA	TTGACCTCTG	TGAAAACAGC	840
GTGCAGCGGC	ACATTGGACA	TGCTAACCTC	ACCTTCGAGC	AGCTTCGTAG	CTTGATGGAA	900
AGCTTACCGG	GAAAGAAAGT	GGGAGCAGAA	GACATTGAAA	AAACAATAAA	GGCAAGCAAA	960
CCCAGTGACC	AGATCCTGAA	GCTGCTCAGT	TTGTGGCGAA	TAAAAAATGG	CGACCAAGAC	1020
ACCTTGAAGG	GCCTAATGCA	CGCACTAAAG	CACTCAAAGA	CGTACCACTT	TCCCAAAACT	1080
GTCACTCAGA	GTCTAAAGAA	GACCATCAGG	TTCCTTCACA	GCTTCACAAT	GTACAAATTG	1140
TATCAGAAGT	TATTTTTAGA	AATGATAGGT	AACCAGGTCC	AATCAGTAAA	AATAAGCTGC	1200
TTATAA						1206

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:87:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 1206 base pairs

 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA
- (ix) FEATURE:

 - (A) NAME/KEY: -(B) LOCATION: 1..1206
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF-C23S)"
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:87:

ATGAACAACT	TGCTGTGCTG	CGCGCTCGTG	TTTCTGGACA	TCTCCATTAA	GTGGACCACC	60
CAGGAAACGT	TTCCTCCAAA	GTACCTTCAT	TATGACGAAG	AAACCTCTCA	TCAGCTGTTG	120
TGTGACAAAT	GTCCTCCTGG	TACCTACCTA	AAACAACACT	GTACAGCAAA	GTGGAAGACC	180
GTGTGCGCCC	CTTGCCCTGA	CCACTACTAC	ACAGACAGCT	GGCACACCAG	TGACGAGTGT	240
CTATACTGCA	GCCCCGTGTG	CAAGGAGCTG	CAGTACGTCA	AGCAGGAGTG	CAATCGCACC	300
CACAACCGCG	TGTGCGAATG	CAAGGAAGGG	CGCTACCTTG	AGATAGAGTT	CTGCTTGAAA	360
CATAGGAGCT	GCCCTCCTGG	ATTTGGAGTG	GTGCAAGCTG	GAACCCCAGA	GCGAAATACA	420
GTTTGCAAAA	GATGTCCAGA	TGGGTTCTTC	TCAAATGAGA	CGTCATCTAA	AGCACCCTGT	480
AGAAAACACA	CAAATTGCAG	TGTCTTTGGT	CTCCTGCTAA	CTCAGAAAGG	AAATGCAACA	540
CACGACAACA	TATGTTCCGG	AAACAGTGAA	TCAACTCAAA	AATGTGGAAT	AGATGTTACC	600

CI	GTGTGAGG	AGGCATTCTT	CAGGTTTGCT	GTTCCTACAA	AGTTTACGCC	TAACTGGCTT	660
AG	TGTCTTGG	TAGACAATTT	GCCTGGCACC	AAAGTAAACG	CAGAGAGTGT	AGAGAGGATA	720
ΑA	ACGGCAAC	ACAGCTCACA	AGAACAGACT	TTCCAGCTGC	TGAAGTTATG	GAAACATCAA	780
ΑA	CAAAGACC	AAGATATAGT	CAAGAAGATC	ATCCAAGATA	TTGACCTCTG	TGAAAACAGC	840
GI	GCAGCGGC	ACATTGGACA	TGCTAACCTC	ACCTTCGAGC	AGCTTCGTAG	CTTGATGGAA	900
AC	CTTACCGG	GAAAGAAAGT	GGGAGCAGAA	GACATTGAAA	AAACAATAAA	GGCATGCAAA	960
CC	CCAGTGACC	AGATCCTGAA	GCTGCTCAGT	TTGTGGCGAA	TAAAAAATGG	CGACCAAGAC	1020
AC	CTTGAAGG	GCCTAATGCA	CGCACTAAAG	CACTCAAAGA	CGTACCACTT	TCCCAAAACT	1080
GT	CACTCAGA	GTCTAAAGAA	GACCATCAGG	TTCCTTCACA	GCTTCACAAT	GTACAAATTG	1140
T	ATCAGAAGT	TATTTTTAGA	AATGATAGGT	AACCAGGTCC	AATCAGTAAA	AATAAGCAGC	1200
TI	TATAA						1206

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:88:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 1083 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid

 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: -(B) LOCATION: 1..1083
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF-DCR1)"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:88:

ATGAACAACT	TGCTGTGCTG	CGCGCTCGTG	TTTCTGGACA	TCTCCATTAA	GTGGACCACC	60
CAGGAACCTT	GCCCTGACCA	CTACTACACA	GACAGCTGGC	ACACCAGTGA	CGAGTGTCTA	120
TACTGCAGCC	CCGTGTGCAA	GGAGCTGCAG	TACGTCAAGC	AGGAGTGCAA	TCGCACCCAC	180
AACCGCGTGT	GCGAATGCAA	GGAAGGCCC	TACCTTGAGA	TAGAGTTCTG	CTTGAAACAT	240
AGGAGCTGCC	CTCCTGGATT	TGGAGTGGTG	CAAGCTGGAA	CCCCAGAGCG	AAATACAGTT	300
TGCAAAAGAT	GTCCAGATGG	GTTCTTCTCA	AATGAGACGT	CATCTAAAGC	ACCCTGTAGA	360
AAACACACAA	ATTGCAGTGT	CTTTGGTCTC	CTGCTAACTC	AGAAAGGAAA	TGCAACACAC	420
GACAACATAT	GTTCCGGAAA	CAGTGAATCA	ACTCAAAAAT	GTGGAATAGA	TGTTACCCTG	480
TGTGAGGAGG	CATTCTTCAG	GTTTGCTGTT	CCTACAAAGT	TTACGCCTAA	CTGGCTTAGT	540
GTCTTGGTAG	ACAATTTGCC	TGGCACCAAA	GTAAACGCAG	AGAGTGTAGA	GAGGATAAAA	60 0
CGGCAACACA	GCTCACAAGA	ACAGACTTTC	CAGCTGCŢGA	AGTTATGGAA	ACATCAAAAC	660
AAAGACCAAG	ATATAGTCAA	GAAGATCATC	CAAGATATTG	ACCTCTGTGA	AAACAGCGTG	720
CAGCGGCACA	TTGGACATGC	TAACCTCACC	TTCGAGCAGC	TTCGTAGCTT	GATGGAAAGC	780

TTACCGGGAA	AGAAAGTGGG	AGCAGAAGAC	ATTGAAAAA	CAATAAAGGC	ATGCAAACCC	840
AGTGACCAGA	TCCTGAAGCT	GCTCAGTTTG	TGGCGAATAA	AAAATGGCGA	CCAAGACACC	900
TTGAAGGGCC	TAATGCACGC	ACTAAAGCAC	TCAAAGACGT	ACCACTTTCC	CAAAACTGTC	960
ACTCAGAGTC	TAAAGAAGAC	CATCAGGTTC	CTTCACAGCT	TCACAATGTA	CAAATTGTAT	1020
CAGAAGTTAT	TTTTAGAAAT	GATAGGTAAC	CAGGTCCAAT	CAGTAAAAAT	AAGCTGCTTA	1080
TAA						1083

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:89:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 1080 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA
- (ix) FEATURE:

 - (A) NAME/KEY: -(B) LOCATION: 1..1080
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF-DCR2)"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:89:

ATGAACAACT TGCTGTGCTG CGCGCTCGTG TTTCTGGACA TCTCCATTAA GTGGACCACC	60
CAGGAAACGT TTCCTCCAAA GTACCTTCAT TATGACGAAG AAACCTCTCA TCAGCTGTTG	120
TGTGACAAAT GTCCTCCTGG TACCTACCTA AAACAACACT GTACAGCAAA GTGGAAGACC	180
GTGTGCGCCG AATGCAAGGA AGGGCGCTAC CTTGAGATAG AGTTCTGCTT GAAACATAGG	240
AGCTGCCCTC CTGGATTTGG AGTGGTGCAA GCTGGAACCC CAGAGCGAAA TACAGTTTGC	3 0.0
AAAAGATGTC CAGATGGGTT CTTCTCAAAT GAGACGTCAT CTAAAGCACC CTGTAGAAAA	360
CACACAAATT GCAGTGTCTT TGGTCTCCTG CTAACTCAGA AAGGAAATGC AACACACGAC	420
AACATATGTT CCGGAAACAG TGAATCAACT CAAAAATGTG GAATAGATGT TACCCTGTGT	480
GAGGAGGCAT TCTTCAGGTT TGCTGTTCCT ACAAAGTTTA CGCCTAACTG GCTTAGTGTC	540
TTGGTAGACA ATTTGCCTGG CACCAAAGTA AACGCAGAGA GTGTAGAGAG GATAAAACGG	600
CAACACAGCT CACAAGAACA GACTTTCCAG CTGCTGAAGT TATGGAAACA TCAAAACAAA	660
GACCAAGATA TAGTCAAGAA GATCATCCAA GATATTGACC TCTGTGAAAA CAGCGTGCAG	720
CGGCACATTG GACATGCTAA CCTCACCTTC GAGCAGCTTC GTAGCTTGAT GGAAAGCTTA	780
CCGGGAAAGA AAGTGGGAGC AGAAGACATT GAAAAAACAA TAAAGGCATG CAAACCCAGT	840
GACCAGATCC TGAAGCTGCT CAGTTTGTGG CGAATAAAAA ATGGCGACCA AGACACCTTG	900
AAGGGCCTAA TGCACGCACT AAAGCACTCA AAGACGTACC ACTTTCCCAA AACTGTCACT	960
CAGAGTCTAA AGAAGACCAT CAGGTTCCTT CACAGCTTCA CAATGTACAA ATTGTATCAG	1020
AAGTTATTTT TAGAAATGAT AGGTAACCAG GTCCAATCAG TAAAAATAAG CTGCTTATAA	1080

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:90:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 1092 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: -(B) LOCATION: 1..1092
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF-DCR3)"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:90:

ATGAACAACT	TGCTGTGCTG	CGCGCTCGTG	TTTCTGGACA	TCTCCATTAA	GTGGACCACC	60
CAGGAAACGT	TTCCTCCAAA	GTACCTTCAT	TATGACGAAG	AAACCTCTCA	TCAGCTGTTG	120
TGTGACAAAT	GTCCTCCTGG	TACCTACCTA	AAACAACACT	GTACAGCAAA	GTGGAAGACC	180
GTGTGCGCCC	CTTGCCCTGA	CCACTACTAC	ACAGACAGCT	GGCACACCAG	TGACGAGTGT	240
CTATACTGCA	GCCCCGTGTG	CAAGGAGCTG	CAGTACGTCA	AGCAGGAGTG	CAATCGCACC	300
CACAACCGCG	TGTGCAGATG	TCCAGATGGG	TTCTTCTCAA	ATGAGACGTC	ATCTAAAGCA	360
CCCTGTAGAA	AACACACAAA	TTGCAGTGTC	TTTGGTCTCC	TGCTAACTCA	GAAAGGAAAT	420
GCAACACACG	ACAACATATG	TTCCGGAAAC	AGTGAATCAA	CTCAAAAATG	TGGAATAGAT	480
GTTACCCTGT	GTGAGGAGGC	ATTCTTCAGG	TTTGCTGTTC	CTACAAAGTT	TACGCCTAAC	540
TGGCTTAGTG	TCTTGGTAGA	CAATTTGCCT	GGCACCAAAG	TAAACGCAGA	GAGTGTAGAG	600
AGGATAAAAC	GGCAACACAG	CTCACAAGAA	CAGACTTTCC	AGCTGCTGAA	GTTATGGAAA	660
CATCAAAACA	AAGACCAAGA	TATAGTCAAG	AAGATCATCC	AAGATATTGA	CCTCTGTGAA	720
AACAGCGTGC	AGCGGCACAT	TGGACATGCT	AACCTCACCT	TCGAGCAGCT	TCGTAGCTTG	780
ATGGAAAGCT	TACCGGGAAA	GAAAGTGGGA	GCAGAAGACA	TTGAAAAAAC	AATAAAGGCA	840
TGCAAACCCA	GTGACCAGAT	CCTGAAGCTG	CTCAGTTTGT	GGCGAATAAA	AAATGGCGAC	900
CAAGACACCT	TGAAGGGCCT	AATGCACGCA	CTAAAGCACT	CAAAGACGTA	CCACTTTCCC	960
AAAACTGTCA	CTCAGAGTCT	AAAGAAGACC	ATCAGGTTCC	TTCACAGCTT	CACAATGTAC	1020
AAATTGTATC	AGAAGTTATT	TTTAGAAATG	ATAGGTAACC	AGGTCCAATC	AGTAAAAATA	1080
AGCTGCTTAT	' AA					1092

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:91:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 1080 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: -
- (B) LOCATION: 1..1080

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(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF-DCR4)"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:91:

60	GTGGACCACC	TCTCCATTAA	TTTCTGGACA	CGCGCTCGTG	TGCTGTGCTG	ATGAACAACT
120	TCAGCTGTTG	AAACCTCTCA	TATGACGAAG	GTACCTTCAT	TTCCTCCAAA	CAGGAAACGT
180	GTGGAAGACC	GTACAGCAAA	AAACAACACT	TACCTACCTA	GTCCTCCTGG	TGTGACAAAT
240	TGACGAGTGT	GGCACACCAG	ACAGACAGCT	CCACTACTAC	CTTGCCCTGA	GTGTGCGCCC
300	CAATCGCACC	AGCAGGAGTG	CAGTACGTCA	CAAGGAGCTG	GCCCCGTGTG	CTATACTGCA
360	CTGCTTGAAA	AGATAGAGTT	CGCTACCTTG	CAAGGAAGGG	TGTGCGAATG	CACAACCGCG
420	GCGAAATACA	GAACCCCAGA	GTGCAAGCTG	ATTTGGAGTG	GCCCTCCTGG	CATAGGAGCT
480	TACCCTGTGT	GAATAGATGT	CAAAAATGTG	TGAATCAACT	CCGGAAACAG	GTTTGCAAAT
540	GCTTAGTGTC	CGCCTAACTG	ACAAAGTTTA	TGCTGTTCCT	TCTTCAGGTT	GAGGAGGCAT
600	GATAAAACGG	GTGTAGAGAG	AACGCAGAGA	CACCAAAGTA	ATTTGCCTGG	TTGGTAGACA
660	TCAAAACAAA	TATGGAAACA	CTGCTGAAGT	GACTTTCCAG	CACAAGAACA	CAACACAGCT
720	CAGCGTGCAG	TCTGTGAAAA	GATATTGACC	GATCATCCAA	TAGTCAAGAA	GACCAAGATA
780	GGAAAGCTTA	GTAGCTTGAT	GAGCAGCTTC	CCTCACCTTC	GACATGCTAA	CGGCACATTG
840	CAAACCCAGT	TAAAGGCATG	GAAAAAACAA	AGAAGACATT	AAGTGGGAGC	CCGGGAAAGA
900	AGACACCTTG	ATGGCGACCA	CGAATAAAA	CAGTTTGTGG	TGAAGCTGCT	GACCAGATCC
. 960	AACTGTCACT	ACTTTCCCAA	AAGACGTACC	AAAGCACTCA	TGCACGCACT	AAGGGCCTAA
1020	ATTGTATCAG	CAATGTACAA	CACAGCTTCA	CAGGTTCCTT	AGAAGACCAT	CAGAGTCTAA
1080	CTGCTTATAA	TAAAAATAAG	GTCCAATCAG	AGGTAACCAG	TAGAAATGAT	AAGTTATTT

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:92:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 981 base pairs

 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: -
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..981
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF-DDD1)"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:92:

ATGAACAACT TGCTGTGCTG CGCGCTCGTG TTTCTGGACA TCTCCATTAA GTGGACCACC 60 CAGGAAACGT TTCCTCCAAA GTACCTTCAT TATGACGAAG AAACCTCTCA TCAGCTGTTG 120

TGTGACAAAT	GTCCTCCTGG	TACCTACCTA	AAACAACACT	GTACAGCAAA	GTGGAAGACC	180
GTGTGCGCCC	CTTGCCCTGA	CCACTACTAC	ACAGACAGCT	GGCACACCAG	TGACGAGTGT	240
CTATACTGCA	GCCCCGTGTG	CAAGGAGCTG	CAGTACGTCA	AGCAGGAGTG	CAATCGCACC	300
CACAACCGCG	TGTGCGAATG	CAAGGAAGGG	CGCTACCTTG	AGATAGAGTT	CTGCTTGAAA	360
CATAGGAGCT	GCCCTCCTGG	ATTTGGAGTG	GTGCAAGCTG	GAACCCCAGA	GCGAAATACA	420
GTTTGCAAAA	GATGTCCAGA	TGGGTTCTTC	TCAAATGAGA	CGTCATCTAA	AGCACCCTGT	480
AGAAAACACA	CAAATTGCAG	TGTCTTTGGT	CTCCTGCTAA	CTCAGAAAGG	AAATGCAACA	540
CACGACAACA	TATGTTCCGG	AAACAGTGAA	TCAACTCAAA	AATGTGGAAT	AGATATTGAC	600
CTCTGTGAAA	ACAGCGTGCA	GCGGCACATT	GGACATGCTA	ACCTCACCTT	CGAGCAGCTT	660
CGTAGCTTGA	TGGAAAGCTT	ACCGGGAAAG	AAAGTGGGAG	CAGAAGACAT	TGAAAAAACA	720
ATAAAGGCAT	GCAAACCCAG	TGACCAGATC	CTGAAGCTGC	TCAGTTTGTG	GCGAATAAAA	780
AATGGCGACC	AAGACACCTT	GAAGGGCCTA	ATGCACGCAC	TAAAGCACTC	AAAGACGTAC	840
CACTTTCCCA	AAACTGTCAC	TCAGAGTCTA	AAGAAGACCA	TCAGGTTCCT	TCACAGCTTC	900
ACAATGTACA	AATTGTATCA	GAAGTTATTT	TTAGAAATGA	TAGGTAACCA	GGTCCAATCA	960
GTAAAAATAA	GCTGCTTATA	A				981

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:93:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 984 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid

 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

- (ix) FEATURE:

 - (A) NAME/KEY: -(B) LOCATION: 1..984
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF-DDD2)"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:93:

ATGAACAACT TGCTGTGCTG CGCGCTCGTG TTTCTGGACA TCTCCATTAA GTGGACCACC	60
CAGGAAACGT TTCCTCCAAA GTACCTTCAT TATGACGAAG AAACCTCTCA TCAGCTGTTG	120
TGTGACAAAT GTCCTCCTGG TACCTACCTA AAACAACACT GTACAGCAAA GTGGAAGACC	180
GTGTGCGCCC CTTGCCCTGA CCACTACTAC ACAGACAGCT GGCACACCAG TGACGAGTGT	240
CTATACTGCA GCCCCGTGTG CAAGGAGCTG CAGTACGTCA AGCAGGAGTG CAATCGCACC	300
CACAACCGCG TGTGCGAATG CAAGGAAGGG CGCTACCTTG AGATAGAGTT CTGCTTGAAA	360
CATAGGAGCT GCCCTCCTGG ATTTGGAGTG GTGCAAGCTG GAACCCCAGA GCGAAATACA	420
GTTTGCAAAA GATGTCCAGA TGGGTTCTTC TCAAATGAGA CGTCATCTAA AGCACCCTGT	480
AGAAAACACA CAAATTGCAG TGTCTTTGGT CTCCTGCTAA CTCAGAAAGG AAATGCAACA	540
CACGACAACA TATGTTCCGG AAACAGTGAA TCAACTCAAA AATGTGGAAT AGATGTTACC	600

CTGTGTGAGG	AGGCATTCTT	CAGGTTTGCT	GTTCCTACAA	AGTTTACGCC	TAACTGGCTT	660
AGTGTCTTGG	TAGACAATTT	GCCTGGCACC	AAAGTAAACG	CAGAGAGTGT	AGAGAGGATA	720
AAACGGCAAC	ACAGCTCACA	AGAACAGACT	TTCCAGCTGC	TGAAGTTATG	GAAACATCAA	780
AACAAAGACC	AAGATATAGT	CAAGAAGATC	ATCCAAGACG	CACTAAAGCA	CTCAAAGACG	840
TACCACTTTC	CCAAAACTGT	CACTCAGAGT	CTAAAGAAGA	CCATCAGGTT	CCTTCACAGC	900
TTCACAATGT	ACAAATTGTA	TCAGAAGTTA	TTTTTAGAAA	TGATAGGTAA	CCAGGTCCAA	960
TCAGTAAAAA	TAAGCTGCTT	ATAA				984

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:94:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 1200 base pairs

 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: -
- (B) LOCATION: 1..1200
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF-CL)"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:94:

60	GTGGACCACC	TCTCCATTAA	TTTCTGGACA	CGCGCTCGTG	TGCTGTGCTG	ATGAACAACT
120	TCAGCTGTTG	AAACCTCTCA	TATGACGAAG	GTACCTTCAT	TTCCTCCAAA	CAGGAAACGT
180	GTGGAAGACC	GTACAGCAAA	AAACAACACT	TACCTACCTA	GTCCTCCTGG	TGTGACAAAT
240	TGACGAGTGT	GGCACACCAG	ACAGACAGCT	CCACTACTAC	CTTGCCCTGA	GTGTGCGCCC
300	CAATCGCACC	AGCAGGAGTG	CAGTACGTCA	CAAGGAGCTG	GCCCCGTGTG	CTATACTGCA
360	CTGCTTGAAA	AGATAGAGTT	CGCTACCTTG	CAAGGAAGGG	TGTGCGAATG	CACAACCGCG
420	GCGAAATACA	GAACCCCAGA	GTGCAAGCTG	ATTTGGAGTG	GCCCTCCTGG	CATAGGAGCT
480	AGCACCCTGT	CGTCATCTAA	TCAAATGAGA	TGGGTTCTTC	GATGTCCAGA	.GTTTGCAAAA
540	AAATGCAACA	CTCAGAAAGG	CTCCTGCTAA	TGTCTTTGGT	CAAATTGCAG	AGAAAACACA
600	AGATGTTACC	AATGTGGAAT	TCAACTCAAA	AAACAGTGAA	TATGTTCCGG	CACGACAACA
660	TAACTGGCTT	AGTTTACGCC	GTTCCTACAA	CAGGTTTGCT	AGGCATTCTT	CTGTGTGAGG
720	AGAGAGGATA	CAGAGAGTGT	AAAGTAAACG	GCCTGGCACC	TAGACAATTT	AGTGTCTTGG
780	GAAACATCAA	TGAAGTTATG	TTCCAGCTGC	AGAACAGACT	ACAGCTCACA	AAACGGCAAC
840	TGAAAACAGC	TTGACCTCTG	ATCCAAGATA	CAAGAAGATC	AAGATATAGT	AACAAAGACC
900	CTTGATGGAA	AGCTTCGTAG	ACCTTCGAGC	TGCTÄACCTC	ACATTGGACA	GTGCAGCGGC
960	GGCATGCAAA	AAACAATAAA	GACATTGAAA	GGGAGCAGAA	GAAAGAAAGT	AGCTTACCGG
1020	CGACCAAGAC	TAAAAAATGG	TTGTGGCGAA	GCTGCTCAGT	AGATCCTGAA	CCCAGTGACC

ACCTTGAAGG GCCTAATGCA CGCACTAAAG CACTCAAAGA CGTACCACTT TCCCAAAACT 1080 GTCACTCAGA GTCTAAAGAA GACCATCAGG TTCCTTCACA GCTTCACAAT GTACAAATTG 1140 TATCAGAAGT TATTTTTAGA AATGATAGGT AACCAGGTCC AATCAGTAAA AATAAGCTAA 1200

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:95:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 1056 base pairs

 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid.
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: -
- (B) LOCATION: 1..1056
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF-CC)"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:95:

ATGAACAACT	TGCTGTGCTG	CGCGCTCGTG	TTTCTGGACA	TCTCCATTAA	GTGGACCACC	60
CAGGAAACGT	TTCCTCCAAA	GTACCTTCAT	TATGACGAAG	AAACCTCTCA	TCAGCTGTTG	120
TGTGACAAAT	GTCCTCCTGG	TACCTACCTA	AAACAACACT	GTACAGCAAA	GTGGAAGACC	180
GTGTGCGCCC	CTTGCCCTGA	CCACTACTAC	ACAGACAGCT	GGCACACCAG	TGACGAGTGT	240
CTATACTGCA	GCCCCGTGTG	CAAGGAGCTG	CAGTACGTCA	AGCAGGAGTG	CAATCGCACC	300
CACAACCGCG	TGTGCGAATG	CAAGGAAGGG	CGCTACCTTG	AGATAGAGTT	CTGCTTGAAA	360
CATAGGAGCT	GCCCTCCTGG	ATTTGGAGTG	GTGCAAGCTG	GAACCCCAGA	GCGAAATACA	420
GTTTGCAAAA	GATGTCCAGA	TGGGTTCTTC	TCAAATGAGA	CGTCATCTAA	AGCACCCTGT	480
AGAAAACACA	CAAATTGCAG	TGTCTTTGGT	CTCCTGCTAA	CTCAGAAAGG	AAATGCAACA	540
CACGACAACA	TATGTTCCGG	AAACAGTGAA	TCAACTCAAA	AATGTGGAAT	AGATGTTACC	600
CTGTGTGAGG	AGGCATTCTT	CAGGTTTGCT	GTTCCTACAA	AGTTTACGCC	TAACTGGCTT	660
AGTGTCTTGG	TAGACAATTT	GCCTGGCACC	ÄÄAGTAAACG	CAGAGAGTGT	AGAGAGGATA	720
AAACGGCAAC	ACAGCTCACA	AGAACAGACT	TTCCAGCTGC	TGAAGTTATG	GAAACATCAA	780
AACAAAGACC	AAGATATAGT	CAAGAAGATC	ATCCAAGATA	TTGACCTCTG	TGAAAACAGC	840
GTGCAGCGGC	ACATTGGACA	TGCTAACCTC	ACCTTCGAGC	AGCTTCGTAG	CTTGATGGAA	900
AGCTTACCGG	GAAAGAAAGT	GGGAGCAGAA	GACATTGAAA	AAACAATAAA	GGCATGCAAA	960
CCCAGTGACC	AGATCCTGAA	GCTGCTCAGT	TTGTGGCGAA	TAAAAAATGG	CGACCAAGAC	1020
ACCTTGAAGG	GCCTAATGCA	CGCACTAAAG	CACTGA			1056

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:96:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 819 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single

- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA
- (ix) FEATURE:

 - (A) NAME/KEY: -(B) LOCATION: 1..819
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF-CDD2)"
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:96:

ATGAACAACT	TGCTGTGCTG	CGCGCTCGTG	TTTCTGGACA	TCTCCATTAA	GTGGACCACC	60
CAGGAAACGT	TTCCTCCAAA	GTACCTTCAT	TATGACGAAG	AAACCTCTCA	TCAGCTGTTG	. 120
TGTGACAAAT	GTCCTCCTGG	TACCTACCTA	AAACAACACT	GTACAGCAAA	GTGGAAGACC	180
GTGTGCGCCC	CTTGCCCTGA	CCACTACTAC	ACAGACAGCT	GGCACACCAG	TGACGAGTGT	240
CTATACTGCA	GCCCCGTGTG	CAAGGAGCTG	CAGTACGTCA	AGCAGGAGTG	CAATCGCACC	300
CACAACCGCG	TGTGCGAATG	CAAGGAAGGG	CGCTACCTTG	AGATAGAGTT	CTGCTTGAAA	· 360
CATAGGAGCT	GCCCTCCTGG	ATTTGGAGTG	GTGCAAGCTG	GAACCCCAGA	GCGAAATACA	420
GTTTGCAAAA	GATGTCCAGA	TGGGTTCTTC	TCAAATGAGA	CGTCATCTAA	AGCACCCTGT	480
AGAAAACACA	CAAATTGCAG	TGTCTTTGGT	CTCCTGCTAA	CTCAGAAAGG	AAATGCAACA	540
CACGACAACA	TATGTTCCGG	AAACAGTGAA	TCAACTCAAA	AATGTGGAAT	AGATGTTACC	600
CTGTGTGAGG	AGGCATTCTT	CAGGTTTGCT	GTTCCTACAA	AGTTTACGCC	TAACTGGCTT	660
AGTGTCTTGG	TAGACAATTT	GCCTGGCACC	AAAGTAAACG	CAGAGAGTGT	AGAGAGGATA	720
AAACGGCAAC	ACAGCTCACA	AGAACAGACT	TTCCAGCTGC	TGAAGTTATG	GAAACATCAA	780
AACAAAGACC	AAGATATAGT	CAAGAAGATC	ATCCAATGA			819

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:97:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 594 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: -
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..594
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF-CDD1)"
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:97:
- ATGAACAACT TGCTGTGCTG CGCGCTCGTG TTTCTGGACA TCTCCATTAA GTGGACCACC 60 CAGGAAACGT TTCCTCCAAA GTACCTTCAT TATGACGAAG AAACCTCTCA TCAGCTGTTG 120 TGTGACAAAT GTCCTCCTGG TACCTACCTA AAACAACACT GTACAGCAAA GTGGAAGACC 180 GTGTGCGCCC CTTGCCCTGA CCACTACTAC ACAGACAGCT GGCACACCAG TGACGAGTGT 240

CTATACTGCA	GCCCCGTGTG	CAAGGAGCTG	CAGTACGTCA	AGCAGGAGTG	CAATCGCACC	300
CACAACCGCG	TGTGCGAATG	CAAGGAAGGG	CGCTACCTTG	AGATAGAGTT	CTGCTTGAAA	360
CATAGGAGCT	GCCCTCCTGG	ATTTGGAGTG	GTGCAAGCTG	GAACCCCAGA	GCGAAATACA	420
GTTTGCAAAA	GATGTCCAGA	TGGGTTCTTC	TCAAATGAGA	CGTCATCTAA	AGCACCCTGT	480
AGAAAACACA	CAAATTGCAG	TGTCTTTGGT	CTCCTGCTAA	CTCAGAAAGG	AAATGCAACA	540
CACGACAACA	TATGTTCCGG	AAACAGTGAA	TCAACTCAAA	AATGTGGAAT	ATGA	594

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEO ID NO:98:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 432 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: -
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..432
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF-CCR4)"
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:98:

ATGAACAACT TGCTGTGCTG CGCGCTCGTG TTTCTGGACA TCTCCATTAA GTGGACCACC 60 CAGGAAACGT TTCCTCCAAA GTACCTTCAT TATGACGAAG AAACCTCTCA TCAGCTGTTG 120 TGTGACAAAT GTCCTCCTGG TACCTACCTA AAACAACACT GTACAGCAAA GTGGAAGACC 180 GTGTGCGCCC CTTGCCCTGA CCACTACTAC ACAGACAGCT GGCACACCAG TGACGAGTGT 240 CTATACTGCA GCCCCGTGTG CAAGGAGCTG CAGTACGTCA AGCAGGAGTG CAATCGCACC 300 CACAACCGCG TGTGCGAATG CAAGGAAGGG CGCTACCTTG AGATAGAGTT CTGCTTGAAA 360 CATAGGAGCT GCCCTCCTGG ATTTGGAGTG GTGCAAGCTG GAACCCCAGA GCGAAATACA 420 GTTTGCAAAT GA 432

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:99:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 321 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: -
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..321
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF-CCR3)"
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:99:

ATGAACAACT TGCTGTGCTG CGCGCTCGTG TTTCTGGACA TCTCCATTAA GTGGACCACC

CAGGAAACGT	TTCCTCCAAA	GTACCTTCAT	TATGACGAAG	AAACCTCTCA	TCAGCTGTTG	120
TGTGACAAAT	GTCCTCCTGG	TACCTACCTA	AAACAACACT	GTACAGCAAA	GTGGAAGACC	180
GTGTGCGCCC	CTTGCCCTGA	CCACTACTAC	ACAGACAGCT	GGCACACCAG	TGACGAGTGT	240
CTATACTGCA	GCCCCGTGTG	CAAGGAGCTG	CAGTACGTCA	AGCAGGAGTG	CAATCGCACC	300
CACAACCGCG	TGTGCGAATG	A				321

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:100:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 1182 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: -
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..1182
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF-CBst)"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:100:

ATGAACAACT	TGCTGTGCTG	CGCGCTCGTG	TTTCTGGACA	TCTCCATTAA	GTGGACCACC	60
CAGGAAACGT	TTCCTCCAAA	GTACCTTCAT	TATGACGAAG	AAACCTCTCA	TCAGCTGTTG	120
TGTGACAAAT	GTCCTCCTGG	TACCTACCTA	AAACAACACT	GTACAGCAAA	GTGGAAGACC	180
GTGTGCGCCC	CTTGCCCTGA	CCACTACTAC	ACAGACAGCT	GGCACACCAG	TGACGAGTGT	240
CTATACTGCA	GCCCCGTGTG	CAAGGAGCTG	CAGTACGTCA	AGCAGGAGTG	CAATCGCACC	300
CACAACCGCG	TGTGCGAATG	CAAGGAAGGG	CGCTACCTTG	AGATAGAGTT	CTGCTTGAAA	360
CATAGGAGCT	GCCCTCCTGG	ATTTGGAGTG	GTGCAAGCTG	GAACCCCAGA	GCGAAATACA	420
GTTTGCAAAA	GATGTCCAGA	TGGGTTCTTC	TCAAATGAGA	CGTCATCTAA	AGCACCCTGT	480
AGAAAACACA	CAAATTGCAG	TGTCTTTGGT	CTCCTGCTAA	CTCAGAAAGG	AAATGCAACA	540
CACGACAACA	TATGTTCCGG	AAACAGTGAA	TCAACTCAAA	AATGTGGAAT	AGATGTTACC	600
CTGTGTGAGG	AGGCATTCTT	CAGGTTTGCT	GTTCCTACAA	AGTTTACGCC	TAACTGGCTT	660
AGTGTCTTGG	TAGACAATTT	GCCTGGCACC	AAAGTAAACG	CAGAGAGTGT	AGAGAGGATA	720
AAACGGCAAC	ACAGCTCACA	AGAACAGACT	TTCCAGCTGC	TGAAGTTATG	GAAACATCAA	780
AACAAAGACC	AAGATATAGT	CAAGAAGATC	ATCCAAGATA	TTGACCTCTG	TGAAAACAGC	840
GTGCAGCGGC	ACATTGGACA	TGCTAACCTC	ACCTTCGAGC	AGCTTCGTAG	CTTGATGGAA	900
AGCTTACCGG	GAAAGAAAGT	GGGAGCAGAA	GACATTGAAA	АААСААТААА	GGCATGCAAA	960
CCCAGTGACC	AGATCCTGAA	GCTGCTCAGT	TTGTGGCGAA	TAAAAAATGG	CGACCAAGAC	1020
ACCTTGAAGG	GCCTAATGCA	CGCACTAAAG	CACTCAAAGA	CGTACCACTT	TCCCAAAACT	1080
GTCACTCAGA	GTCTAAAGAA	GACCATCAGG	TTCCTTCACA	GCTTCACAAT	GTACAAATTG	1140
TATCAGAAGT	TATTTTAGA	AATGATAGGT	AACCTAGTCT	AG		1182

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:101:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 966 base pairs

 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: -
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..966
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF-CSph)"

1

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:101:

ATGAACAACT	TGCTGTGCTG	CGCGCTCGTG	TTTCTGGACA	TCTCCATTAA	GTGGACCACC	60
CAGGAAACGT	TTCCTCCAAA	GTACCTTCAT	TATGACGAAG	AAACCTCTCA	TCAGCTGTTG	. 120
TGTGACAAAT	GTCCTCCTGG	TACCTACCTA	AAACAACACT	GTACAGCAAA	GTGGAAGACC	180
GTGTGCGCCC	CTTGCCCTGA	CCACTACTAC	ACAGACAGCT	GGCACACCAG	TGACGAGTGT	240
CTATACTGCA	GCCCCGTGTG	CAAGGAGCTG	CAGTACGTCA	AGCAGGAGTG	CAATCGCACC	300
CACAACCGCG	TGTGCGAATG	CAAGGAAGGG	CGCTACCTTG	AGATAGAGTT	CTGCTTGAAA	360
CATAGGAGCT	GCCCTCCTGG	ATTTGGAGTG	GTGCAAGCTG	GAACCCCAGA	GCGAAATACA	420
GTTTGCAAAA	GATGTCCAGA	TGGGTTCTTC	TCAAATGAGA	CGTCATCTAA	AGCACCCTGT	480
AGAAAACACA	CAAATTGCAG	TGTCTTTGGT	CTCCTGCTAA	CTCAGAAAGG	AAATGCAACA	540
CACGACAACA	TATGTTCCGG	AAACAGTGAA	TCAACTCAAA	AATGTGGAAT	AGATGTTACC	600
CTGTGTGAGG	AGGCATTCTT	CAGGTTTGCT	GTTCCTACAA	AGTTTACGCC	TAACTGGCTT	660
AGTGTCTTGG	TAGACAATTT	GCCTGGCACC	AAAGTAAACG	CAGAGAGTGT	AGAGAGGATA	720
AAACGGCAAC	ACAGCTCACA	AGAACAGACT	TTCCAGCTGC	TGAAGTTATG	GAAACATCAA	780
AACAAAGACC	AAGATATAGT	CAAGAAGATC	ATCCAAGATA	TTGACCTCTG	TGAAAACAGC	840
GTGCAGCGGC	ACATTGGACA	TGCTAACCTC	ACCTTCGAGC	AGCTTCGTAG	CTTGATGGAA	900
AGCTTACCGG	GAAAGAAAGT	GGGAGCAGAA	GACATTGAAA	AAACAATAAA	GGCTAGTCTA	960
GACTAG						966

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:102:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 564 base pairs

 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: -
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..564

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF-CBsp)"

(xi)	SEQ	UENCE I	DESC	RIPTION: S	EQ ID NO:102	2:		
ATGAACAA	ст т	GCTGTG	CTG (CGCGCTCGTG	TTTCTGGACA	TCTCCATTAA	GTGGACCACC	60
CAGGAAAC	GТ Т	TCCTCC	AAA (GTACCTTCAT	TATGACGAAG	AAACCTCTCA	TCAGCTGTTG	120
TGTGACAA	AT G	TCCTCC'	TGG :	TACCTACCTA	AAACAACACT	GTACAGCAAA	GTGGAAGACC	180
GTGTGCGC	CC C	TTGCCC	TGA (CCACTACTAC	ACAGACAGCT	GGCACACCAG	TGACGAGTGT	240
CTATACTG	CA G	CCCCGT	GTG (CAAGGAGCTG	CAGTACGTCA	AGCAGGAGTG	CAATCGCACC	300
CACAACCG	CG T	GTGCGA	ATG (CAAGGAAGGG	CGCTACCTTG	AGATAGAGTT	CTGCTTGAAA	360
CATAGGAG	CT G	CCCTCC	TGG I	ATTTGGAGTG	GTGCAAGCTG	GAACCCCAGA	GCGAAATACA	420
GTTTGCAA	AA G	ATGTCC	AGA '	TGGGTTCTTC	TCAAATGAGA	CGTCATCTAA	AGCACCCTGT	480
AGAAAACA	CA C	AAATTG	CAG '	TGTCTTTGGT	CTCCTGCTAA	CTCAGAAAGG	AAATGCAACA	540

56.4

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:103:

CACGACAACA TATGTTCCGG CTAG

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 255 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: -
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..255
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF-Pst)"
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:103:

ATGAACAACT	TGCTGTGCTG	CGCGCTCGTG	TTTCTGGACA	TCTCCATTAA	GTGGACCACC	60
CAGGAAACGT	TTCCTCCAAA	GTACCTTCAT	TATGACGAAG	AAACCTCTCA	TCAGCTGTTG	120
TGTGACAAAT	GTCCTCCTGG	TACCTACCTA	AAACAACACT	GTACAGCAAA	GTGGAAGACC	180
GTGTGCGCCC	CTTGCCCTGA	CCACTACTAC	ACAGACAGCT	GGCACACCAG	TGACGAGTGT	240
CTATACCTAG	TCTAG					255

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:104:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 1317 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: -
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..1317

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "human OCIF genomic DNA-1"

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig_peptide
 (B) LOCATION: 1173..1202
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "amino acid residues -21 to -12"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:104:

CTGGAGACAT	ATAACTTGAA	CACTTGGCCC	TGATGGGGAA	GCAGCTCTGC	AGGGACTTTT	60
TCAGCCATCT	GTAAACAATT	TCAGTGGCAA	CCCGCGAACT	GTAATCCATG	AATGGGACCA	120
CACTTTACAA	GTCATCAAGT	CTAACTTCTA	GACCAGGGAA	TTAATGGGGG	AGACAGCGAA	180
CCCTAGAGCA	AAGTGCCAAA	CTTCTGTCGA	TAGCTTGAGG	CTAGTGGAAA	GACCTCGAGG	240
AGGCTACTCC	AGAAGTTCAG	CGCGTAGGAA	GCTCCGATAC	CAATAGCCCT	TTGATGATGG	300
TGGGGTTGGT	GAAGGGAACA	GTGCTCCGCA	AGGTTATCCC	TGCCCCAGGC	AGTCCAATTT	360
TCACTCTGCA	GATTCTCTCT	GGCTCTAACT	ACCCCAGATA	ACAAGGAGTG	AATGCAGAAT	420
AGCACGGGCT	TTAGGGCCAA	TCAGACATTA	GTTAGAAAAA	TTCCTACTAC	ATGGTTTATG	480
TAAACTTGAA	GATGAATGAT	TGCGAACTCC	CCGAAAAGGG	CTCAGACAAT	GCCATGCATA	540
AAGAGGGGCC	CTGTAATTTG	AGGTTTCAGA	ACCCGAAGTG	AAGGGGTCAG	GCAGCCGGGT	600
ACGGCGGAAA	CTCACAGCTT	TCGCCCAGCG	AGAGGACAAA	GGTCTGGGAC	ACACTCCAAC	660
TGCGTCCGGA	TCTTGGCTGG	ATCGGACTCT	CAGGGTGGAG	GAGACACAAG	CACAGCAGCT	720
GCCCAGCGTG	TGCCCAGCCC	TCCCACCGCT	GGTCCCGGCT	GCCAGGAGGC	TGGCCGCTGG	780
CGGGAAGGGG	CCGGGAAACC	TCAGAGCCCC	GCGGAGACAG	CAGCCGCCTT	GTTCCTCAGC	840
CCGGTGGCTT	TTTTTTCCCC	TGCTCTCCCA	GGGGACAGAC	ACCACCGCCC	CACCCCTCAC	900
GCCCCACCTC	CCTGGGGGAT	CCTTTCCGCC	CCAGCCCTGA	AAGCGTTAAT	CCTGGAGCTT	960
TCTGCACACC	CCCCGACCGC	TCCCGCCCAA	GCTTCCTAAA	AAAGAAAGGT	GCAAAGTTTG	1020
GTCCAGGATA	GAAAAATGAC	TGATCAAAGG	CAGGCGATAC	TTCCTGTTGC	CGGGACGCTA	1080
TATATAACGT	GATGAGCGCA	CGGGCTGCGG	AGACGCACCG	GAGCGCTCGC	CCAGCCGCCG	1140
CCTCCAAGCC	CCTGAGGTTT	CCGGGGACCA	CAATGAACAA	GTTGCTGTGC	TGCGCGCTCG	1200
TGGTAAGTC	CTGGGCCAGC	CGACGGGTGC	CCGGCGCCTG	GGGAGGCTGC	TGCCACCTGG	1260
TCTCCCAACO	TCCCAGCGGA	CCGGCGGGGA	AAAAGGCTCC	ACTCGCTCCC	TCCCAAG	1317

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:105:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 10190 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: sig_peptide (B) LOCATION: 130..162

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "amino acid residues -11 to -1" (ix) FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: CDS (B) LOCATION: join(130..162, 163..498, 4503..4694, 6715..6939, 8960..9346) (ix) FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: mat_peptide (B) LOCATION: join(163..498, 4503..4694, 6715..6939, 8960..9346) (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:105: GCTTACTTTG TGCCAAATCT CATTAGGCTT AAGGTAATAC AGGACTTTGA GTCAAATGAT 60 ACTGTTGCAC ATAAGAACAA ACCTATTTTC ATGCTAAGAT GATGCCACTG TGTTCCTTTC 120 TCCTTCTAG TTT CTG GAC ATC TCC ATT AAG TGG ACC ACC CAG GAA ACG 168 Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr TTT CCT CCA AAG TAC CTT CAT TAT GAC GAA GAA ACC TCT CAT CAG CTG -216 Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu 10 15 TTG TGT GAC AAA TGT CCT CCT GGT ACC TAC CTA AAA CAA CAC TGT ACA 264 Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro Pro Gly Thr Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr GCA AAG TGG AAG ACC GTG TGC GCC CCT TGC CCT GAC CAC TAC TAC ACA 312 Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr Val Cys Ala Pro Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr GAC AGC TGG CAC ACC AGT GAC GAG TGT CTA TAC TGC AGC CCC GTG TGC 360 Asp Ser Trp His Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys AAG GAG CTG CAG TAC GTC AAG CAG GAG TGC AAT CGC ACC CAC AAC CGC 408 Lys Glu Leu Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg GTG TGC GAA TGC AAG GAA GGG CGC TAC CTT GAG ATA GAG TTC TGC TTG 456 Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu 85 90 95 AAA CAT AGG AGC TGC CCT CCT GGA TTT GGA GTG GTG CAA GCT 498 Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala 100 105 110 GGTACGTGTC AATGTGCAGC AAAATTAATT AGGATCATGC AAAGTCAGAT AGTTGTGACA 558 GTTTAGGAGA ACACTTTTGT TCTGATGACA TTATAGGATA GCAAATTGCA AAGGTAATGA 618 AACCTGCCAG GTAGGTACTA TGTGTCTGGA GTGCTTCCAA AGGACCATTG CTCAGAGGAA. TACTTTGCCA CTACAGGGCA ATTTAATGAC AAATCTCAAA TGCAGCAAAT TATTCTCTCA 738 TGAGATGCAT GATGGTTTTT TTTTTTTTT TTAAAGAAAC AAACTCAAGT TGCACTATTG 798 ATAGTTGATC TATACCTCTA TATTTCACTT CAGCATGGAC ACCTTCAAAC TGCAGCACTT 858 TTTGACAAAC ATCAGAAATG TTAATTTATA CCAAGAGAGT AATTATGCTC ATATTAATGA 918 GACTCTGGAG TGCTAACAAT AAGCAGTTAT AATTAATTAT GTAAAAAATG AGAATGGTGA 978 GGGGAATTGC ATTTCATTAT TAAAAACAAG GCTAGTTCTT CCTTTAGCAT GGGAGCTGAG 1038

T	GTTTGGGAG	GGTAAGGACT	ATAGCAGAAT	CTCTTCAATG	AGCTTATTCT	TTATCTTAGA	1098
C	AAAACAGAT	TGTCAAGCCA	AGAGCAAGCA	CTTGCCTATA	AACCAAGTGC	TTTCTCTTTT	1158
G	CATTTTGAA	CAGCATTGGT	CAGGGCTCAT	GTGTATTGAA	TCTTTTAAAC	CAGTAACCCA	1218
C	GTTTTTTTT	CTGCCACATT	TGCGAAGCTT	CAGTGCAGCC	TATAACTTTT	CATAGCTTGA	1278
G	BAAAATTAAG	AGTATCCACT	TACTTAGATG	GAAGAAGTAA	TCAGTATAGA	TTCTGATGAC	1338
T	CAGTTTGAA	GCAGTGTTTC	TCAACTGAAG	CCCTGCTGAT	ATTTTAAGAA	ATATCTGGAT	1398
7	CCTAGGCTG	GACTCCTTTT	TGTGGGCAGC	TGTCCTGCGC	ATTGTAGAAT	TTTGGCAGCA	1458
C	CCCTGGACT	CTAGCCACTA	GATACCAATA	GCAGTCCTTC	CCCCATGTGA	CAGCCAAAAA	1518
7	GTCTTCAGA	CACTGTCAAA	TGTCGCCAGG	TGGCAAAATC	ACTCCTGGTT	GAGAACAGGG	1578
7	CATCAATGC	TAAGTATCTG	TAACTATTTT	AACTCTCAAA	ACTTGTGATA	TACAAAGTCT	1638
F	AATTATTAG	ACGACCAATA	CTTTAGGTTT	AAAGGCATAC	AAATGAAACA	TTCAAAAATC	1698
7	AAATCTATT	CTGTTTCTCA	AATAGTGAAT	СТТАТААААТ	TAATCACAGA	AGATGCAAAT	1758
7	GCATCAGAG	TCCCTTAAAA	TTCCTCTTCG	TATGAGTATT	TGAGGGAGGA	ATTGGTGATA	1818
C	TTCCTACTT	TCTATTGGAT	GGTACTTTGA	GACTCAAAAG	CTAAGCTAAG	TTGTGTGTGT	1878
C	TCAGGGTGC	GGGGTGTGGA	ATCCCATCAG	ATAAAAGCAA	ATCCATGTAA	TTCATTCAGT	1938
7	AGTTGTATA	TGTAGAAAAA	TGAAAAGTGG	GCTATGCAGC	TTGGAAACTA	GAGAATTTTG	1998
7	\AAAATAATG	GAAATCACAA	GGATCTTTCT	TAAATAAGTA	AGAAAATCTG	TTTGTAGAAT	2058
C	GAAGCAAGCA	GGCAGCCAGA	AGACTCAGAA	CAAAAGTACA	CATTTTACTC	TGTGTACACT	2118
C	GCAGCACAG	TGGGATTTAT	TTACCTCTCC	CTCCCTAAAA	ACCCACACAG	CGGTTCCTCT	2178
7	rgggaaataa	GAGGTTTCCA	GCCCAAAGAG	AAGGAAAGAC	TATGTGGTGT	TACTCTAAAA	2238
7	AGTATTTAAT	AACCGTTTTG	TTGTTGCTGT	TGCTGTTTTG	AAATCAGATT	GTCTCCTCTC	2298
(CATATTTTAT	TTACTTCATT	CTGTTAATTC	CTGTGGAATT	ACTTAGAGCA	AGCATGGTGA	2358
7	ATTCTCAACT	GTAAAGCCAA	ATTTCTCCAT	CATTATAATT	TCACATTTTG	CCTGGCAGGT	2418
7	TTTTTAATTT	ATATTTCCAC	TGATAGTAAT	AAGGTAAAAT	CATTACTTAG	ATGGATAGAT	2478
(CTTTTTCATA	AAAAGTACCA	TCAGTTATAG	AGGGAAGTCA	TGTTCATGTT	CAGGAAGGTC	2538
7	ATTAGATAAA	GCTTCTGAAT	ATATTATGAA	ACATTAGTTC	TGTCATTCTT	AGATTCTTTT	2598
7	TGTTAAATAA	CTTTAAAAGC	TAACTTACCT	AAAAGAAATA	TCTGACACAT	ATGAACTTCT	2658
(CATTAGGATG	CAGGAGAAGA	CCCAAGCCAC	AGATATGTAT	CTGAAGAATG	AACAAGATTC	2718
7	TTAGGCCCGG	CACGGTGGCT	CACATCTGTA	ATCTCAAGAG	TTTGAGAGGT	CAAGGCGGGC	2778
7	AGATCACCTG	AGGTCAGGAG	TTCAAGACCA	GCCTGGCCAA	CATGATGAAA	CCCTGCCTCT	2838
2	СТАААААТА	CAAAAATTAG	CAGGGCATGG	TGGTGCATGC	CTGCAACCCT	AGCTACTCAG	2898
(GAGGCTGAGA	CAGGAGAATC	TCTTGAACCC	TCGAGGCGGA	GGTTGTGGTG	AGCTGAGATC	2958
(CCTCTACTGC	ACTCCAGCCT	GGGTGACAGA	GATGAGACTC	CGTCCCTGCC	GCCGCCCCG	3018
(CCTTCCCCCC	CAAAAAGATT	CTTCTTCATG	CAGAACATAC	GGCAGTCAAC	AAAGGGAGAC	3078

CTGGGTCCAG GTGTCCAAGT CACTTATTTC GAGTAAATTA GCAATGAAAG AATGCCATGG	3138
AATCCCTGCC CAAATACCTC TGCTTATGAT ATTGTAGAAT TTGATATAGA GTTGTATCCC	3198
ATTTAAGGAG TAGGATGTAG TAGGAAAGTA CTAAAAACAA ACACACAAAC AGAAAACCCT	3258
CTTTGCTTTG TAAGGTGGTT CCTAAGATAA TGTCAGTGCA ATGCTGGAAA TAATATTTAA	3318
TATGTGAAGG TTTTAGGCTG TGTTTTCCCC TCCTGTTCTT TTTTTCTGCC AGCCCTTTGT	3378
CATTTTTGCA GGTCAATGAA TCATGTAGAA AGAGACAGGA GATGAAACTA GAACCAGTCC	3438
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GATTTATAAA TGAAGTTTAA TAAGTTTCTG TAGCTTTGAT TTTTCTCTTT CATATTTGTT	3558
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GTTCAACTAG CTTACACTAG ATGGAGATAT TTTCATATTC AGATACACTG GAATGTATGA	3678
TCTAGCCATG CGTAATATAG TCAAGTGTTT GAAGGTATTT ATTTTTAATA GCGTCTTTAG	3738
TTGTGGACTG GTTCAAGTTT TTCTGCCAAT GATTTCTTCA AATTTATCAA ATATTTTTCC	3798
ATCATGAAGT AAAATGCCCT TGCAGTCACC CTTCCTGAAG TTTGAACGAC TCTGCTGTTT	3858
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TACGCTTTTG AGTCAGCGGC CAACTTTATT GCCACCTTCA AAAGTTTATT ATAATGTTGT	3978
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CGA AAT ACA GTT TGC AAA AGA TGT CCA GAT GGG TTC TTC TCA AAT GAG Arg Asn Thr Val Cys Lys Arg Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu 120 125 130	4562
ACG TCA TCT AAA GCA CCC TGT AGA AAA CAC ACA AAT TGC AGT GTC TTT Thr Ser Ser Lys Ala Pro Cys Arg Lys His Thr Asn Cys Ser Val Phe 135 140 145	4610
GGT CTC CTG CTA ACT CAG AAA GGA AAT GCA ACA CAC GAC AAC ATA TGT Gly Leu Leu Thr Gln Lys Gly Asn Ala Thr His Asp Asn Ile Cys 150 155 160	4658
TCC GGA AAC AGT GAA TCA ACT CAA AAA TGT GGA ATA GGTAATTACA Ser Gly Asn Ser Glu Ser Thr Gln Lys Cys Gly Ile 165 170 175	4704
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AAGGCTACTC TCG	ATGCATT ACTGCT	AAG CTACCAC	TCA GAATCTCTCA	AAAACTCATC	4884
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GCTACTCTGG TTG	TGTTAAG CTCTTC	ATTG GGTACAG	GTC ACTAGTATTA	AGTTCAGGTT	5544
ATTCGGATGC ATT	CCACGGT AGTGAT	GACA ATTCATO	AGG CTAGTGTGTG	TGTTCACCTT	5604
GTCACTCCCA CCA	CTAGACT AATCTC	AGAC CTTCACT	CAA AGACACATTA	CACTAAAGAT	5664
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AAATCTTCTG GGT	TTTTCTAA CCTTTC		ACC CTG TGT G		6738

GEC TTG GTA GAC AAT TIG CCT GGC ACC AAA GTA AAC GCA GAG AGT GTA Val Leu Val Asp Asn Leu Pro Gly Thr Lys Val Asn Asn ald Glu Ser Val 205 GAG AGG ATA AAA CGG CAA CAC AGC TCA CAA GAA CAG ACT TTC CAG CTG Glu Arg Ile Lys Arg Gln His Ser Ser Gln Glu Glu Gln Thr Phe Gln Leu 220 CTG AAG TTA TGG AAA CAT CAA AAC AAA GAC CAA GAT ATA GTC AGA AAG Leu Lys Leu Trp Lys His Gln Asn Lys Asp Gln Asp Ile Val Lys Lys 235 ATO ATC CAA GGTAATTACA TTCCAAAATA CGTCTTTGTA CGATTTTGTA ATC ATC GAA GGTAATTACA TTCCAAAATA CGTCTTTGTA CGATTTTGTA ATC ATC CAA GGTAATTACA TTCCAAAATA CGTCTTTGTA CGATTTTGTA TILe Ile Gln 250 GTATCATC TCTCTCTGAG TTGAACACAA GGCCTCCAGC CACATTCTTG GTCAAACTTA 7039 CATTTTCCCT TCTCTTGAATC TTAACCAGCT AAGGCTACTC TCGATGCATT ACTGCTAAAG 7159 TCTCCCACTCA GAATCTCTCA AAAACTCATC TTCTCACAGA TAACACCTCA AAGGCTTAATT TCCACTCAG GAATCTCTCA AAAACTCATC TTCTCACAGA TAACACCTCA AAGGTTTGG 7219 CCACTAGAGAT GAAATTAGGA GAGTCCAAAC TGTAGAATTC ACTGTTAATT 7279 CACGAATGTC TGTATTATTA ACTAAAGTAT ATATTGGCAA CATAGAGACA AAGGTGATATA 7339 AACATGATGA CAAATTAGGA CAGGCATGGT GGCTTACTCC TATAAATCCCA ACATTTTGGG 7399 GGGCCAAGGT AGGCAGATCA CTTGAGGTCA GGATTTCAA ACCAGCCTGA CCAACATGGT 7459 GAAACCTTGT CTCTACTAAA AATACAAAAA TAGCTGGGC ATGGTAGAGG GCACTTCTAG 7519 TACCAGCTAC TCAGGGCTGA GGCAGGAGAA TCGCTTGAAC CCAGGCATGG GCAACATGGT 7459 GAAACCTTGT CTCTACTAAA AATACAAAAA TAGCTGGGC ATGGTAGCA GAGCAAGATT TCATCACAC 7639 TGAGCTGAGA TTGTACCACT GCACTCCAGT CTGGGCAACA GAGCAAGATT TCATCACAC 7639 TGAGCTGAGA TTGTACCACT GCACTCCAGT CTGGGCAACA GAGCAAGATT TCATCACAC 7639 TGAGCTGAGA TTGTACCACT GCACTCCAGT CTGGGCAACA GAGCAAGATT TCATCACACA 7639 TGAGCTGAG ATGTTACCACT GCACTCCAGT TATCGGATCA TTTGGTTTAA GTTCACACA 7639 TGAGCTGAGA TTGTACCACT GCACTCCAGT TATCGATCCA CACCACTGGT ATTCCACGA 7679 TTAAGTGCAT CTATTGCATG GAACTTCCAA GCTACTCTG TTTGTTTTTT TACCAAGCA 7879 GTTAATATGA CAACATATA AGTTCCAAC GTTTCTCTT TTTTTTTTTT	TTC TTC AGG TTT GCT GTT CCT ACA AAG TTT ACG CCT AAC TGG CTT AGT Phe Phe Arg Phe Ala Val Pro Thr Lys Phe Thr Pro Asn Trp Leu Ser 185 190 195 200	6786
CTG AAG TTA TGG AAA CAT CAA AAC AAA GAC CAA GAT ATA GTC AAG AAG Leu Lys Leu Trp Lys His Gln Asn Lys Asp Gln Asp Ile Val Lys Lys 235 ATC ATC CAA GGTAATTACA TTCCAAAATA CGTCTTTGTA CGATTTTGTA ATC ATC CAC GGTAATTACA TTCCAAAATA CGTCTTTGTA CGATTTTGTA ACATTTCCCT TTCTTGAATC TTAACCAGCT AAGGCTACTC TCGATGCATT ACTGCTAAAG CATTTTCCCT TTCTTGAATC TTAACCAGCT AAGGCTACTC TCGATGCATT ACTGCTAAAG CTACCACTCA GAATCTCTCA AAAACTCATC TTCTCACAGA TAACACCTCA AAGCTTGTT TCCTCTCTT TCACACTGAA ATCAAATCTT GCCCATAGGC AAAGGGCAGT GTCAAGTTTG CACGAATGTC TGTATTATTA ACTAAAGTAT ATTATTGGCAA CTAAGAAGCA AAGTGATATA AACATGATGA CAAATTAGGA CAGGCTAGGT GGCTTACTCC TATAATCCCA ACATTTTGGG GGGCCAAGGT AGGCAGATCA CTTGAGGTCA GGATTTCAAG ACCAGCCTGA CCAACATGGT TACCAGCTAC CTCAAGCAAC AATCAAAAAA TTAGCTGGGC ATGGTAGCAG GAACATGGT TACCAGCTAC TCCAGGGCTGA GGCAGGAGAA TCGCTTGAAC CCAAGAAGGA GAGCATCCTAG TACCAGCTAC TCCAGGGCTGA GGCAGGAGAA TCGCTTGAAC CCAAGAAGAT TCATCACACA CACACACACA CACCACACA CACACATTAG AAATGTGTAC TTGGCTTTGT TACCTATTGG ATTAGTGCAT CTATTGCATG GAACTTCCAA GCTACTCTGG TTGTGTTAAG CTCTTCATTGG ATTAGTGCAT CTATTGCATG GAACTTCCAA GCTACTCTGG TTGTGTTAAG CTCTTCATTGG ATTAGTGCAT CTATTGCATG GAACTTCCAA GCTACTCTGG TTGTGTTAAG CTCTTCATTGG ATTAGTGCAT CTATTGCATG GAACTTCCAA GCTACTCTGG TTGTGTTAAG CTCTTCATTG GGTACAGCACACA CACCACACA CACACATTAG AAATGTGTAT TTTTTGTGTTTA ATCAAGCAAT ATTCATCAGG CTAGTGTTG TGTTCACCTT GTCACTCCCA CCACTAGACT AATCTCAGAC ATTCATCAGG CTAGTGTTGT TGTTCACCTT GTCACTCCCA CCACTAGACT AATCTCAGAC CACACACAC AGCACACTA CACCATAAAGAT GATTTTCGTTT TTTTTGTTTA ATCAAGCAAT ATTAATTGATTAA AAAAAAAAA TAAGCAATT AACCTTTCATT GTCTTTTTTTTATTT ATCAAGCAAT TAAAAAAAAAA	Val Leu Val Asp Asn Leu Pro Gly Thr Lys Val Asn Ala Glu Ser Val	6834
Leu Lys Leu Trp Lys His Gln Asn Lys Asp Gln Asp Ile Val Lys Lys 245 ATC ATC CAA GGTAATTACA TTCCAAAATA CGTCTTGTA CGATTTTGTA 1le Ile Gln 250 GTATCATCT TCTCTCTGAG TTGAACACAA GGCCTCCAGC CACATTCTTG GTCAAACTTA 7039 CATTTTCCCT TCTCTGAATC TTAACCAGCT AAGGCTACTC TCGATGCATA ACTGCTAAAG CTACCACTCA GAATCTCTCA AAAACTCATC TTCTCACAGA TAACACCTCA AAGCTTGATT 7159 TCCTCTCTCT TCACACTGAA ATCAAATCTT GCCCATAGGC AAAGGGCAGT GTCAAGTTT 7219 CCACTAGAAT GAAATTAGGA AGGATCCAAAC TGTAGAATC ACGTTGTGT TTATTACTTT 7279 CACGAATGTC TGTATTATTA ACTAAAGTAT ATATTGGCAA CTAAGAAGCA AAGTGATATA 7339 AGGCCAAGGT AGGCAGATCA CTTGAGGTGA GGATTCACC TATAATCCCA ACATTTTGGG 7399 GGGCCAAGGT AGGCAGATCA CTTGAGGTGA GGATTCAAG ACCAGCCTGA CCAACATGGT 7459 GAAACCTTGT CTCTACTAAA AATACAAAAA TTAGCTGGC ATGGTAGCAG GCACTTCTAG 7519 TACCAGCTAC TCAGGGCTGA GGCAGGAGAA TCGCTTGAAC CCAGGAGATG GAGGTTGCAG 7579 TGAGCTGAGA TTGTACCACT GCACTCCAGT CTGGCAACA GAGCAAGATT TCATCACACA 7639 CACCACACACA CACACACAC ACACACTTAG AAATGTGTAC TTGGCTTGTAT TACCTATGGT 7699 ATTAGTGCAT CTATTGCATG GAACTTCCAA GCTACTCTG TTGTGTTAAG CTCTTCATTG 7759 GGTACAGGCA CACACACAC ACACACTTAG AAATTGGTAG ATTCCACACGT AGTGATGACA 7619 ATTCATCAGG CTAGTGTGT TGTTCACCTT GCACTCCCAC CCACAGAGAT TCATCACACA 7639 CTTCACTCAA AGACACATA CACTAAAGAT GATTTCGTTT TTTTGTTTAA ATCAAGCAAT 7619 ATTCATCAGG CTAGTGTGT TGTTCACCTT GTCACTCCCA CCACTAGACT AATCCACAGA 7619 CTTCACTCAA AGACACATTA CACTAAAGAT GATTTCGTTT TTTTGTTTAA ATCAAGCAAT 7639 GGTATAAACC AGCTTGACTC TCCCCAAACA GTTTTTCGTT TTTTTTTTTT	Glu Arg Ile Lys Arg Gln His Ser Ser Gln Glu Gln Thr Phe Gln Leu	6882
GRATCATCTC TCTCTCGAG TTGAACACAA GGCCTCCAGC CACATTCTTG GTCAAACTTA 7039 CATTTTCCCT TTCTTGAATC TTAACCAGCT AAGGCTACTC TCGATGCATT ACTGCTAAAG 7099 CTACCACTCA GAATCTCTCA AAAACTCATC TTCTCACAGA TAACACCTCA AAGCTTGATT 7159 TTCTCTCCTT TCACACTGAA ATCAAATCTT GCCCATAGGC AAAGGGCAGT GTCAAGTTTG 7219 CCACTGAGAT GAAATTAGGA GAGTCCAAAC TGTAGAATTC ACGTTGTGT TTATTACTTT 7279 CACGAATGTC TGTATTATTA ACTAAAGTAT ATATTGGCAA CTAAGAAGCA AAGTGATATA 7339 AACATGATGA CAAATTAGGC CAGGCATGGT GGCTTACTCC TATAATCCCA ACATTTTGGG 7399 GGGCCAAGGT AGGCAGATCA CTTGAGGTCA GGATTTCAAG ACCACCTGA CCAACATGGT 7459 GAAACCTTGT CTCTACTAAA AATACAAAAA TTAGCTGGGC ATGGTAGCAG GCACTTCTAG 7519 TACCAGCTAC TCAGGGCTGA GGCAGGAGAA TCGCTTGAAC CCAGGAGTT GAGGTTGCAG 7579 TGAGCTGAGA TTGTACCACT GCACTCCAGT CTGGGCAACA GAGCAAGATT TCATCACACA 7639 CACACACACA CACACACACA CACACATTAG AAATGTTGAC TTGGCTTTGT TACCTATGGT 7699 ATTAGTGCAT CTATTGCATG GAACTTCCAA GCTACTCTGG TTGTTTAAG CTCTATTGG 7759 GGTACAGGTC ACTAGTATTA AGTTCAGGTT ATTCGGATGC ATTCCACCGGT AGTGATGACA 7819 ATTCATCAGG CTAGTGTTG TGTTCACCTT GTCACTCCCA CCACTAGACT AATCTCAGAC 7879 CTTCACTCAA AGACACATTA CACTAAAGAT GATTTTCGTTT TTTGTGTTTA ATCAAGCAAT 7939 GGTATAAACC AGCTTGATG TATATATAGAG ATTTTCTTT TTTTTGTTTTA ATCAAGCAAT 7939 CAGAGAAATG TGAATTGATA TATATATAGAG ATTTTTTTT	Leu Lys Leu Trp Lys His Gln Asn Lys Asp Gln Asp Ile Val Lys Lys	6930
CATTTTCCCT TTCTTGAATC TTAACCAGCT AAGGCTACTC TCGATGCATT ACTGCTAAAG CTACCACTCA GAATCTCTCA AAAACTCATC TTCTCACAGA TAACACCTCA AAGCTTGATT TTCTCTCCCTT TCACACTGAA ATCAAATCTT GCCCATAGGC AAAGGGCAGT GTCAAGTTTG 7219 CCACTGAGAT GAAATTAGGA GAGTCCAAAC TGTAGAATTC ACGTTGTGT TTATTACTTT 7279 CACGAATGTC TGTATTATTA ACTAAAGTAT ATATTGGCAA CTAAGAAGCA AAGTGAATATA 7339 AACATGATGA CAAATTAGGC CAGGCATGGT GGCTTACTCC TATAATCCCA ACATTTTGGG GGACCAAGGT AGGCAGATCA CTTGAGGTCA GGATTTCAAG ACCAGCCTGA CCAACATGGT TACCAGCTAC TCTCACTAAA AATACAAAAA TTAGCTGGGC ATGGTAGCAG GCACTTCTAG TACCAGCTAC TCAGGGCTGA GGCAGGAGAA TCGCTTGAAC CCAGGAGATG GAGGTTGCAG TGAGCTGAGA TTGTACCACT GCACTCCAGT CTGGGCAACA GAGCAAGATT TCATCACACA CACACACACA CACACACAC CACACATTAG AAATGTGTAC TTGGCTTTGAT TACCTATGGT ATTAGTGCAT CTATTGCATG GAACTTCCAA GCTACTCTGG TTGTGTTAAG CTCTTCATTG GGTACAGGTC ACTAGTATTA AGTTCAGGTT ATTCGGATGC ATTCCACGGT AGTGATGACA ATTCATCAGG CTAGTGTGTG TGTTCACCTT GTCACTCCCA CCACTAGACT AATCTCAGAC CACACACACA CACACACACA GACTCCAACA TATCAGATC ATTCCACGGT AGTGATGACA ATTCATCAGG CTAGTGTTTA AGTTCAGGTT ATTCGGATGC ATTCCACGGT AGTGATGACA 7819 ATTCATCAGG CTAGTGTGTG TGTTCACCTT GTCACTCCCA CCACTAGACT AATCTCAGAC 7879 GGTATAAACC AGCTTGACTC TCCCCAAACA GTTTTTCGTT TTTTGTTTTA ATCAAAGCAAT 7939 GGTATAAACC AGCTTGACTC TCCCCAAACA GTTTTTCGTT TTTTTTTTATACATT TATTTTGAAG AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA	Ile Ile Gln	6979
CTACCACTCA GAATCTCTCA AAAACTCATC TTCTCACAGA TAACACCTCA AAGCTTGATT TTCTCTCCTT TCACACTGAA ATCAAATCTT GCCCATAGGC AAAGGGCAGT GTCAAGTTTG 7219 CCACTGAGAT GAAATTAGGA GAGTCCAAAC TGTAGAATTC ACGTTGTGT TTATTACTTT 7279 CACGAATGTC TGTATTATTA ACTAAAGTAT ATATTGGCAA CTAAGAAGCA AAGTGATATA AACATGATGA CAAATTAGGC CAGGCATGGT GGCTTACTCC TATAATCCCA ACATTTTGGG GGGCCAAGGT AGGCAGATCA CTTGAGGTCA GGATTCAAG ACCAGCCTGA CCAACATGGT TA59 GAAACCTTGT CTCTACTAAA AATACAAAAA TTAGCTGGC ATGGTAGCAG GCACTTCTAG TACCAGCTAC TCAGGGCTGA GGCAGGAGAA TCGCTTGAAC CCAGGAGATG GAGGTTGCAG TAGAGCTGAGA TTGTACCACT GCACTCCAGT CTGGGCAACA GAGCAAGATT TCATCACACA CACACACAC CACACACAC CACACATTAG AAATGTGTAC TTGGCTTTGT TACCTATGGT ATTAGTGCAT CTATTGCATG GAACTTCCAA GCTACTCTGG TTGTGTTAAG CTCTTCATTG GGTACAGGCC ACTAGTATTA AGTTCAGGTT ATTCGGATGC ATTCCACGGT AGTGATGACA ATTCATCAGG CTAGTGTGTG TGTTCACCTT GTCACTCCCA CCACTAGACT AATCTCAGAC ACTACACACA CACACACACA CACACACAC GCACACTCTT TTTGTGTTTA ATCAAGCAAT ATTCATCAGG CTAGTGTGTG TGTTCACCTT GTCACTCCCA CCACTAGACT AATCTCAGAC ACTACACACA AGACACATA CACTAAAGAT GATTTGCTTT TTTGTGTTTA ATCAAGCAAT T939 GTTACAGGC CTAGTGTGTG TGTTCACCTT GTCACTCCCA CCACTAGACT AATCTCAGAC T6799 CTTCACTCAA AGACACATTA CACTAAAGAT GATTTTCGTT TTTTGTGTTTA ATCAAGCAAT T9399 CAGAGAAAAT TGAATTGATA TATATATAGG ATTCTAACCC AGTTCCAGCA TTGTTTCATT TTGTGTTTATTAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA	GTATCATCTC TCTCTCTGAG TTGAACACAA GGCCTCCAGC CACATTCTTG GTCAAACTTA	7039
TTCTCTCCTT TCACACTGAA ATCAAATCTT GCCCATAGGC AAAGGGCAGT GTCAAGTTTG CCACTGAGAT GAAATTAGGA GAGTCCAAAC TGTAGAATTC ACGTTGTGT TTATTACTTT 7279 CACGAATGTC TGTATTATTA ACTAAAGTAT ATATTGGCAA CTAAGAAGCA AAGTGATATA 7339 AACATGATGA CAAATTAGGC CAGGCATGGT GGCTTACTCC TATAATCCCA ACATTTTGGG 7399 GGGCCAAGGT AGGCAGATCA CTTGAGGTCA GGATTTCAAG ACCAGCCTGA CCAACATGGT 7459 GAAACCTTGT CTCTACTAAA AATACAAAAA TTAGCTGGGC ATGGTAGCAG GCACTTCTAG 7519 TACCAGCTAC TCAGGGCTGA GGCAGGAGAA TCGCTTGAAC CCAGGAGATG GAGGTTGCAG 7579 TGAGCTGAGA TTGTACCACT GCACTCCAGT CTGGGCAACA GAGCAAGATT TCATCACACA 7639 ATTAGTGCAT CTATTGCATG GAACTTCCAA GCTACTCTG TTGGCTTTGT TACCTATGGT 7759 GGTACAGGTC ACTAGTATTA AGTTCAGGT ATTCGGATGC ATTCCACGGT AGTGATGACA AGTACAGAGA CACACACACA CACACATTAG AAATGTGTAC TTGGCTTTGT TACCTATTGC 7759 GGTACAGGTC ACTAGTATTA AGTTCAGGTT ATTCGGATGC ATTCCACGGT AGTGATGACA 7819 ATTCATCAGG CTAGTGTGT TGTTCACCTT GTCACTCCCA CCACTAGACT AATCTCAGAC 7879 CTTCACTCAA AGACACATA CACTAAAGAT GATTTTCGTTT TTTGTGTTTA ATCAAGCAAT 7939 GGTATAAACC AGCTTGACTC TCCCCAAACA GTTTTTCGTA CTACAAAGAA GTTTATGAAG 7999 CAGAGAAATG TGAATTGATA TATATATGAG ATTCTAACCC AGTTCCAGCA TTGTTTCATT 8059 GTGTAATTGA AATCATAGAC AAGCCATTTT AGCCTTTGCT TTCTTTATCTA AAAAAAAAAA	CATTTTCCCT TTCTTGAATC TTAACCAGCT AAGGCTACTC TCGATGCATT ACTGCTAAAG	7099
CCACTGAGAT GAAATTAGGA GAGTCCAAAC TGTAGAATTC ACGTTGTGT TTATTACTTT 7279 CACGAATGTC TGTATTATTA ACTAAAGTAT ATATTGGCAA CTAAGAAGCA AAGTGATATA 7339 AACATGATGA CAAATTAGGC CAGGCATGGT GGCTTACTCC TATAATCCCA ACATTTTGGG 7399 GGGCCAAGGT AGGCAGATCA CTTGAGGTCA GGATTTCAAG ACCAGCCTGA CCAACATGGT 7459 GAAACCTTGT CTCTACTAAA AATACAAAAA TTAGCTGGGC ATGGTAGCAG GCACTTCTAG 7519 TACCAGCTAC TCAGGGCTGA GGCAGGAGAA TCGCTTGAAC CCAGGAGATG GAGGTTGCAG 7579 TGAGCTGAGA TTGTACCACT GCACTCCAGT CTGGGCAACA GAGCAAGATT TCATCACACA 7639 CACACACACA CACACACAC CACACATTAG AAATGTGTAC TTGGCTTTGT TACCTATGGT 7699 ATTAGTGCAT CTATTGCATG GAACTTCCAA GCTACTCTGG TTGTGTTAAG CTCTTCATTG 7759 GGTACAGGTC ACTAGTATTA AGTTCAGGTT ATTCGGATGC ATTCCACGGT AGTGATGACA 7819 ATTCATCAGG CTAGTGTGTG TGTTCACCTT GTCACTCCCA CCACTAGACT AATCTCAGAC 7879 CTTCACTCAA AGACACATA CACTAAAGAT GATTTGCTTT TTTGTGTTTA ATCAAGCAAT 7939 GGTATAAACC AGCTTGACTC TCCCCAAACA GTTTTTCGTA CTACAAAGAA GTTTATGAAG 7999 CAGAGAAATG TGAATTGATA TATATATGAG ATTCTAACCC AGTTCCAGCA TTGTTTCATT 8059 GTGTAATTGA AATCATAGAC AAGCCATTT AGCCTTTGCT TTCTTATCTA AAAAAAAAAA	CTACCACTCA GAATCTCTCA AAAACTCATC TTCTCACAGA TAACACCTCA AAGCTTGATT	7159
CACGAATGTC TGTATTATTA ACTAAAGTAT ATATTGGCAA CTAAGAAGCA AAGTGATATA 7339 AACATGATGA CAAATTAGGC CAGGCATGGT GGCTTACTCC TATAATCCCA ACATTTTGGG 7399 GGGCCAAGGT AGGCAGATCA CTTGAGGTCA GGATTTCAAG ACCAGCCTGA CCAACATGGT 7459 GAAACCTTGT CTCTACTAAA AATACAAAAA TTAGCTGGC ATGGTAGCAG GCACTTCTAG TACCAGCTAC TCAGGGCTGA GGCAGGAGAA TCGCTTGAAC CCAGGAGATG GAGGTTGCAG 7579 TGAGCTGAGA TTGTACCACT GCACTCCAGT CTGGGCAACA GAGCAAGATT TCATCACACA 7639 CACACACACA CACACACAC CACACATTAG AAATGTGTAC TTGGCTTTGT TACCTATGGT 7699 ATTAGTGCAT CTATTGCATG GAACTTCCAA GCTACTCTGG TTGTGTTAAG CTCTTCATTG 7759 GGTACAGGTC ACTAGTATTA AGTTCAGGTT ATTCGGATGC ATTCCACGGT AGTGATGACA 7819 ATTCATCAGG CTAGTGTGT TGTCACCCTT GTCACTCCA CCACTAGACT AATCTCAGAC 7879 CTTCACTCAA AGACACATTA CACTAAAGAT GATTTCGTTT TTTTGTGTTTA ATCAAGCAAT 7939 GGTATAAACC AGCTTGACTC TCCCCAAACA GTTTTTCGTA CTACAAAGAA GTTTATGAAG 7999 CAGAGAAATG TGAATTGATA TATATATGAG ATTCTAACCC AGTTCCAGCA TTGTTTCATT 8059 GTGTAATTGA AATCATAGAC AAGCCATTT AGCCTTTGCT TTCTTATCTA AAAAAAAAAA	TTCTCTCCTT TCACACTGAA ATCAAATCTT GCCCATAGGC AAAGGGCAGT GTCAAGTTTG	7219
AACATGATGA CAAATTAGGC CAGGCATGGT GGCTTACTCC TATAATCCCA ACATTTTGGG 7399 GGGCCAAGGT AGGCAGATCA CTTGAGGTCA GGATTTCAAG ACCAGCCTGA CCAACATGGT 7459 GAAACCTTGT CTCTACTAAA AATACAAAAA TTAGCTGGGC ATGGTAGCAG GCACTTCTAG 7519 TACCAGCTAC TCAGGGCTGA GGCAGGAGAA TCGCTTGAAC CCAGGAGATG GAGGTTGCAG 7579 TGAGCTGAGA TTGTACCACT GCACTCCAGT CTGGGCAACA GAGCAAGATT TCATCACACA 7639 CACACACACA CACACACACA CACACATTAG AAATGTGTAC TTGGCTTTGT TACCTATGGT 7699 ATTAGTGCAT CTATTGCATG GAACTTCCAA GCTACTCTGG TTGTGTTAAG CTCTTCATTG 7759 GGTACAGGTC ACTAGTATTA AGTTCAGGTT ATTCGGATGC ATTCCACGGT AGTGATGACA 7819 ATTCATCAGG CTAGTGTGT TGTTCACCTT GTCACTCCCA CCACTAGACT AATCTCAGAC 7879 CTTCACTCAA AGACACATTA CACTAAAGAT GATTTTCGTTT TTTGTGTTTA ATCAAGCAAT 7939 GGTATAAACC AGCTTGACTC TCCCCAAACA GTTTTTCGTA CTACAAAGAA GTTTATGAAG 7999 CAGAGAAATG TGAATTGATA TATATATGAG ATTCTAACCC AGTTCCAGCA TTGTTTCATT 8059 GTGTAATTGA AATCATAGAC AAGCCATTT AGCCTTTGCT TTCTTATCTA AAAAAAAAAA	CCACTGAGAT GAAATTAGGA GAGTCCAAAC TGTAGAATTC ACGTTGTGTG TTATTACTTT	7279
GGGCCAAGGT AGGCAGATCA CTTGAGGTCA GGATTTCAAG ACCAGCCTGA CCAACATGGT 7459 GAAACCTTGT CTCTACTAAA AATACAAAAA TTAGCTGGGC ATGGTAGCAG GCACTTCTAG 7519 TACCAGCTAC TCAGGGCTGA GGCAGGAGAA TCGCTTGAAC CCAGGAGATG GAGGTTGCAG 7579 TGAGCTGAGA TTGTACCACT GCACTCCAGT CTGGGCAACA GAGCAAGATT TCATCACACA 7639 CACACACACA CACACACAC CACACATTAG AAATGTGTAC TTGGCTTTGT TACCTATGGT 7699 ATTAGTGCAT CTATTGCATG GAACTTCCAA GCTACTCTGG TTGTGTTAAG CTCTTCATTG 7759 GGTACAGGTC ACTAGTATTA AGTTCAGGTT ATTCGGATGC ATTCCACGGT AGTGATGACA 7819 ATTCATCAGG CTAGTGTGT TGTTCACCTT GTCACTCCCA CCACTAGACT AATCTCAGAC 7879 CTTCACTCAA AGACACATTA CACTAAAGAT GATTTGCTTT TTTGTGTTTA ATCAAGCAAT 7939 GGTATAAACC AGCTTGACTC TCCCCAAACA GTTTTTCGTA CTACAAAGAA GTTTATGAAG 7999 CAGAGAAATG TGAATTGATA TATATATGAG ATTCTAACCC AGTTCCAGCA TTGTTTCATT 8059 GTGTAATTGA AATCATAGAC AAGCCATTTT AGCCTTTGCT TTCTTATCTA AAAAAAAAAA	CACGAATGTC TGTATTATTA ACTAAAGTAT ATATTGGCAA CTAAGAAGCA AAGTGATATA	7339
GAAACCTTGT CTCTACTAAA AATACAAAAA TTAGCTGGGC ATGGTAGCAG GCACTTCTAG 7519 TACCAGCTAC TCAGGGCTGA GGCAGGAGAA TCGCTTGAAC CCAGGAGATG GAGGTTGCAG 7579 TGAGCTGAGA TTGTACCACT GCACTCCAGT CTGGGCAACA GAGCAAGATT TCATCACACA 7639 CACACACACA CACACACAC CACACATTAG AAATGTGTAC TTGGCTTTGT TACCTATGGT 7699 ATTAGTGCAT CTATTGCATG GAACTTCCAA GCTACTCTGG TTGTGTTAAG CTCTTCATTG 7759 GGTACAGGTC ACTAGTATTA AGTTCAGGTT ATTCGGATGC ATTCCACGGT AGTGATGACA 7819 ATTCATCAGG CTAGTGTGTG TGTTCACCTT GTCACTCCCA CCACTAGACT AATCTCAGAC 7879 CTTCACTCAA AGACACTTA CACTAAAGAT GATTTGCTTT TTTGTGTTTA ATCAAGCAAT 7939 GGTATAAACC AGCTTGACTC TCCCCAAACA GTTTTTCGTA CTACAAAGAA GTTTATGAAG 7999 CAGAGAAATG TGAATTGATA TATATATGAG ATTCTAACCC AGTTCCAGCA TTGTTTCATT 8059 GTGTAATTGA AATCATAGAC AAGCCATTT AGCCTTTGCT TTCTTATCTA AAAAAAAAAA	AACATGATGA CAAATTAGGC CAGGCATGGT GGCTTACTCC TATAATCCCA ACATTTTGGG	7399
TACCAGCTAC TCAGGGCTGA GGCAGGAGAA TCGCTTGAAC CCAGGAGATG GAGGTTGCAG 7579 TGAGCTGAGA TTGTACCACT GCACTCCAGT CTGGGCAACA GAGCAAGATT TCATCACACA 7639 CACACACACA CACACACAC CACACATTAG AAATGTGTAC TTGGCTTTGT TACCTATGGT 7699 ATTAGTGCAT CTATTGCATG GAACTTCCAA GCTACTCTGG TTGTGTTAAG CTCTTCATTG 7759 GGTACAGGTC ACTAGTATTA AGTTCAGGTT ATTCGGATGC ATTCCACGGT AGTGATGACA 7819 ATTCATCAGG CTAGTGTGT TGTTCACCTT GTCACTCCA CCACTAGACT AATCTCAGAC 7879 CTTCACTCAA AGACACATTA CACTAAAGAT GATTTTCGTAT TTTGTGTTTA ATCAAGCAAT 7939 GGTATAAACC AGCTTGACTC TCCCCAAACA GTTTTTCGTA CTACAAAGAA GTTTATGAAG 7999 CAGAGAAATG TGAATTGATA TATATATGAG ATTCTAACCC AGTTCCAGCA TTGTTTCATT 8059 GTGTAATTGA AATCATAGAC AAGCCATTTT AGCCTTTGCT TTCTTATCTA AAAAAAAAAA	GGGCCAAGGT AGGCAGATCA CTTGAGGTCA GGATTTCAAG ACCAGCCTGA CCAACATGGT	7459
TGAGCTGAGA TTGTACCACT GCACTCCAGT CTGGGCAACA GAGCAAGATT TCATCACACA 7639 CACACACACA CACACACAC CACACATTAG AAATGTGTAC TTGGCTTTGT TACCTATGGT 7699 ATTAGTGCAT CTATTGCATG GAACTTCCAA GCTACTCTGG TTGTGTTAAG CTCTTCATTG 7759 GGTACAGGTC ACTAGTATTA AGTTCAGGTT ATTCGGATGC ATTCCACGGT AGTGATGACA 7819 ATTCATCAGG CTAGTGTGT TGTTCACCTT GTCACTCCA CCACTAGACT AATCTCAGAC 7879 CTTCACTCAA AGACACATTA CACTAAAGAT GATTTGCTTT TTTGTGTTTA ATCAAGCAAT 7939 GGTATAAACC AGCTTGACTC TCCCCAAACA GTTTTTCGTA CTACAAAGAA GTTTATGAAG 7999 CAGAGAAATG TGAATTGATA TATATATGAG ATTCTAACCC AGTTCCAGCA TTGTTTCATT 8059 GTGTAATTGA AATCATAGAC AAGCCATTT AGCCTTTGCT TTCTTATCTA AAAAAAAAAA	GAAACCTTGT CTCTACTAAA AATACAAAAA TTAGCTGGGC ATGGTAGCAG GCACTTCTAG	7519
CACACACAC CACACACAC CACACATTAG AAATGTGTAC TTGGCTTTGT TACCTATGGT 7699 ATTAGTGCAT CTATTGCATG GAACTTCCAA GCTACTCTGG TTGTGTTAAG CTCTTCATTG 7759 GGTACAGGTC ACTAGTATTA AGTTCAGGTT ATTCGGATGC ATTCCACGGT AGTGATGACA 7819 ATTCATCAGG CTAGTGTGT TGTTCACCTT GTCACTCCA CCACTAGACT AATCTCAGAC 7879 CTTCACTCAA AGACACATTA CACTAAAGAT GATTTCGTAT TTTGTGTTTA ATCAAGCAAT 7939 GGTATAAACC AGCTTGACTC TCCCCAAACA GTTTTTCGTA CTACAAAGAA GTTTATGAAG 7999 CAGAGAAATG TGAATTGATA TATATATGAG ATTCTAACCC AGTTCCAGCA TTGTTTCATT 8059 GTGTAATTGA AATCATAGAC AAGCCATTT AGCCTTTGCT TTCTTATCTA AAAAAAAAAA	TACCAGCTAC TCAGGGCTGA GGCAGGAGAA TCGCTTGAAC CCAGGAGATG GAGGTTGCAG	7579
ATTAGTGCAT CTATTGCATG GAACTTCCAA GCTACTCTGG TTGTGTTAAG CTCTTCATTG 7759 GGTACAGGTC ACTAGTATTA AGTTCAGGTT ATTCGGATGC ATTCCACGGT AGTGATGACA 7819 ATTCATCAGG CTAGTGTGTG TGTTCACCTT GTCACTCCCA CCACTAGACT AATCTCAGAC 7879 CTTCACTCAA AGACACATTA CACTAAAGAT GATTTGCTTT TTTGTGTTTA ATCAAGCAAT 7939 GGTATAAACC AGCTTGACTC TCCCCAAACA GTTTTTCGTA CTACAAAGAA GTTTATGAAG 7999 CAGAGAAATG TGAATTGATA TATATATGAG ATTCTAACCC AGTTCCAGCA TTGTTTCATT 8059 GTGTAATTGA AATCATAGAC AAGCCATTTT AGCCTTTGCT TTCTTATCTA AAAAAAAAAA	TGAGCTGAGA TTGTACCACT GCACTCCAGT CTGGGCAACA GAGCAAGATT TCATCACACA	7639
GGTACAGGTC ACTAGTATTA AGTTCAGGTT ATTCGGATGC ATTCCACGGT AGTGATGACA ATTCATCAGG CTAGTGTGTG TGTTCACCTT GTCACTCCCA CCACTAGACT AATCTCAGAC CTTCACTCAA AGACACATTA CACTAAAGAT GATTTGCTTT TTTGTGTTTA ATCAAGCAAT GGTATAAACC AGCTTGACTC TCCCCAAACA GTTTTTCGTA CTACAAAGAA GTTTATGAAG CAGAGAAATG TGAATTGATA TATATATGAG ATTCTAACCC AGTTCCAGCA TTGTTTCATT GTGTAATTGA AATCATAGAC AAGCCATTTT AGCCTTTGCT TTCTTATCTA AAAAAAAAAA	CACACACA CACACACA CACACATTAG AAATGTGTAC TTGGCTTTGT TACCTATGGT	7699
ATTCATCAGG CTAGTGTGT TGTTCACCTT GTCACTCCA CCACTAGACT AATCTCAGAC 7879 CTTCACTCAA AGACACATTA CACTAAAGAT GATTTGCTTT TTTGTGTTTA ATCAAGCAAT 7939 GGTATAAACC AGCTTGACTC TCCCCAAACA GTTTTTCGTA CTACAAAGAA GTTTATGAAG 7999 CAGAGAAATG TGAATTGATA TATATATGAG ATTCTAACCC AGTTCCAGCA TTGTTTCATT 8059 GTGTAATTGA AATCATAGAC AAGCCATTTT AGCCTTTGCT TTCTTATCTA AAAAAAAAAA	ATTAGTGCAT CTATTGCATG GAACTTCCAA GCTACTCTGG TTGTGTTAAG CTCTTCATTG	7759
CTTCACTCAA AGACACATTA CACTAAAGAT GATTTGCTTT TTTGTGTTTA ATCAAGCAAT 7939 GGTATAAACC AGCTTGACTC TCCCCAAACA GTTTTTCGTA CTACAAAGAA GTTTATGAAG 7999 CAGAGAAATG TGAATTGATA TATATATGAG ATTCTAACCC AGTTCCAGCA TTGTTTCATT 8059 GTGTAATTGA AATCATAGAC AAGCCATTTT AGCCTTTGCT TTCTTATCTA AAAAAAAAAA	GGTACAGGTC ACTAGTATTA AGTTCAGGTT ATTCGGATGC ATTCCACGGT AGTGATGACA	7819 ·
GGTATAAACC AGCTTGACTC TCCCCAAACA GTTTTTCGTA CTACAAAGAA GTTTATGAAG 7999 CAGAGAAATG TGAATTGATA TATATATGAG ATTCTAACCC AGTTCCAGCA TTGTTTCATT 8059 GTGTAATTGA AATCATAGAC AAGCCATTTT AGCCTTTGCT TTCTTATCTA AAAAAAAAAA	ATTCATCAGG CTAGTGTGT TGTTCACCTT GTCACTCCCA CCACTAGACT AATCTCAGAC	7879
CAGAGAAATG TGAATTGATA TATATATGAG ATTCTAACCC AGTTCCAGCA TTGTTTCATT 8059 GTGTAATTGA AATCATAGAC AAGCCATTTT AGCCTTTGCT TTCTTATCTA AAAAAAAAAA	CTTCACTCAA AGACACATTA CACTAAAGAT GATTTGCTTT TTTGTGTTTA ATCAAGCAAT	7939
GTGTAATTGA AATCATAGAC AAGCCATTT AGCCTTTGCT TTCTTATCTA AAAAAAAAA 8119 AAAAAAAATG AAGGAAGGGG TATTAAAAGG AGTGATCAAA TTTTAACATT CTCTTTAATT 8179 AATTCATTTT TAATTTTACT TTTTTCATT TATTGTGCAC TTACTATGTG GTACTGTGCT 8239 ATAGAGGCTT TAACATTTAT AAAAACACTG TGAAAGTTGC TTCAGATGAA TATAGGTAGT 8299 AGAACGGCAG AACTAGTATT CAAAGCCAGG TCTGATGAAT CCAAAAACAA ACACCCATTA 8359	GGTATAAACC AGCTTGACTC TCCCCAAACA GTTTTTCGTA CTACAAAGAA GTTTATGAAG	7999
AAAAAAATG AAGGAAGGGG TATTAAAAGG AGTGATCAAA TTTTAACATT CTCTTTAATT AATTCATTTT TAATTTTACT TTTTTCATT TATTGTGCAC TTACTATGTG GTACTGTGCT ATAGAGGCTT TAACATTTAT AAAAACACTG TGAAAGTTGC TTCAGATGAA TATAGGTAGT AGAACGGCAG AACTAGTATT CAAAGCCAGG TCTGATGAAT CCAAAAACAA ACACCCATTA 8359	CAGAGAAATG TGAATTGATA TATATATGAG ATTCTAACCC AGTTCCAGCA TTGTTTCATT	8059
AATTCATTT TAATTTACT TTTTTCATT TATTGTGCAC TTACTATGTG GTACTGTGCT 8239 ATAGAGGCTT TAACATTTAT AAAAACACTG TGAAAGTTGC TTCAGATGAA TATAGGTAGT 8299 AGAACGGCAG AACTAGTATT CAAAGCCAGG TCTGATGAAT CCAAAAACAA ACACCCATTA 8359	GTGTAATTGA AATCATAGAC AAGCCATTTT AGCCTTTGCT TTCTTATCTA AAAAAAAAA	8119
ATAGAGGCTT TAACATTTAT AAAAACACTG TGAAAGTTGC TTCAGATGAA TATAGGTAGT 8299 AGAACGGCAG AACTAGTATT CAAAGCCAGG TCTGATGAAT CCAAAAACAA ACACCCATTA 8359	AAAAAAAATG AAGGAAGGGG TATTAAAAGG AGTGATCAAA TTTTAACATT CTCTTTAATT	8179
AGAACGGCAG AACTAGTATT CAAAGCCAGG TCTGATGAAT CCAAAAACAA ACACCCATTA 8359	AATTCATTTT TAATTTTACT TTTTTCATT TATTGTGCAC TTACTATGTG GTACTGTGCT	8239
	ATAGAGGCTT TAACATTTAT AAAAACACTG TGAAAGTTGC TTCAGATGAA TATAGGTAGT	8299
CTCCCATTTT CTGGGACATA CTTACTCTAC CCAGATGCTC TGGGCTTTGT AATGCCTATG 8419	AGAACGGCAG AACTAGTATT CAAAGCCAGG TCTGATGAAT CCAAAAACAA ACACCCATTA	8359
	CTCCCATTTT CTGGGACATA CTTACTCTAC CCAGATGCTC TGGGCTTTGT AATGCCTATG	8419

TAAATAACAT AGTTTTATGT TTGGTTATTT TCCTATGTAA TGTCTACTTA TATATCTGTA	8479
TCTATCTCTT GCTTTGTTTC CAAAGGTAAA CTATGTGTCT AAATGTGGGC AAAAAATAAC	8539
ACACTATTCC AAATTACTGT TCAAATTCCT TTAAGTCAGT GATAATTATT TGTTTTGACA	8599
TTAATCATGA AGTTCCCTGT GGGTACTAGG TAAACCTTTA ATAGAATGTT AATGTTTGTA	8659
TTCATTATAA GAATTTTTGG CTGTTACTTA TTTACAACAA TATTTCACTC TAATTAGACA	8719
TTTACTAAAC TTTCTCTTGA AAACAATGCC CAAAAAAGAA CATTAGAAGA CACGTAAGCT	8779
CAGTTGGTCT CTGCCACTAA GACCAGCCAA CAGAAGCTTG ATTTTATTCA AACTTTGCAT	8839
TTTAGCATAT TTTATCTTGG AAAATTCAAT TGTGTTGGTT TTTTGTTTTT GTTTGTATTG	8899
AATAGACTCT CAGAAATCCA ATTGTTGAGT AAATCTTCTG GGTTTTCTAA CCTTTCTTA	8959
GAT ATT GAC CTC TGT GAA AAC AGC GTG CAG CGG CAC ATT GGA CAT GCT Asp Ile Asp Leu Cys Glu Asn Ser Val Gln Arg His Ile Gly His Ala 255 260	9007
AAC CTC ACC TTC GAG CAG CTT CGT AGC TTG ATG GAA AGC TTA CCG GGA Asn Leu Thr Phe Glu Gln Leu Arg Ser Leu Met Glu Ser Leu Pro Gly 270 275 280	9055
AAG AAA GTG GGA GCA GAA GAC ATT GAA AAA ACA ATA AAG GCA TGC AAA Lys Lys Val Gly Ala Glu Asp Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Lys Ala Cys Lys 285 290 295	9103
CCC AGT GAC CAG ATC CTG AAG CTG CTC AGT TTG TGG CGA ATA AAA AAT Pro Ser Asp Gln Ile Leu Lys Leu Leu Ser Leu Trp Arg Ile Lys Asn 300 305 315	9151
GGC GAC CAA GAC ACC TTG AAG GGC CTA ATG CAC GCA CTA AAG CAC TCA Gly Asp Gln Asp Thr Leu Lys Gly Leu Met His Ala Leu Lys His Ser 320 325 330	9199
AAG ACG TAC CAC TTT CCC AAA ACT GTC ACT CAG AGT CTA AAG AAG ACC Lys Thr Tyr His Phe Pro Lys Thr Val Thr Gln Ser Leu Lys Lys Thr 335 340 345	9247
ATC AGG TTC CTT CAC AGC TTC ACA ATG TAC AAA TTG TAT CAG AAG TTA Ile Arg Phe Leu His Ser Phe Thr Met Tyr Lys Leu Tyr Gln Lys Leu 350 360	9295
TTT TTA GAA ATG ATA GGT AAC CAG GTC CAA TCA GTA AAA ATA AGC TGC Phe Leu Glu Met Ile Gly Asn Gln Val Gln Ser Val Lys Ile Ser Cys 365 370 375	9343
TTA TAACTGGAAA TGGCCATTGA GCTGTTTCCT CACAATTGGC GAGATCCCAT Leu 380	9396
GGATGAGTAA ACTGTTTCTC AGGCACTTGA GGCTTTCAGT GATATCTTTC TCATTACCAG	9456
TGACTAATTT TGCCACAGGG TACTAAAAGA AACTATGATG TGGAGAAAGG ACTAACATCT	9516
CCTCCAATAA ACCCCAAATG GTTAATCCAA CTGTCAGATC TGGATCGTTA TCTACTGACT	9576
ATATTTCCC TTATTACTGC TTGCAGTAAT TCAACTGGAA ATTAAAAAAA AAAAACTAGA	9636
CTCCACTGGG CCTTACTAAA TATGGGAATG TCTAACTTAA ATAGCTTTGG GATTCCAGCT	9696
ATGCTAGAGG CTTTTATTAG AAAGCCATAT TTTTTTCTGT AAAAGTTACT AATATATCTG	9756
TAACACTATT ACAGTATTGC TATTTATATT CATTCAGATA TAAGATTTGG ACATATTATC	9816

ATCCTATAAA	GAAACGGTAT	GACTTAATTT	TAGAAAGAAA	ATTATATTCT	GTTTATTATG	9876
ACAAATGAAA	GAGAAAATAT	ATATTTTTAA	TGGAAAGTTT	GTAGCATTTT	TCTAATAGGT	9936
ACTGCCATAT	TTTTCTGTGT	GGAGTATTTT	TATAATTTA	TCTGTATAAG	CTGTAATATC	9996
ATTTTATAGA	AAATGCATTA	TTTAGTCAAT	TGTTTAATGT	TGGAAAACAT	ATGAAATATA	10056
AATTATCTGA	ATATTAGATG	CTCTGAGAAA	TTGAATGTAC	CTTATTTAAA	AGATTTTATG	10116
GTTTTATAAC	TATATAAATG	ACATTATTAA	AGTTTTCAAA	TTATTTTTA	TTGCTTTCTC	10176
TGTTGCTTTT	ATTT					10190

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:106:

185

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 391 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:106:

Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro -11 -10 Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp 10 Lys Cys Pro Pro Gly Thr Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr Val Cys Ala Pro Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp S'er Trp His Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Leu Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr Pro Glu Arg 105 110 Asn Thr Val Cys Lys Arg Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu Thr 125 Ser Ser Lys Ala Pro Cys Arg Lys His Thr Asn Cys Ser Val Phe Gly Leu Leu Leu Thr Gln Lys Gly Asn Ala Thr His Asp Asn Ile Cys Ser 155 160 Gly Asn Ser Glu Ser Thr Gln Lys Cys Gly Ile Asp Val Thr Leu Cys Glu Glu Ala Phe Phe Arg Phe Ala Val Pro Thr Lys Phe Thr Pro Asn

Trp Leu Ser Val Leu Val Asp Asn Leu Pro Gly Thr Lys Val Asn Ala 205

210

 Glu Ser Val Glu Arg
 Ile Lys Arg Gln His Ser Ser Gln Glu Gln Thr 215

 Phe Gln Leu Leu Lys Leu Trp Lys His Gln Asn Lys Asp Gln Asp Ile 230
 235

Val Lys Lys Ile Ile Gln Asp Ile Asp Leu Cys Glu Asn Ser Val Gln 250 255 260

Arg His Ile Gly His Ala Asn Leu Thr Phe Glu Gln Leu Arg Ser Leu 265 270 275

Met Glu Ser Leu Pro Gly Lys Lys Val Gly Ala Glu Asp Ile Glu Lys 280 285 290

Thr Ile Lys Ala Cys Lys Pro Ser Asp Gln Ile Leu Lys Leu Leu Ser 295 300 305

Leu Trp Arg Ile Lys Asn Gly Asp Gln Asp Thr Leu Lys Gly Leu Met 310 325 320 325

His Ala Leu Lys His Ser Lys Thr Tyr His Phe Pro Lys Thr Val Thr 330 335 340

Gln Ser Leu Lys Lys Thr Ile Arg Phe Leu His Ser Phe Thr Met Tyr 345 350 355

Lys Leu Tyr Gln Lys Leu Phe Leu Glu Met Ile Gly Asn Gln Val Gln 360 365 370

Ser Val Lys Ile Ser Cys Leu 375 380

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:107:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: -
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..20
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer 2F)"
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:107:

CARGARCARA CNTTYCARYT

20

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:108:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 21 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: -
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..21
 - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer 3R)"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:108:

YTTRTACATN GTRAANSWRT G

21